



The EU Framework Programme
for Research and Innovation

HORIZON 2020



Mono-beneficiary model grant agreement for the SME instrument Phase 2 (SME-Ph2)

Version 1.0
11 December 2013

Disclaimer

This document is aimed at assisting applicants for Horizon 2020 funding. It shows the full range of provisions that may be applied to this type of grant agreement, and is provided for information purposes only. The legally binding grant agreement will be that which is signed by the parties for each action.

*Research and
Innovation*



[EUROPEAN COMMISSION/Executive Agency]

DG

Directorate

Unit

MONO-BENEFICIARY GENERAL MODEL GRANT AGREEMENT FOR SME INSTRUMENT PHASE 2¹

Introductory remark for publication on the Participant Portal only

The Model Grant Agreement for SME instrument Ph2 deviates from the General Model Grant Agreement in the following Articles:

- Article 5.2 (SME instrument Phase 2 specific provisions on reimbursement rate)
- Article 13 (SME instrument Phase 2 specific provisions on subcontracting)
- Article 26.3 (Ownership of results, rights of third parties)

- Footnotes **in yellow** will appear in the text generated by the IT system for signature (since they contain definitions or references to legal documents). The other footnotes will not stay in the text (since they are internal instructions only).
- Text in **grey** indicates that text which figures in the Multi-beneficiary General MGA is not applicable.
- For options [*in italics, in square brackets*]: the applicable option must be chosen in the IT system. Options not chosen will automatically either not appear or appear as 'not applicable'. Options chosen will appear *in italics* without brackets and without the Option title (to allow beneficiaries to easily spot that a specific rule applies).
- For fields in [**grey in square brackets**] (even if they are part of an option as specified in the previous item): enter the appropriate data in the IT system.
- The IT system will generate a data sheet confirming the options chosen and the data entered.
- Information on formatting:
styles
 - CHAPTER style 'Chapter'
 - SECTION style 'Section'
 - SUBSECTION style 'Subsection'
 - ARTICLE 1 style 'Article'
 - ARTICLE 9 style 'Article grey'
 - 4.1 Estimated budget style 'Subarticle'
 - 26.2 Joint ownership style 'Subarticle grey'

¹ SME instrument Phase 2 grants fund innovation projects (such as demonstration, testing, prototyping, pilot lines, scale-up studies, miniaturisation, design, performance verification and market replication).

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

Text (without list) style 'Normal'
Table of Content levels style 'TOC 1', 'TOC 2', 'TOC 3', 'TOC 4', 'TOC 5'
Footnotes: Paragraph - special (hanging 0,5) ('Times New Roman', '10 pt')

attention: Text with a list must be formatted manually ('Times New Roman', '12 pt', 'Justified', no space before or after paragraph, line spacing Single)
Not applicable Articles and Subarticles must be formatted as 'Article grey' and 'Subarticle grey' in order not to appear in the Table of Contents

GRANT AGREEMENT

NUMBER [insert number] — [insert acronym]

This Agreement ('the Agreement') is between the following parties:

on the one part,

[OPTION 1: the European Union ('the EU', represented by the European Commission ('the Commission'))²,]

[OPTION 2: the European Atomic Energy Community ('Euratom'), represented by the European Commission ('the Commission'),]

[OPTION 3: the [Research Executive Agency (REA)] [European Research Council Executive Agency (ERCEA)] [Innovation and Networks Executive Agency (INEA)] [Executive Agency for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises (EASME)] ('the Agency'), under the powers delegated by the European Commission ('the Commission'),]

represented for the purposes of signature of this Agreement by [[function, [Directorate-General, Directorate, Unit] [Department]], [forename and surname],³

and

on the other part,

'the beneficiary':

[[full official name (short name)][legal form], [official registration No], established in [official address in full], [VAT number], represented for the purposes of signing the Agreement by [function, forename and surname]]

[OPTION if the JRC is the beneficiary: the Joint Research Centre (JRC) established in [official address in full], if it signs the administrative arrangement (see Annex 3b)].

The parties referred to above have agreed to enter into the Agreement under the terms and conditions below.

² Text in *italics* shows the options of the Model Grant Agreement that are applicable to this Agreement.

³ The person representing the [Commission][Agency] must be an authorising officer (by delegation or sub-delegation) designated in accordance with document 60008 of 22.2.2001 'Mise en place de la Charte des ordonnateurs'.

By signing [*OPTION by default: the Agreement*] [*OPTION if the JRC is the beneficiary: the administrative arrangement*], the beneficiary accepts the grant and agrees to implement the action under its responsibility and in accordance with the Agreement, with all the obligations and conditions it sets out.

The Agreement is composed of:

Terms and Conditions

- Annex 1 Description of the action
- Annex 2 Estimated budget for the action
- Annex 3 Not applicable
- Annex 3a Declaration on joint and several liability of linked third parties
- Annex 4 Model financial statements
- Annex 5 Model for the certificate on the financial statements
- Annex 6 Model for the certificate on the methodology

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CHAPTER 1 GENERAL
..... 9

ARTICLE 1 — SUBJECT OF THE AGREEMENT.....10

CHAPTER 2 ACTION
..... 10

ARTICLE 2 — ACTION TO BE IMPLEMENTED [*— COMPLEMENTARY GRANT*] [*— JOINTLY FUNDED ACTION*]10

ARTICLE 3 — DURATION AND STARTING DATE OF THE ACTION10

ARTICLE 4 — ESTIMATED BUDGET AND BUDGET TRANSFERS10

4.1 Estimated budget10

4.2 Budget transfers.....10

CHAPTER 3 GRANT
..... 11

ARTICLE 5 — GRANT AMOUNT, FORM OF GRANT, REIMBURSEMENT RATES AND FORMS OF COSTS.....11

5.1 Maximum grant amount11

5.2 Form of grant, reimbursement rates and forms of costs11

- 5.3 Final grant amount — Calculation12
- 5.4 Revised final grant amount — Calculation14
- ARTICLE 6 — ELIGIBLE AND INELIGIBLE COSTS.....14
 - 6.1 General conditions for costs to be eligible14
 - 6.2 Specific conditions for costs to be eligible15
 - 6.3 Conditions for costs of linked third parties to be eligible.....23
 - 6.4 Conditions for in-kind contributions provided by third parties free of charge to be eligible..23
 - 6.5 Ineligible costs.....23
 - 6.6 Consequences of declaration of ineligible costs24
- CHAPTER 4 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE PARTIES 24**
 - SECTION 1 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO IMPLEMENTING THE ACTION24**
 - ARTICLE 7 — GENERAL OBLIGATION TO PROPERLY IMPLEMENT THE ACTION24
 - 7.1 General obligation to properly implement the action24
 - 7.2 Consequences of non-compliance24
 - ARTICLE 8 — RESOURCES TO IMPLEMENT THE ACTION.....25
 - ARTICLE 9 — IMPLEMENTATION OF ACTION TASKS BY BENEFICIARIES NOT RECEIVING EU FUNDING25
 - ARTICLE 10 — PURCHASE OF GOODS, WORKS OR SERVICES.....25
 - 10.1 Rules for purchasing goods, works or services.....25
 - 10.2 Consequences of non-compliance26
 - ARTICLE 11 — USE OF IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS PROVIDED BY THIRD PARTIES AGAINST PAYMENT26
 - 11.1 Rules for the use of in-kind contributions against payment26
 - 11.2 Consequences of non-compliance27
 - ARTICLE 12 — USE OF IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS PROVIDED BY THIRD PARTIES FREE OF CHARGE.....27
 - 12.1 Rules for the use of in-kind contributions free of charge27
 - 12.2 Consequences of non-compliance27
 - ARTICLE 13 — IMPLEMENTATION OF ACTION TASKS BY SUBCONTRACTORS27
 - 13.1 Rules for subcontracting action tasks27
 - 13.2 Consequences of non-compliance29
 - ARTICLE 14 — IMPLEMENTATION OF ACTION TASKS BY LINKED THIRD PARTIES30
 - 14.1 Rules for calling upon linked third parties to implement part of the action30
 - 14.2 Consequences of non-compliance31
 - ARTICLE 15 — FINANCIAL SUPPORT TO THIRD PARTIES31
 - 15.1 Rules for providing financial support to third parties.....31
 - 15.2 Financial support in the form of prizes.....31
 - 15.3 Consequences of non-compliance32
 - ARTICLE 16 — PROVISION OF TRANS-NATIONAL OR VIRTUAL ACCESS TO RESEARCH INFRASTRUCTURE32
 - 16.1 Rules for providing trans-national access to research infrastructure32
 - 16.2 Rules for providing virtual access to research infrastructure.....34
 - 16.3 Consequences of non-compliance35

SECTION 2 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO THE GRANT ADMINISTRATION.35

| | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| ARTICLE 17 — GENERAL OBLIGATION TO INFORM..... | 35 |
| 17.1 Obligation to provide information upon request..... | 35 |
| 17.2 Obligation to keep information up to date and to inform about events and circumstances likely to affect the Agreement..... | 35 |
| 17.3 Consequences of non-compliance | 36 |
| ARTICLE 18 — KEEPING RECORDS — SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION..... | 36 |
| 18.1 Obligation to keep records and other supporting documentation | 36 |
| 18.2 Consequences of non-compliance | 38 |
| ARTICLE 19 — SUBMISSION OF DELIVERABLES..... | 38 |
| 19.1 Obligation to submit deliverables..... | 38 |
| 19.2 Consequences of non-compliance | 38 |
| ARTICLE 20 — REPORTING — PAYMENT REQUESTS | 38 |
| 20.1 General obligation to submit reports | 38 |
| 20.2 Reporting periods | 38 |
| 20.3 Periodic reports — Requests for interim payments | 39 |
| 20.4 Final report — Request for payment of the balance..... | 40 |
| 20.5 Information on cumulative expenditure incurred | 41 |
| 20.6 Currency for financial statements and conversion into euro | 41 |
| 20.7 Language of reports..... | 42 |
| 20.8 Consequences of non-compliance — Suspension of the payment deadline — Termination | 42 |
| ARTICLE 21 — PAYMENTS AND PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS..... | 42 |
| 21.1 Payments to be made | 42 |
| 21.2 Pre-financing payment — Amount — Amount retained for the Guarantee Fund | 42 |
| 21.3 Interim payments — Amount — Calculation..... | 43 |
| 21.4 Payment of the balance — Amount — Calculation — Release of the amount retained for the Guarantee Fund..... | 43 |
| 21.5 Notification of amounts due | 44 |
| 21.6 Currency for payments | 45 |
| 21.7 Payments to the beneficiary..... | 45 |
| 21.8 Bank account for payments | 45 |
| 21.9 Costs of payment transfers | 45 |
| 21.10 Date of payment | 45 |
| 21.11 Consequences of non-compliance | 45 |
| ARTICLE 22 — CHECKS, REVIEWS, AUDITS AND INVESTIGATIONS — EXTENSION OF FINDINGS..... | 46 |
| 22.1 Checks, reviews and audits by the Commission [<i>and the Agency</i>] | 46 |
| 22.2 Investigations by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF)..... | 48 |
| 22.3 Checks and audits by the European Court of Auditors (ECA)..... | 48 |
| 22.4 Checks, reviews, audits and investigations for international organisations..... | 49 |
| 22.5 Consequences of findings in checks, reviews, audits and investigations —Extension of findings | 49 |
| 22.6 Consequences of non-compliance | 51 |

| | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| ARTICLE 23 — EVALUATION OF THE IMPACT OF THE ACTION | 51 |
| 23.1 Right to evaluate the impact of the action | 51 |
| 23.2 Consequences of non-compliance | 51 |
| SECTION 3 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO BACKGROUND AND RESULTS.... | 52 |
| SUBSECTION 1 GENERAL..... | 52 |
| ARTICLE 23a — MANAGEMENT OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY | 52 |
| 23a.1 Obligation to take measures to implement the Commission Recommendation on the management of intellectual property in knowledge transfer activities | 52 |
| 23a.2 Consequences of non-compliance | 52 |
| SUBSECTION 2 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO BACKGROUND | 52 |
| ARTICLE 24 — AGREEMENT ON BACKGROUND | 52 |
| ARTICLE 25 — ACCESS RIGHTS TO BACKGROUND | 52 |
| 25.1 Exercise of access rights — Waiving of access rights — No sub-licensing..... | 52 |
| 25.2 Access rights for other beneficiaries, for implementing their own tasks under the action | 53 |
| 25.3 Access rights for other beneficiaries, for exploiting their own results | 53 |
| 25.4 Access rights for affiliated entities | 53 |
| 25.5 Access rights for third parties | 53 |
| 25.6 Consequences of non-compliance | 53 |
| SUBSECTION 3 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO RESULTS | 53 |
| ARTICLE 26 — OWNERSHIP OF RESULTS | 53 |
| 26.1 Ownership by the beneficiary that generates the results..... | 53 |
| 26.2 Joint ownership by several beneficiaries | 54 |
| 26.3 Rights of third parties (including personnel) | 54 |
| 26.4 [EU][Euratom][Agency] ownership, to protect results | 54 |
| 26.5 Consequences of non-compliance | 55 |
| ARTICLE 27 — PROTECTION OF RESULTS — VISIBILITY OF EU FUNDING..... | 55 |
| 27.1 General obligation to protect the results..... | 55 |
| 27.2 [EU][Euratom][Agency] ownership, to protect the results..... | 56 |
| 27.3 Information on EU funding | 56 |
| 27.4 Consequences of non-compliance | 56 |
| ARTICLE 28 — EXPLOITATION OF RESULTS | 56 |
| 28.1 General obligation to exploit the results..... | 56 |
| 28.2 Results that could contribute to European or international standards — Information on EU funding | 57 |
| 28.3 Consequences of non-compliance | 57 |
| ARTICLE 29 — DISSEMINATION OF RESULTS — OPEN ACCESS — VISIBILITY OF EU FUNDING | 57 |
| 29.1 General obligation to disseminate results | 57 |
| 29.2 Open access to scientific publications | 58 |
| 29.3 Open access to research data | 58 |
| 29.4 Information on EU funding — Obligation and right to use the EU emblem..... | 59 |
| 29.5 Disclaimer excluding [Commission][Agency] responsibility..... | 60 |

| | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| 29.6 | Consequences of non-compliance | 60 |
| ARTICLE 30 — TRANSFER AND LICENSING OF RESULTS..... | | 60 |
| 30.1 | Transfer of ownership..... | 60 |
| 30.2 | Granting licences | 60 |
| 30.3 | [Commission][Agency] right to object to transfers or licensing..... | 60 |
| 30.4 | Consequences of non-compliance | 62 |
| ARTICLE 31 — ACCESS RIGHTS TO RESULTS..... | | 62 |
| 31.1 | Exercise of access rights — Waiving of access rights — No sub-licensing..... | 62 |
| 31.2 | Access rights for other beneficiaries, for implementing their own tasks under the action | 62 |
| 31.3 | Access rights for other beneficiaries, for exploiting their own results | 63 |
| 31.4 | Access rights of affiliated entities..... | 63 |
| 31.5 | Access rights for the EU institutions, bodies, offices or agencies and EU Member States | 63 |
| 31.6 | Access rights for third parties | 64 |
| 31.7 | Consequences of non-compliance | 65 |
| SECTION 4 OTHER RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS | | 65 |
| ARTICLE 32 — RECRUITMENT AND WORKING CONDITIONS FOR RESEARCHERS..... | | 65 |
| 32.1 | Obligation to take measures to implement the European Charter for Researchers and Code of Conduct for the Recruitment of Researchers | 65 |
| 32.2 | Consequences of non-compliance | 65 |
| ARTICLE 33 — GENDER EQUALITY | | 65 |
| 33.1 | Obligation to aim for gender equality..... | 65 |
| 33.2 | Consequences of non-compliance | 65 |
| ARTICLE 34 — ETHICS..... | | 66 |
| 34.1 | General obligation to comply with ethical principles..... | 66 |
| 34.2 | Activities raising ethical issues..... | 66 |
| 34.3 | Activities involving human embryos or human embryonic stem cells..... | 67 |
| 34.4 | Consequences of non-compliance | 67 |
| ARTICLE 35 — CONFLICT OF INTERESTS | | 67 |
| 35.1 | Obligation to avoid a conflict of interests..... | 67 |
| 35.2 | Consequences of non-compliance | 67 |
| ARTICLE 36 — CONFIDENTIALITY | | 68 |
| 36.1 | General obligation to maintain confidentiality | 68 |
| 36.2 | Consequences of non-compliance | 69 |
| ARTICLE 37 — SECURITY-RELATED OBLIGATIONS | | 69 |
| 37.1 | Activities raising security issues..... | 69 |
| 37.2 | Classified deliverables..... | 69 |
| 37.3 | Activities involving dual-use goods or dangerous materials and substances | 69 |
| 37.4 | Consequences of non-compliance | 70 |
| ARTICLE 38 — PROMOTING THE ACTION — VISIBILITY OF EU FUNDING | | 70 |
| 38.1 | Communication activities by the beneficiary | 70 |
| 38.2 | Communication activities by the [Commission][Agency]..... | 71 |
| 38.3 | Consequences of non-compliance | 72 |

ARTICLE 39 — PROCESSING OF PERSONAL DATA.....72

 39.1 Processing of personal data by the [Commission][Agency]72

 39.2 Processing of personal data by the beneficiary.....73

 39.3 Consequences of non-compliance73

ARTICLE 40 — ASSIGNMENTS OF CLAIMS FOR PAYMENT AGAINST THE [COMMISSION][AGENCY].....73

CHAPTER 5 DIVISION OF THE BENEFICIARY’S ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES [— RELATIONSHIP WITH COMPLEMENTARY BENEFICIARIES] [— RELATIONSHIP WITH PARTNERS OF A JOINT ACTION].. 73

ARTICLE 41 — DIVISION OF THE BENEFICIARY’S ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES [— RELATIONSHIP WITH COMPLEMENTARY BENEFICIARIES] [— RELATIONSHIP WITH PARTNERS OF A JOINT ACTION]73

 41.1 Role and responsibility towards the [Commission][Agency]73

 41.2 Internal division of roles and responsibilities74

 41.3 Internal arrangements between beneficiaries — Consortium agreement74

 41.4 Relationship with complementary beneficiaries — Collaboration agreement74

 41.5 Relationship with partners of a joint action — Coordination agreement75

CHAPTER 6 REJECTION OF COSTS — REDUCTION OF THE GRANT — RECOVERY — PENALTIES — DAMAGES — SUSPENSION — TERMINATION — FORCE MAJEURE 75

SECTION 1 REJECTION OF COSTS — REDUCTION OF THE GRANT — RECOVERY — PENALTIES.....75

ARTICLE 42 — REJECTION OF INELIGIBLE COSTS75

 42.1 Conditions75

 42.2 Ineligible costs to be rejected — Calculation — Procedure75

 42.3 Effects.....76

ARTICLE 43 — REDUCTION OF THE GRANT76

 43.1 Conditions76

 43.2 Amount to be reduced — Calculation — Procedure76

 43.3 Effects.....77

ARTICLE 44 — RECOVERY OF UNDUE AMOUNTS.....77

 44.1 Amount to be recovered — Calculation — Procedure77

ARTICLE 45 — ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL PENALTIES.....80

 45.1 Conditions80

 45.2 Duration — Amount of penalty — Calculation.....80

 45.3 Procedure.....80

SECTION 2 LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES.....81

ARTICLE 46 — LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES.....81

 46.1 Liability of the [Commission][Agency].....81

 46.2 Liability of the beneficiary81

SECTION 3 SUSPENSION AND TERMINATION82

ARTICLE 47 — SUSPENSION OF PAYMENT DEADLINE82

 47.1 Conditions83

47.2 Procedure.....83

ARTICLE 48 — SUSPENSION OF PAYMENTS83

48.1 Conditions83

48.2 Procedure.....83

ARTICLE 49 — SUSPENSION OF THE ACTION IMPLEMENTATION84

49.1 Suspension of the action implementation, by the beneficiary84

49.2 Suspension of the action implementation, by the [Commission][Agency].....85

ARTICLE 50 — TERMINATION OF THE AGREEMENT86

50.1 Termination of the Agreement, by the beneficiary86

50.2 Termination of participation for one or more beneficiaries, by the beneficiaries.....87

50.3 Termination of the Agreement, by the [Commission][Agency]87

SECTION 4 FORCE MAJEURE.....89

ARTICLE 51 — FORCE MAJEURE.....89

51.1 Force majeure89

CHAPTER 7 FINAL PROVISIONS 90

ARTICLE 52 — COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE PARTIES90

52.1 Form and means of communication90

52.2 Date of communication90

52.3 Addresses for communication91

ARTICLE 53 — INTERPRETATION OF THE AGREEMENT.....91

53.1 Precedence of the Terms and Conditions over the Annexes.....91

53.2 Privileges and immunities92

ARTICLE 54 — CALCULATION OF PERIODS, DATES AND DEADLINES92

ARTICLE 55 — AMENDMENTS TO THE AGREEMENT92

55.1 Conditions92

55.2 Procedure.....92

ARTICLE 56 — ACCESSION TO THE AGREEMENT93

ARTICLE 57 — APPLICABLE LAW AND SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES.....93

57.1 Applicable law.....93

57.2 Dispute settlement93

ARTICLE 58 — ENTRY INTO FORCE OF THE AGREEMENT94

CHAPTER 1 GENERAL

ARTICLE 1 — SUBJECT OF THE AGREEMENT

This Agreement sets out the rights and obligations and the terms and conditions applicable to the grant awarded to the beneficiary for implementing the action set out in Chapter 2.

CHAPTER 2 ACTION

ARTICLE 2 — ACTION TO BE IMPLEMENTED [— COMPLEMENTARY GRANT] [— JOINTLY FUNDED ACTION]

The grant is awarded for the action entitled [insert title of the action] — [insert acronym] ('action'), as described in Annex 1.

[OPTION for complementary grants if foreseen in the work programme: The grant is a 'complementary grant' to [the grant agreement(s) under the call(s) for proposals [call identifier(s): H2020 — theme —]] [the following complementary grant agreement(s) No(s):

- [insert number] [insert acronym]
- [insert number] [insert acronym]].]

[OPTION for joint actions (joint call with a third country or an international organisation): The action is a 'jointly funded action' which must be coordinated with the 'joint action' called [insert the name of the third country or international organisation action], as described in Annex 1.]

ARTICLE 3 — DURATION AND STARTING DATE OF THE ACTION

The duration of the action will be [insert number] months as of [OPTION by default: the first day of the month following the date the Agreement enters into force (see Article 58)] [OPTION if needed for the action: insert date]⁴ ('starting date of the action').

ARTICLE 4 — ESTIMATED BUDGET AND BUDGET TRANSFERS

4.1 Estimated budget

The 'estimated budget' for the action is set out in Annex 2.

It contains the estimated eligible costs and the forms of costs, broken down [for the beneficiary (and linked third party) and] by budget category (see Articles 5, 6 [and 14]).

4.2 Budget transfers

The estimated budget breakdown indicated in Annex 2 may be adjusted by transfers of amounts between budget categories. This does not require an amendment according to Article 55, if the action is implemented as described in Annex 1.

The beneficiary may not however:

⁴ This date must always be the first day of a month and it must be later than the date of entry into force of the agreement unless authorised otherwise by the authorising officer, if the applicant can demonstrate the need to start the action before the entry into force of the grant agreement. In any case, the starting date should not be earlier than the date of the submission of the grant application (Article 130 FR).

- *[OPTION if lump sum foreseen in Article 5.2: adjust amounts set out as lump sums in Annex 2;]*
- add costs relating to subcontracts not provided for in Annex 1, unless such additional subcontracts are approved in accordance with Article 13.

CHAPTER 3 GRANT

ARTICLE 5 — GRANT AMOUNT, FORM OF GRANT, REIMBURSEMENT RATES AND FORMS OF COSTS

5.1 Maximum grant amount

The ‘**maximum grant amount**’ is EUR [insert amount (insert amount in words)].

5.2 Form of grant, reimbursement rates and forms of costs

The grant reimburses **70%** of the action’s eligible costs (see Article 6) (**‘reimbursement of eligible costs grant’**) (see Annex 2).

The estimated eligible costs of the action are EUR [insert amount (insert amount in words)].

Eligible costs (see Article 6) must be declared under the following forms (**‘forms of costs’**):

- (a) for **direct personnel costs** [(excluding personnel costs for the activities in Point (f))] ⁵:
 - as actually incurred costs (**‘actual costs’**) or
 - on the basis of an amount per unit calculated by the beneficiary in accordance with its usual cost accounting practices (**‘unit costs’**).

Personnel **costs for SME owners or beneficiaries that are natural persons** not receiving a salary (see Article 6.2, Points A.4 and A.5) must be declared on the basis of the amount per unit set out in Annex 2 (**unit costs**);
- (b) for **direct costs of subcontracting** [(excluding subcontracting costs for the activities in Point (f))] ⁶: as actually incurred costs (**actual costs**);
- (c) *[OPTION to be used if Article 15 applies: for direct costs of providing financial support to third parties [(excluding costs of financial support given under the activities in Point (f))] ⁷: as actually incurred costs (**actual costs**);][OPTION: not applicable;]*
- (d) for **other direct costs** [(excluding other direct costs for the activities in Point (f))]: as actually incurred costs (**actual costs**);

⁵ To be used only if option in Point (f) is used.

⁶ To be used only if option in Point (f) is used.

⁷ To be used only if option in Point (f) is used.

- (e) for **indirect costs** [(excluding indirect costs for the activities in Point (f))]⁸: on the basis of a flat-rate of 25% of the eligible direct costs, from which are excluded the costs set out in Article 6, Point E (**‘flat-rate costs’**);[.]

[f) [OPTION for specific categories of costs if unit costs foreseen by Commission decision: for costs of [insert cost category or activity]⁹:

- on the basis of the amount(s) per unit set out in Annex 2 (**unit costs**) [or]
- [as actually incurred costs (**actual costs**)]¹⁰[or
- as a combination of the two].]

*[OPTION for specific categories of costs if lump sum costs foreseen by Commission decision: for costs of [insert cost category or activity]: as the lump sum set out in Annex 2 (**‘lump sum costs’**).]]*

5.3 Final grant amount — Calculation

The **‘final grant amount’** depends on the actual extent to which the action is implemented in accordance with the Agreement’s terms and conditions.

This amount is calculated by the [Commission][Agency] — when the payment of the balance is made (see Article 21.4) — in the following steps:

- Step 1 – Application of the reimbursement rates to the eligible costs
- Step 2 – Limit to the maximum grant amount
- Step 3 – Reduction due to the no-profit rule
- Step 4 – Reduction due to improper implementation or breach of other obligations

5.3.1 Step 1 — Application of the reimbursement rates to the eligible costs

The reimbursement rate(s) (see Article 5.2) are applied to the eligible costs (actual costs, unit costs and flat-rate costs [and lump sum costs]; see Article 6) declared by the beneficiary [and linked third parties] (see Article 20) and approved by the [Commission][Agency] (see Article 21).

5.3.2 Step 2 — Limit to the maximum grant amount

⁸ To be used only if option in Point (f) is used.

⁹ Insert precise name of the costs as in the Commission decision authorising the use of the unit cost or lump-sum. For example: costs of ‘providing transnational access to research infrastructures’; costs of ‘clinical studies’; costs of ‘energy efficiency measures in buildings’.

¹⁰ To be used only if the Commission decision authorising the use of the unit cost allows that the beneficiary chooses between actual or unit cost.

If the amount obtained following Step 1 is higher than the maximum grant amount set out in Article 5.1, it will be limited to the latter.

5.3.3 Step 3 — Reduction due to the no-profit rule

The grant must not produce a profit.

‘Profit’ means the surplus of the amount obtained following Steps 1 and 2 plus the action’s total receipts, over the action’s total eligible costs.

The **‘action’s total eligible costs’** are the consolidated total eligible costs approved by the [Commission][Agency].

The **‘action’s total receipts’** are the consolidated total receipts generated during its duration (see Article 3).

The following are considered **receipts**:

- (a) income generated by the action; if the income is generated from selling equipment or other assets purchased under the Agreement, the receipt is up to the amount declared as eligible under the Agreement;
- (b) financial contributions given by third parties to the beneficiary *[or to a linked third party]* specifically to be used for the action, and
- (c) in-kind contributions provided by third parties free of charge and specifically to be used for the action, if they have been declared as eligible costs.

The following are however not considered receipts:

- (a) income generated by exploiting the action’s results (see Article 28);
- (b) financial contributions by third parties, if they may be used to cover costs other than the eligible costs (see Article 6);
- (c) financial contributions by third parties with no obligation to repay any amount unused at the end of the period set out in Article 3.

If there is a profit, it will be deducted from the amount obtained following Steps 1 and 2.

5.3.4 Step 4 — Reduction due to improper implementation or breach of other obligations — Reduced grant amount — Calculation

If the grant is reduced (see Article 43), the [Commission][Agency] will calculate the reduced grant amount by deducting the amount of the reduction (calculated in proportion to the improper implementation of the action or to the seriousness of the breach of obligations in accordance with Article 43.2) from the maximum grant amount set out in Article 5.1.

The final grant amount will be the lower of the following two:

- the amount obtained following Steps 1 to 3 or
- the reduced grant amount following Step 4.

5.4 Revised final grant amount — Calculation

If — after the payment of the balance (in particular, after checks, reviews, audits or investigations; see Article 22) — the *[Commission][Agency]* rejects costs (see Article 42) or reduces the grant (see Article 43), it will calculate the ‘**revised final grant amount**’.

This amount is calculated by the *[Commission][Agency]* on the basis of the findings, as follows:

- in case of **rejection of costs**: by applying the reimbursement rate to the revised eligible costs approved by the *[Commission][Agency]*;
- in case of **reduction of the grant**: in proportion to its improper implementation of the action or to the seriousness of its breach of obligations (see Article 43.2).

In case of **rejection of costs and reduction of the grant**, the revised final grant amount will be the lower of the two amounts above.

ARTICLE 6 — ELIGIBLE AND INELIGIBLE COSTS

6.1 General conditions for costs to be eligible

‘**Eligible costs**’ are costs that meet the following criteria:

(a) for **actual costs**:

- (i) they must be actually incurred by the beneficiary;
- (ii) they must be incurred in the period set out in Article 3, with the exception of costs relating to the submission of the periodic report for the last reporting period and the final report (see Article 20);
- (iii) they must be indicated in the estimated budget set out in Annex 2;
- (iv) they must be incurred in connection with the action as described in Annex 1 and necessary for its implementation;
- (v) they must be identifiable and verifiable, in particular recorded in the beneficiary’s accounts in accordance with the accounting standards applicable in the country where the beneficiary is established and with the beneficiary’s usual cost accounting practices;
- (vi) they must comply with the applicable national law on taxes, labour and social security, and

- (vii) they must be reasonable, justified and must comply with the principle of sound financial management, in particular regarding economy and efficiency.
- (b) for **unit costs**:
- (i) they must be calculated as follows:
- { amounts per unit set out in Annex 2 or calculated by the beneficiary in accordance with its usual cost accounting practices (see Article 6.2, Point A)
- multiplied by
- the number of actual units};
- (ii) the number of actual units must comply with the following conditions:
- the units must be actually used or produced in the period set out in Article 3;
 - the units must be necessary for implementing the action or produced by it, and
 - the number of units must be identifiable and verifiable, in particular supported by records and documentation (see Article 18).
- (c) for **flat-rate costs**:
- (i) they must be calculated by applying the flat-rate set out in Annex 2, and
- (ii) the costs (actual costs or unit costs [*or lump-sum costs*]) to which the flat-rate is applied must comply with the conditions for eligibility set out in this Article.
- (d) [**OPTION if lump sum foreseen in Article 5.2: for lump sum costs**]:
- (i) *the eligible amount is equal to the amount set out in Annex 2, and*
- (ii) *the corresponding tasks or parts of the action must have been properly implemented in accordance with Annex 1.]*

6.2 Specific conditions for costs to be eligible

Costs are eligible if they comply with the general conditions (see above) and the specific conditions set out below for each of the following budget categories:

- A. direct personnel costs;
- B. direct costs of subcontracting;
- C. [**OPTION to be used if Article 15 applies: direct costs of providing financial support to third parties;**] [**OPTION: not applicable;**]
- D. other direct costs;
- E. indirect costs;

F. [*OPTION for specific categories of costs if unit costs foreseen by Commission decision: costs of [insert cost category or activity¹¹]*].

‘Direct costs’ are costs that are directly linked to the action implementation and can therefore be attributed to it directly. They must not include any indirect costs (see Point E below).

‘Indirect costs’ are costs that are not directly linked to the action implementation and therefore cannot be attributed directly to it.

A. Direct personnel costs [(not included in Point F)]

Types of eligible personnel costs

A.1 **Personnel costs** are eligible if they are related to personnel working for the beneficiary under an employment contract (or equivalent appointing act) and assigned to the action. They must be limited to salaries (including during parental leave), social security contributions, taxes and other costs included in the remuneration, if they arise from national law or the employment contract (or equivalent appointing act).

If the beneficiary is a non-profit legal entity¹², it may also declare as personnel costs **additional remuneration** for personnel assigned to the action (including payments on the basis of supplementary contracts regardless of their nature), if:

- (a) it is part of the beneficiary’s usual remuneration practices and is paid in a consistent manner whenever the same kind of work or expertise is required;
- (b) the criteria used to calculate the supplementary payments are objective and generally applied by the beneficiary, regardless of the source of funding used.

Additional remuneration for personnel assigned to the action is eligible up to the following amount:

- (a) if the person works full time and exclusively on the action during the full year: up to EUR 8 000;
- (b) if the person works exclusively on the action but not full-time or not for the full year: up to the corresponding pro-rata amount of EUR 8 000, or
- (c) if the person does not work exclusively on the action: up to a pro-rata amount calculated as follows:

¹¹ Insert precise name of the costs as in the Commission decision authorising the use of the unit cost or lump sum. For example: costs of ‘providing trans-national access to research infrastructure’; costs of ‘clinical studies’; costs of ‘energy efficiency measures in buildings’.

¹² For the definition, see Article 2.1(10a) of Regulation (EU) No XX/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of XX laying down the rules for the participation and dissemination in Horizon 2020 – the Framework Programme for Research and Innovation (2014-2020) (OJ L XX, XX, p.XX) (‘**Rules for Participation Regulation No XX/2013**’): ‘**non-profit legal entity**’ means a legal entity which by its legal form is non-profit-making or which has a legal or statutory obligation not to distribute profits to its shareholders or individual members.

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

{EUR 8 000

divided by

the number of annual productive hours (see below)},

multiplied by

the number of hours that the person has worked on the action during the year}.

A.2 The **costs for natural persons working under a direct contract** with the beneficiary other than an employment contract are eligible personnel costs, if:

- (a) the person works under the beneficiary's instructions and, unless otherwise agreed with the beneficiary, on the beneficiary's premises;
- (b) the result of the work carried out belongs to the beneficiary, and
- (c) the costs are not significantly different from those for personnel performing similar tasks under an employment contract with the beneficiary.

A.3 The **costs of personnel seconded by a third party against payment** are eligible personnel costs if the conditions in Article 11 are met.

A.4 If the beneficiary is a small and medium-sized enterprise ('SME'), the **costs of its owner** who is working on the action and who does not receive a salary are eligible personnel costs, if they correspond to the amount per unit set out in Annex 2 multiplied by the number of actual hours worked on the action.

A.5 If the beneficiary is a **natural person not receiving a salary**, its **costs** are eligible personnel costs if they correspond to the amount per unit set out in Annex 2 multiplied by the number of actual hours worked on the action.

[A.6[OPTION to be used for trans-national access to research infrastructure: Personnel costs for providing trans-national access to research infrastructure are eligible only if also the conditions set out in Article 16.1.1 are met.] [OPTION to be used for virtual access to research infrastructure: Personnel costs for providing virtual access to research infrastructure are eligible only if also the conditions set out in Article 16.2 are met.]]

Calculation

Personnel costs must be calculated by the beneficiary as follows:

{hourly rate

multiplied by

the number of actual hours worked on the action},

plus

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

[H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement \(Mono-beneficiary\): December 2013](#)

for non-profit legal entities: additional remuneration to personnel assigned to the action under the conditions set out above (Point A.1)}.

The number of actual hours declared for a person must be identifiable and verifiable (see Article 18).

The total number of hours declared in EU or Euratom grants, for a person for a year, cannot be higher than the annual productive hours used for the calculations of the hourly rate:

{ number of annual productive hours for the year (see below)

minus

total number of hours declared by the beneficiary, for that person for that year, for other EU or Euratom grants}.

The ‘**hourly rate**’ is one of the following:

(a) for personnel costs declared as **actual costs**: the hourly rate is the amount calculated as follows:

{ actual annual personnel costs (excluding additional remuneration) for the person

divided by

number of annual productive hours }.

The beneficiary must use the annual personnel costs and the number of annual productive hours for each financial year covered by the reporting period concerned. If a financial year is not closed at the end of the reporting period, the beneficiary must use the hourly rate of the last closed financial year available.

For the ‘number of annual productive hours’, the beneficiary may choose one of the following:

(i) 1 720 hours for persons working full time (or corresponding pro-rata for persons not working full time);

(ii) the total number of hours worked by the person in the year for the beneficiary, calculated as follows:

{ annual workable hours of the person (according to the employment contract, applicable labour agreement or national law)

plus

overtime worked

minus

absences (such as sick leave and special leave)}.

‘Annual workable hours’ means the period during which the personnel must be working, at the employer’s disposal and carrying out his/her activity or duties under the employment contract, applicable collective labour agreement or national working time legislation.

If the contract (or applicable collective labour agreement or national working time legislation) does not allow to determine the annual workable hours, this option cannot be used;

- (iii) the ‘standard number of annual hours’ generally applied by the beneficiary for its personnel in accordance with its usual cost accounting practices. This number must be at least 90% of the ‘standard annual workable hours’.

If there is no applicable reference for the standard annual workable hours, this option cannot be used.

For all options, the actual time spent on **parental leave** by a person assigned to the action may be deducted from the number of annual productive hours;

- (b) for personnel costs declared on the basis of **unit costs**: the hourly rate is one of the following:

- (i) for an SME owner or beneficiary that is a natural person: the hourly rate set out in Annex 2 (see Point A.4 and A.5 above), or
- (ii) for personnel costs declared on the basis of the beneficiary’s usual cost accounting practices: the hourly rate calculated by the beneficiary in accordance with its usual cost accounting practices, if:

- the cost accounting practices used are applied in a consistent manner, based on objective criteria, regardless of the source of funding;
- the hourly rate is calculated using the actual personnel costs recorded in the beneficiary’s accounts, excluding any ineligible cost or costs included in other budget categories.

The actual personnel costs may be adjusted by the beneficiary on the basis of budgeted or estimated elements. Those elements must be relevant for calculating the personnel costs, reasonable and correspond to objective and verifiable information, and

- the hourly rate is calculated using the number of annual productive hours (see above).

B. Direct costs of subcontracting [(not included in Point F)] (including related duties, taxes and charges such as non-deductible value added tax (VAT) paid by the beneficiary) are eligible if the conditions in Article 13 are met.

[OPTION to be used for trans-national access to research infrastructure: Subcontracting costs for providing trans-national access to research infrastructure are eligible only if also the conditions set out in Article 16.1.1 are met.]

[OPTION to be used for virtual access to research infrastructure: Subcontracting costs for providing virtual access to research infrastructure are eligible only if also the conditions set out in Article 16.2 are met.]

C. Direct costs of providing financial support to third parties [(not included in Point F)]
[OPTION to be used if Article 15 applies: are eligible if the conditions set out in Article 15 are met.][OPTION: not applicable]

D. Other direct costs [(not included in Point F)]

D.1 Travel costs and related subsistence allowances (including related duties, taxes and charges such as non-deductible value added tax (VAT) paid by the beneficiary) are eligible if they are in line with the beneficiary's usual practices on travel.

[OPTION to be used for trans-national access to research infrastructure: Travel costs for providing trans-national access to research infrastructure are eligible only if also the conditions set out in Article 16.1.1 are met.]

D.2 [OPTION by default: The depreciation costs of equipment, infrastructure or other assets (new or second-hand) as recorded in the beneficiary's accounts are eligible, if they were purchased in accordance with Article 10 and written off in accordance with international accounting standards and the beneficiary's usual accounting practices.

The costs of renting or leasing equipment, infrastructure or other assets (including related duties, taxes and charges such as non-deductible value added tax (VAT) paid by the beneficiary) are also eligible, if they do not exceed the depreciation costs of similar equipment, infrastructure or assets and do not include any financing fees.

*The costs of equipment, infrastructure or other assets **contributed in-kind against payment** are eligible, if they do not exceed the depreciation costs of similar equipment, infrastructure or assets, do not include any financing fees and if the conditions in Article 11 are met.*

The only portion of the costs that will be taken into account is that which corresponds to the duration of the action and rate of actual use for the purposes of the action.]

[OPTION (alternative to option above) to be used if foreseen in the work programme¹³: The cost of purchasing equipment, infrastructure or other assets (new or second-hand) (as recorded in the beneficiary's accounts) are eligible if the equipment, infrastructure or other assets was purchased in accordance with Article 10.

The costs of renting or leasing equipment, infrastructure or other assets (including related duties, taxes and charges such as non-deductible value added tax (VAT) paid by the

¹³ To be used as an exception, only if justified by the nature of the action and the context of the use of the equipment or assets, if provided for in the work programme.

beneficiary) are also eligible, if they do not exceed the depreciation costs of similar equipment, infrastructure or assets and do not include any financing fees.

*The costs of equipment, infrastructure or other assets **contributed in-kind against payment** are eligible, if they do not exceed the depreciation costs of similar equipment, infrastructure or assets, do not include any financing fees and if the conditions in Article 11 are met.]*

[OPTION (in addition to one of the two options above) for trans-national and virtual access to research infrastructure: *As an exception, the beneficiary must not declare such costs (i.e. costs of renting, leasing, purchasing depreciable equipment, infrastructure and other assets) for providing trans-national or virtual access to research infrastructure (see Article 16).]*

D.3 Costs of other goods and services (including related duties, taxes and charges such as non-deductible value added tax (VAT) paid by the beneficiary) are eligible, if they are:

(a) purchased specifically for the action and in accordance with Article 10 or

(b) contributed in kind against payment and in accordance with Article 11.

Such goods and services include, for instance, consumables and supplies, dissemination (including open access), protection of results, certificates on the financial statements (if they are required by the Agreement), certificates on the methodology, translations and publications.

[OPTION to be used for trans-national access to research infrastructure: *Costs of other goods and services for providing trans-national access to research infrastructure are eligible only if also the conditions set out in Article 16.1.1 are met.]*

[OPTION to be used for virtual access to research infrastructure: *Costs of other goods and services for providing virtual access to research infrastructure are eligible only if also the conditions set out in Article 16.2 are met.]*

D.4 [OPTION by default: *The capitalised and operating costs of 'large research infrastructure'¹⁴ directly used for the action are eligible, if:*

(a) *the value of the large research infrastructure represents at least 75% of the total fixed assets (at historical value in its last closed balance sheet before the date of the signature of the Agreement or as determined on the basis of the rental and leasing costs of the research infrastructure¹⁵);*

¹⁴ 'Large research infrastructure' means research infrastructure of a total value of at least EUR 20 million, for a beneficiary, calculated as the sum of historical asset values of each individual research infrastructure of that beneficiary, as they appear in its last closed balance sheet before the date of the signature of the Agreement or as determined on the basis of the rental and leasing costs of the research infrastructure.

¹⁵ For the definition see Article 2(f) of Regulation (EU) No XXX/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of XX 2013 establishing H2020 - The Framework Programme for Research and Innovation (2014-2020): 'Research infrastructure' are facilities, resources and services that are used by the research communities to conduct research and foster innovation in their fields. Where relevant, they may be used beyond research, e.g. for education or public services. They include: major scientific equipment (or sets of instruments); knowledge-based resources such as collections, archives or scientific data; e-infrastructures such as data and computing systems and communication networks; and any other infrastructure of a unique

- (b) *the beneficiary's methodology for declaring the costs for large research infrastructure has been positively assessed by the Commission ('ex-ante assessment');*
- (c) *the beneficiary declares as direct eligible costs only the portion which corresponds to the duration of the action and the rate of actual use for the purposes of the action, and*
- (d) *they comply with the conditions as further detailed in the Horizon 2020 Grant Manual.]*

[OPTION for all topics within calls under Part 'Research Infrastructure' (except for e-Infrastructure topics): not applicable.]

[OPTION to be used if foreseen in the work programme: not applicable.]

E. Indirect costs [(not included in Point F)]

Indirect costs are eligible if they are declared on the basis of the flat-rate of 25% of the eligible direct costs (see Article 5.2 and Points A to D above), from which are excluded:

- (a) costs of subcontracting [and][;]
- (b) costs of in-kind contributions provided by third parties which are not used on the beneficiary's premises [and][;]
- (c) **[OPTION to be used if Article 15 applies: costs of providing financial support to third parties;][OPTION: not applicable;][and**
- (d) **OPTION if Point F applies and the unit or lump sum cost includes indirect costs: [unit costs under Article 5.2(f) and Point F below][lump sum costs under Article 5.2(f) and Point F below]].**

If the beneficiary receives an operating grant¹⁶ financed by the EU or Euratom budget, it cannot declare indirect costs for the period covered by the operating grant.

[F. OPTION for specific categories of costs if unit costs foreseen by Commission decision: Costs of [insert cost category(ies) or activity(ies)]

Costs of [insert cost category or activity]:

nature essential to achieve excellence in research and innovation. Such infrastructures may be 'single-sited', 'virtual' or 'distributed'.

¹⁶ For the definition, see Article 121(1)(b) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on the financial rules applicable to the general budget of the Union and repealing Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1605/2002 (OJ L 218, 26.10.2012, p.1) ('**Financial Regulation No 966/2012**): '**operating grant**' means direct financial contribution, by way of donation, from the budget in order to finance the functioning of a body which pursues an aim of general EU interest or has an objective forming part of and supporting an EU policy.

- (a) declared as **unit costs**: are eligible, if they correspond to the amount per unit set out in Annex 2 multiplied by the actual number of units, and if [insert eligibility conditions];
- (b) [declared as **actual costs**: are eligible, if they comply with the conditions set out above (Points A to [D])[E]), and if [insert the eligibility conditions];]
- (c) declared as a **combination of the two**: if the part declared as actual costs fulfils the conditions for actual costs and the part declared as unit costs fulfils the conditions for unit costs].

[same for each specific category of costs]

[**OPTION for specific lump sum costs (i.e. costs which may be/have to be declared as lump sum costs) if foreseen by Article 5.2(f)**): Costs of [insert cost category or activity] are eligible if they correspond to the lump sum set out in Annex 2 and the corresponding tasks or parts of the action have been properly implemented in accordance with Annex 1.]

6.3 Conditions for costs of linked third parties to be eligible

[**OPTION to be used if Article 14 applies**: Costs incurred by linked third parties are eligible if they fulfil — *mutatis mutandis* — the general and specific conditions for eligibility set out in this Article (Article 6.1 and 6.2) and Article 14.]

[**OPTION**: not applicable]

6.4 Conditions for in-kind contributions provided by third parties free of charge to be eligible

In-kind contributions provided free of charge are eligible direct costs (for the beneficiary [or linked third party]), if the costs incurred by the third party fulfil — *mutatis mutandis* — the general and specific conditions for eligibility set out in this Article (Article 6.1 and 6.2) and Article 12.

6.5 Ineligible costs

'Ineligible costs' are:

- (a) costs that do not comply with the conditions set out above (Article 6.1 to 6.4), in particular:
 - (i) costs related to return on capital;
 - (ii) debt and debt service charges;
 - (iii) provisions for future losses or debts;
 - (iv) interest owed;

- (v) doubtful debts;
 - (vi) currency exchange losses;
 - (vii) bank costs charged by the beneficiary's bank for transfers from the [Commission][Agency];
 - (viii) excessive or reckless expenditure;
 - (ix) deductible VAT;
 - (x) costs incurred during suspension of the implementation of the action (see Article 49);
- (b) costs declared under another EU or Euratom grant (including grants awarded by a Member State and financed by the EU or Euratom budget and grants awarded by bodies other than the [Commission][Agency] for the purpose of implementing the EU or Euratom budget); in particular, indirect costs if the beneficiary is already receiving an operating grant financed by the EU or Euratom budget in the same period.

6.6 Consequences of declaration of ineligible costs

Declared costs that are ineligible will be rejected (see Article 42).

This may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

CHAPTER 4 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE PARTIES

SECTION 1 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO IMPLEMENTING THE ACTION

ARTICLE 7 — GENERAL OBLIGATION TO PROPERLY IMPLEMENT THE ACTION

7.1 General obligation to properly implement the action

The beneficiary must implement the action as described in Annex 1 and in compliance with the provisions of the Agreement and all legal obligations under applicable EU, international and national law.

7.2 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under this Article, the grant may be reduced (see Article 43).

Such breaches may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 8 — RESOURCES TO IMPLEMENT THE ACTION

The beneficiary must have the appropriate resources to implement the action.

If it is necessary to implement the action, the beneficiary may:

- purchase goods, works and services (see Article 10);
- use in-kind contributions provided by third parties against payment (see Article 11);
- use in-kind contributions provided by third parties free of charge (see Article 12);
- call upon subcontractors to implement action tasks described in Annex 1 (see Article 13);
- call upon linked third parties to implement action tasks described in Annex 1 (see Article 14).

In these cases, the beneficiary retains sole responsibility towards the [Commission][Agency] for implementing the action.

ARTICLE 9 — IMPLEMENTATION OF ACTION TASKS BY BENEFICIARIES NOT RECEIVING EU FUNDING

Not applicable

ARTICLE 10 — PURCHASE OF GOODS, WORKS OR SERVICES

10.1 Rules for purchasing goods, works or services

10.1.1 If necessary to implement the action, the beneficiary may purchase goods, works or services.

The beneficiary must make such purchases ensuring the best value for money or, if appropriate, the lowest price. In doing so, it must avoid any conflict of interests (see Article 35).

[OPTION: In addition, if the value of the purchase exceeds EUR [...], the beneficiary must comply with the following rules: [...].¹⁷]

The beneficiary must ensure that the Commission [and the Agency], the European Court of Auditors (ECA) and the European Anti-fraud Office (OLAF) can exercise their rights under Articles 22 and 23 also towards their contractors.

¹⁷ If the authorising officer decides to set specific rules, they should have due regard for the principle of proportionality taking into account the value of the contracts and the relative size of the EU contribution in relation to the total cost of the action and the risk. Specific rules must be based on the rules contained in the Financial Regulation. Simply citing the FR without specifying the applicable provisions should be avoided. Specific rules may only be set for the award of contracts of a value higher than EUR 60 000. The authorising officer may set a threshold higher than EUR 60 000 on the basis of a risk assessment.

10.1.2 If the beneficiary is a ‘contracting authority’ within the meaning of Directive 2004/18/EC¹⁸ or a ‘contracting entity’ within the meaning of Directive 2004/17/EC¹⁹ it must comply with the applicable national law on public procurement.

10.2 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under Article 10.1.1, the costs related to the contract concerned will be ineligible (see Article 6) and will be rejected (see Article 42).

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under Article 10.1.2, the grant may be reduced (see Article 43).

Such breaches may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 11 — USE OF IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS PROVIDED BY THIRD PARTIES AGAINST PAYMENT

11.1 Rules for the use of in-kind contributions against payment

If necessary to implement the action, the beneficiary may use in-kind contributions provided by third parties against payment.

The beneficiary may declare costs related to the payment of in-kind contributions as eligible (see Article 6.1 and 6.2), up to the third parties’ costs for the seconded persons, contributed equipment, infrastructure or other assets or other contributed goods and services.

The third parties and their contributions must be set out in Annex 1. The [Commission][Agency] may however approve in-kind contributions not set out in Annex 1 without amendment (see Article 55), if:

- they are specifically justified in the periodic technical report and
- their use does not entail changes to the Agreement which would call into question the decision awarding the grant or breach the principle of equal treatment of applicants.

The beneficiary must ensure that the Commission [and the Agency], the European Court of Auditors (ECA) and the European Anti-fraud Office (OLAF) can exercise their rights under Articles 22 and 23 also towards the third parties.

11.2 Consequences of non-compliance

¹⁸ Directive 2004/18/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 on the coordination of procedures for the award of public work contracts, public supply contracts and public service contracts (OJ L 134, 30.04.2004, p. 114).

¹⁹ Directive 2004/17/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 coordinating the procurement procedures of entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors (OJ L 134, 30.04.2004, p. 1).

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under this Article, the costs related to the payment of the in-kind contribution will be ineligible (see Article 6) and will be rejected (see Article 42).

Such breaches may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 12 — USE OF IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS PROVIDED BY THIRD PARTIES FREE OF CHARGE

12.1 Rules for the use of in-kind contributions free of charge

If necessary to implement the action, the beneficiary may use in-kind contributions provided by third parties free of charge.

The beneficiary may declare costs incurred by the third parties for the seconded persons, contributed equipment, infrastructure or other assets or other contributed goods and services as eligible in accordance with Article 6.4.

The third parties and their contributions must be set out in Annex 1. The *[Commission][Agency]* may however approve in-kind contributions not set out in Annex 1 without amendment (see Article 55), if:

- they are specifically justified in the periodic technical report and
- their use does not entail changes to the Agreement which would call into question the decision awarding the grant or breach the principle of equal treatment of applicants.

The beneficiary must ensure that the Commission *[and the Agency]*, the European Court of Auditors (ECA) and the European Anti-fraud Office (OLAF) can exercise their rights under Articles 22 and 23 also towards the third parties.

12.2 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under this Article, the costs incurred by the third parties related to the in-kind contribution will be ineligible (see Article 6) and will be rejected (see Article 42).

Such breaches may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 13 — IMPLEMENTATION OF ACTION TASKS BY SUBCONTRACTORS

13.1 Rules for subcontracting action tasks

13.1.1 If necessary to implement the action, the beneficiary may award subcontracts covering the implementation of certain action tasks described in Annex 1.

The beneficiary must award the subcontracts ensuring the best value for money or, if appropriate, the lowest price. In doing so, it must avoid any conflict of interests (see Article 35).

[OPTION for actions involving PCP or PPI: *In addition, for the pre-commercial procurement (PCP) or procurement of innovative solutions (PPI), the beneficiary must follow a transparent and non-discriminatory procedure, including at least the following:*

- (a) an **‘open market consultation’** published in the Official Journal of the European Union via a **‘prior information notice (PIN)’** and promoted and advertised widely;
- (b) a **‘contract notice’** allowing for a time-limit for receipt of tenders of at least 2 months, published in the Official Journal of the European Union and promoted and advertised widely;
- (c) a **‘request for tenders’** based on functional or performance-based specifications (that take into account the outcome of the open market consultation) and describing the practical set-up for the implementation of the subcontract(s);
- (d) an objective and non-discriminatory **evaluation** of the tenders and **award** of subcontract(s);
- (e) a **‘contract award notice’** published in the Official Journal of the European Union.

The beneficiary must also ensure that every prior information notice, contract notice or contract award notice published in relation to the subcontracting includes the following disclaimer:

“This procurement receives funding under the European Union’s Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under the grant agreement No [number]. The EU is however not participating as a contracting authority in this procurement.”]

[OPTION only for actions involving PPI: *Participation in PPI tendering procedures must be open on equal terms to tenderers from EU Member States, associated countries and other countries with which the EU has an agreement in the field of public procurement. If the WTO Government Procurement Agreement applies, PPI subcontracts must also be open to tenderers from States that have ratified this agreement.*

*If the procurement of the innovative solution (PPI) consists (and is limited to) buying a set of prototypes and/or test products that were developed during a preceding PCP Cofund action, the beneficiary does not need to make an open market consultation, contract notice and contract award notice under Points (a), (b) and (e) above. In this case, it must make a **request for offers** from at least **three providers** (including the providers that participated in the preceding PCP), in accordance with the negotiated procedure without publication under Directives 2004/18/EC and [2004/17/EC](#)²⁰.]*

²⁰ See Articles 28 et 31(2)(a) de la Directive 2004/18 and Article 40(3)(b) of Directive 2004/17/EC.

[OPTION only for actions involving PCP: Subcontracts for pre-commercial procurement must provide for the following:

- *the ownership, by the subcontractors, of the intellectual property rights on the results that they generate;*
- *the right of the buyer to access results as well as the background necessary to use the results — on a royalty-free basis — for its own use;*
- *the right of the buyer to grant (or to require the subcontractors to grant) non-exclusive licences to third parties to exploit the results — under fair and reasonable conditions — (without the right to sub-licence);*
- *the obligation of the subcontractors to transfer back to the buyer the ownership of intellectual property generated by subcontractors during the PCP, if subcontractors fail to commercially exploit the results within the period set out in the subcontract;*
- *the right of the buyer to publish — at the time of the contract award notice — the identity of the winning tenderers and a project summary provided by the winning tenderers, and to publish — after R&D has finished and after consulting the subcontractors — summaries of the results as well as the identities of the subcontractors that successfully completed the last phase of the PCP.*

The beneficiary must ensure that the majority of the research and development work done by the subcontractor(s) (including the work of the main researchers) is located in the EU Member States or associated countries ('place of performance obligation').]

The tasks to be implemented and the estimated cost for each subcontract must be set out in Annex 1 and the total estimated costs of subcontracting per beneficiary must be set out in Annex 2. The [Commission][Agency] may however approve subcontracts not set out in Annex 1 and 2 without amendment according to Article 55, if:

- they are specifically justified in the periodic technical report, and
- they do not entail changes to the Agreement which would call into question the decision awarding the grant or breach the principle of equal treatment of applicants.

[OPTION for classified deliverables: Classified deliverables may be subcontracted only after explicit approval (in writing) from the [Commission][Agency] (see Article 37).]

The beneficiary must ensure that the Commission [and the Agency], the European Court of Auditors (ECA) and the European Anti-fraud Office (OLAF) can exercise their rights under Article 22 and 23 also towards its subcontractors.

13.1.2 The beneficiary must ensure that its obligations under Articles 35, 36 38 and 46 also apply to the subcontractors.

13.2 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under Article 13.1.1, the costs related to the subcontract concerned will be ineligible (see Article 6) and will be rejected (see Article 42).

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under Article 13.1.2, the grant may be reduced (see Article 43).

Such breaches may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 14 — IMPLEMENTATION OF ACTION TASKS BY LINKED THIRD PARTIES

14.1 Rules for calling upon linked third parties to implement part of the action

*[OPTION: 14.1.1 The following **affiliated entities**²¹ and **third parties with a legal link to the beneficiary**²² ('linked third parties') may implement the action tasks attributed to it in Annex 1:*

- *[name of the entity], affiliated or linked to the beneficiary [OPTION if joint and several liability has been requested:; if it has accepted joint and several liability with the beneficiary (see Annex 3a)]*
- *[name of the entity], affiliated or linked to the beneficiary [OPTION if joint and several liability has been requested:; if it has accepted joint and several liability with the beneficiary (see Annex 3a)]*
[same for more linked entities]

The linked third parties may declare as eligible the costs they incur for implementing the action tasks in accordance with Article 6.3.

The beneficiary must ensure that the Commission [and the Agency], the European Court of Auditors (ECA) and the European Anti-fraud Office (OLAF) can exercise their rights under Articles 22 and 23 also towards its linked third parties.

²¹ For the definition see Article 2.1(2) Rules for Participation Regulation No XX/2013: **'affiliated entity'** means any legal entity that:

- is under the direct or indirect control of a beneficiary, or
- is under the same direct or indirect control as the beneficiary, or
- directly or indirectly controls a beneficiary.

'Control' may take any of the following forms:

- (a) the direct or indirect holding of more than 50% of the nominal value of the issued share capital in the legal entity concerned, or of a majority of the voting rights of the shareholders or associates of that entity or
- (b) the direct or indirect holding, in fact or in law, of decision-making powers in the legal entity concerned.

However, the following relationships between legal entities do not constitute control relationships:

- (a) the same public investment corporation, institutional investor or venture-capital company has a direct or indirect holding of more than 50% of the nominal value of the issued share capital or a majority of voting rights of the shareholders or associates;
- (b) the legal entities concerned are owned or supervised by the same public body.

²² **'Third party with a legal link to a beneficiary'** is any legal entity which has a legal link to the beneficiary implying collaboration that is not limited to the action.

14.1.2 The beneficiary must ensure that its obligations under Articles 18, 20, 35, 36 and 38 also apply to its linked third parties.]

[OPTION: not applicable]

14.2 Consequences of non-compliance

[If any obligation under Article 14.1.1 is breached, the costs of the third party will be ineligible (see Article 6) and will be rejected (see Article 42).

If any obligation under Article 14.1.2 is breached, the grant may be reduced (see Article 43).

Such breaches may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.]

[OPTION: not applicable]

ARTICLE 15 — FINANCIAL SUPPORT TO THIRD PARTIES

15.1 Rules for providing financial support to third parties

[OPTION to be used if foreseen in the work programme: 15.1.1 The beneficiary must provide financial support in accordance with the conditions set out in Annex 1.

At a minimum, these conditions must include:

(a) the maximum amount of financial support for each third party.

The maximum amount may not exceed EUR 60 000 for each third party, unless it is necessary to achieve the objectives of the action as described in Annex 1;

(b) the criteria for calculating the exact amount of the financial support;

(c) the different types of activity that qualify for financial support, on the basis of a closed list;

(d) the persons or categories of persons that may receive financial support, and

(e) the criteria for giving financial support.

The beneficiary must ensure that the Commission [and the Agency], the European Court of Auditors (ECA) and the European Anti-fraud Office (OLAF) can exercise their rights under Articles 22 and 23 also towards the third parties receiving financial support.

15.1.2 The beneficiary must ensure that its obligations under Articles 35, 36, 38 and 46 also apply to the third parties receiving financial support.]

[OPTION: not applicable]

15.2 Financial support in the form of prizes

[OPTION to be used if foreseen in the work programme: 15.2.1 The beneficiary must provide prizes in accordance with the conditions described in Annex 1.

At a minimum, these conditions must include:

- (a) the conditions for participation;*
- (b) the award criteria;*
- (c) the amount of the prize, and*
- (d) the payment arrangements.*

The beneficiary must ensure that the Commission [and the Agency], the European Court of Auditors (ECA) and the European Anti-fraud Office (OLAF) can exercise their rights under Articles 22 and 23 also towards the third parties receiving a prize.

15.2.2 The beneficiary must ensure that its obligations under Articles 35, 36, 38 and 46 also apply to the third parties receiving a prize.]

[OPTION: not applicable]

15.3 Consequences of non-compliance

[If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under Articles 15.1.1 or 15.2.1, the costs related to the financial support or prize will be ineligible (see Article 6) and will be rejected (see Article 42).

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under Articles 15.1.2 or 15.2.2, the grant may be reduced (see Article 43).

Such breaches may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.]

[OPTION: not applicable]

ARTICLE 16 — PROVISION OF TRANS-NATIONAL OR VIRTUAL ACCESS TO RESEARCH INFRASTRUCTURE

16.1 Rules for providing trans-national access to research infrastructure

[OPTION trans-national access to research infrastructure: 16.1.1 ‘Access providers’²³ must provide access to research infrastructure or installations²⁴ in accordance with the following conditions:

²³ ‘Access provider’ means a beneficiary or third party (subcontractor or linked third party) that is in charge of providing access to one or more research infrastructure or installations, or part of them, as described in Annex 1.

²⁴ ‘Installation’ means a part or a service of a research infrastructure that could be used independently from the rest. A research infrastructure consists of one or more installations.

(a) *access which must be provided:*

The access must be free of charge, trans-national access to research infrastructure or installations for selected user-groups.

This access must include the logistical, technological and scientific support and the specific training that is usually provided to external researchers using the infrastructure.

(b) *categories of users that may have access:*

Trans-national access must be provided to selected ‘user-groups’, i.e. teams of one or more researchers (users) led by a ‘user group leader’.

The user group leader and the majority of the users must work in a country other than the country(ies) where the installation is located.

This rule does not apply:

- if access is provided by an International organisation, the Joint Research Centre (JRC), an ERIC or similar legal entities;*
- in case of remote access to a set of installations located in different countries offering the same type of service.*

Only user groups that will disseminate the results they have generated under the action may benefit from the access, unless the users are working for SMEs.

Access for user groups with a majority of users not working in a EU or associated country is limited to 20% of the total amount of units of access provided under the grant, unless a higher percentage is foreseen in Annex 1;

(c) *procedure and criteria for selecting user groups:*

The user groups must request access by submitting (in writing) a description of the work that they wish to carry out and the names, nationalities and home institutions of the users.

*The user groups must be selected by a **selection panel** set up by the access providers.*

The selection panel must be composed of international experts in the field, at least half of them independent from the beneficiaries, unless otherwise specified in Annex 1.

The selection panel must assess all proposals received and recommend a short-list of the user groups that should benefit from access.

The selection panel must base its selection on scientific merit, taking into account that priority should be given to user groups composed of users who:

- *have not previously used the installation and*
- *are working in countries where no equivalent research infrastructure exist.*

It will apply the principles of transparency, fairness and impartiality.

[OPTION: *In addition, the beneficiary must comply with the following additional rules for the selection of user groups: [...]]*²⁵.

(d) other conditions:

The access provider must request written approval from the [Commission][Agency] (see Article 52) for the selection of user groups requiring visits to the installation(s) exceeding 3 months, unless such visits are foreseen in Annex 1.

16.1.2 *In addition, the access provider must:*

- *advertise widely, including on a dedicated website, the access offered under the Agreement;*
- *promote equal opportunities in advertising the access and take into account the gender dimension when defining the support provided to users;*
- *ensure that users comply with the terms and conditions of the Agreement;*
- *ensure that its obligations under Articles 35, 36, 38 and 46 also apply to the users.]*

[OPTION: *not applicable]*

16.2 Rules for providing virtual access to research infrastructure

[OPTION virtual access to research infrastructure: *'Access providers'*²⁶ *must provide access to research infrastructure or installations*²⁷ *in accordance with the following conditions:*

(a) access which must be provided:

²⁵ If the authorising officer considers necessary to give priority to certain categories of users.

²⁶ **'Access provider'** means a beneficiary or third party (subcontractor or linked third party) that is in charge of providing access to one or more research infrastructures or installations, or part of them, as described in Annex 1.

²⁷ **'Installation'** means a part or a service of a research infrastructure that could be used independently from the rest. A research infrastructure consists of one or more installations.

The access must be free of charge, virtual access to research infrastructure or installations.

‘Virtual access’ means open and free access through communication networks to resources needed for research, without selecting or identifying the researchers to whom access is provided;

(b) other conditions:

The access provider must have the virtual access services assessed periodically by a board composed of international experts in the field, at least half of whom must be independent from the beneficiary, unless otherwise specified in Annex 1.]

[OPTION: not applicable]

16.3 Consequences of non-compliance

[If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under Articles 16.1.1 and 16.2, the costs of access will be ineligible (see Article 6) and will be rejected (see Article 42).

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under Articles 16.1.2, the grant may be reduced (see Article 43).

Such breaches may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.]

[OPTION: not applicable]

SECTION 2 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO THE GRANT ADMINISTRATION

ARTICLE 17 — GENERAL OBLIGATION TO INFORM

17.1 Obligation to provide information upon request

The beneficiary must provide — during implementation of the action or afterwards — any information requested in order to verify proper implementation of the action and compliance with the obligations under the Agreement.

17.2 Obligation to keep information up to date and to inform about events and circumstances likely to affect the Agreement

The beneficiary must keep information stored in the ‘Beneficiary Register’ (in the electronic exchange system; see Article 52) up to date, in particular, its name, address, legal representatives, legal form and organisation type.

The beneficiary must immediately inform the [Commission][Agency] of any of the following:

- (a) **events** which are likely to affect significantly or delay the implementation of the

action or the EU's financial interests, in particular:

- (i) changes in its legal, financial, technical, organisational or ownership situation [*or those of its linked third parties and*
- (ii) *changes in the name, address, legal form, organisation type of its linked third parties;*]

(b) **circumstances** affecting:

- (i) the decision to award the grant or
- (ii) compliance with requirements under the Agreement.

17.3 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under this Article, the grant may be reduced (see Article 43).

Such breaches may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 18 — KEEPING RECORDS — SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION

18.1 Obligation to keep records and other supporting documentation

The beneficiary must — for a period of [*OPTION by default: five*][*OPTION for low value grants*²⁸: *three*] years after the payment of the balance — keep records and other supporting documentation in order to prove the proper implementation of the action and the costs it declares as eligible.

It must make them available upon request (see Article 17) or in the context of checks, reviews, audits or investigations (see Article 22).

If there are on-going checks, reviews, audits, investigations, litigation or other pursuits of claims under the Agreement (including the extension of findings; see Article 22), the beneficiary must keep the records and other supporting documentation until the end of these procedures.

The beneficiary must keep the original documents. Digital and digitalised documents are considered originals if they are authorised by the applicable national law. The [*Commission*][*Agency*] may accept non-original documents if it considers that they offer a comparable level of assurance.

²⁸ For the definition, see Article 185 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1268/2012 of 29 October 2012 on the rules of application of Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the financial rules applicable to the general budget of the Union (OJ L 362, 31.12.2012, p. 1) ('**Rules of Application Regulation No 1268/2012**): 'low value grants' are lower or equal to EUR 60 000.

18.1.1 Records and other supporting documentation on the scientific and technical implementation

The beneficiary must keep records and other supporting documentation on scientific and technical implementation of the action in line with the accepted standards in the respective field.

18.1.2 Records and other documentation to support the costs declared

The beneficiary must keep the records and documentation supporting the costs declared, in particular the following:

- (a) for **actual costs**: adequate records and other supporting documentation to prove the costs declared, such as contracts, subcontracts, invoices and accounting records. In addition, the beneficiary's usual cost accounting practices and internal control procedures must enable direct reconciliation between the amounts declared, the amounts recorded in its accounts and the amounts stated in the supporting documentation;
- (b) for **unit costs**: adequate records and other supporting documentation to prove the number of units declared. *[OPTION for trans-national access to research infrastructure: This documentation must include records of the names, nationalities, and home institutions of users, as well as the nature and quantity of access provided to them.]* The beneficiary does not need to identify the actual eligible costs covered or to keep or provide supporting documentation (such as accounting statements) to prove the amount per unit.

In addition, for **direct personnel costs declared as unit costs calculated in accordance with the beneficiary's usual cost accounting practices**, the beneficiary must keep adequate records and documentation to prove that the cost accounting practices used comply with the conditions set out in Article 6.2, Point A.

The beneficiary *[and linked third parties]* may submit to the *[Commission][Agency]*, for approval, a certificate (drawn up in accordance with Annex 6) stating that its usual cost accounting practices comply with these conditions ('**certificate on the methodology**'). If the certificate is approved, costs declared in line with this methodology will not be challenged subsequently, unless the beneficiary has concealed information for the purpose of the approval.

- (c) for **flat-rate costs**: adequate records and other supporting documentation to prove the eligibility of the costs to which the flat-rate is applied. The beneficiary does not need to identify the costs covered or provide supporting documentation (such as accounting statements) to prove the amount declared at a flat-rate.
- (d) *[OPTION if lump sum foreseen in Article 5.2: for lump sum costs: adequate records and other supporting documentation to prove that the corresponding tasks or part of the action as described in Annex 1 were implemented properly. The beneficiary does not need to identify the actual eligible costs covered or*

provide supporting documentation (such as accounting statements) to prove the amount declared as a lump sum.]

In addition, for **personnel costs** (declared as actual costs or on the basis of unit costs), the beneficiary must keep **time records** for the number of hours declared. The time records must be in writing and approved by the persons working on the action and their supervisors, at least monthly. In the absence of reliable time records of the hours worked on the action, the [Commission][Agency] may accept alternative evidence supporting the number of hours declared, if it considers that it offers an adequate level of assurance.

As an exception, for **persons working exclusively on the action**, there is no need to keep time records, if the beneficiary signs a **declaration** confirming that the persons concerned have worked exclusively on the action.

[OPTION to be added if Article 14 applies: For costs declared by linked third parties (see Article 14), it is the beneficiary that must keep the originals of the financial statements and the certificates on the financial statements of the linked third parties.]

18.2 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under this Article, costs insufficiently substantiated will be ineligible (see Article 6) and will be rejected (see Article 42), and the grant may be reduced (see Article 43).

Such breaches may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 19 — SUBMISSION OF DELIVERABLES

19.1 Obligation to submit deliverables

The beneficiary must submit the ‘**deliverables**’ identified in Annex 1, in accordance with the timing and conditions set out in it.

19.2 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under this Article, the [Commission][Agency] may apply any of the measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 20 — REPORTING — PAYMENT REQUESTS

20.1 General obligation to submit reports

The beneficiary must submit to the [Commission][Agency] (see Article 52) technical and financial reports, including requests for payment.

The reports must be drawn up using the forms and templates provided by the [Commission][Agency] in the electronic exchange system (see Article 52).

20.2 Reporting periods

The action is divided into the following ‘**reporting periods**’:

- RP1: from month 1 to month [X]
- [- RP2: from month [X+1] to month [Y]
- RP3: from month [Y+1] to month [Z]
- [same for other RPs]
- RPN: from month [N+1] to [the last month of the project].]

20.3 Periodic reports — Requests for interim payments

The beneficiary must submit a periodic report within 60 days following the end of each reporting period.

The **periodic report** must include the following:

(a) a ‘**periodic technical report**’ containing:

- (i) an **explanation of the work carried out** by the beneficiary;
- (ii) an **overview of the progress** towards the objectives of the action, including milestones and deliverables identified in Annex 1.

This report must include explanations justifying the differences between work expected to be carried out in accordance with Annex 1 and that actually carried out.

The report must also detail the exploitation and dissemination of the results and — if required in Annex 1 — an updated ‘**plan for the exploitation and dissemination of the results**’[;][.]

[OPTION for providing access to trans-national access to research infrastructure: The report must detail the access activity, indicating the members of the selection panel, the selection procedure, the exact amount of access provided to the user groups, the description of their work, and information on the users (including names, nationality and home institutions).]

[OPTION for providing access to virtual services: The reports must detail the access activity, with statistics on the virtual access provided in the period, including quantity, geographical distribution of users and, whenever possible, information/statistics on scientific outcomes (publications, patents, etc.) acknowledging the use of the infrastructure];

- (iii) a **summary** for publication by the [Commission][Agency];
- (iv) the answers to the ‘**questionnaire**’, covering issues related to the action implementation and the economic and societal impact, notably in the context of the Horizon 2020 key performance indicators and the Horizon 2020 monitoring requirements;

(b) a ‘**periodic financial report**’ containing:

- (i) an ‘**individual financial statement**’ (see Annex 4) [*from the beneficiary and from each linked third party*], for the reporting period concerned.

The individual financial statement must detail the eligible costs (actual costs, unit costs and flat-rate costs [*and lump sum costs*]; see Article 6) for each budget category (see Annex 2).

The beneficiary [*and linked third parties*] must declare all eligible costs, even if — for actual costs, unit costs and flat-rate costs — they exceed the amounts indicated in the estimated budget (see Annex 2). Amounts which are not declared in the individual financial statement will not be taken into account by the [*Commission*][*Agency*].

If an individual financial statement is not submitted for a reporting period, it may be included in the periodic financial report for the next reporting period.

The individual financial statements of the last reporting period must also detail the **receipts of the action** (see Article 5.3.3).

The beneficiary [*and each linked third party*] must **certify** that:

- the information provided is full, reliable and true;
 - the costs declared are eligible (see Article 6);
 - the costs can be substantiated by adequate records and supporting documentation (see Article 18) that will be produced upon request (see Article 17) or in the context of checks, reviews, audits and investigations (see Article 22), and
 - for the last reporting period: that all the receipts have been declared (see Article 5.3.3);
- (ii) an **explanation of the use of resources** and the information on subcontracting (see Article 13) and in-kind contributions provided by third parties (see Articles 11 and 12) [*from the beneficiary and from each linked third party*], for the reporting period concerned;
- (iii) not applicable;
- (iv) a ‘**periodic summary financial statement**’ (see Annex 4), created automatically by the electronic exchange system, consolidating the individual financial statements for the reporting period concerned and including — except for the last reporting period — the **request for interim payment**.

20.4 Final report — Request for payment of the balance

In addition to the periodic report for the last reporting period, the beneficiary must submit the final report within 60 days following the end of the last reporting period.

The **final report** must include the following:

- (a) a **'final technical report'** with a **summary** for publication containing:
 - (i) an overview of the results and their exploitation and dissemination;
 - (ii) the conclusions on the action, and
 - (iii) the socio-economic impact of the action;
- (b) a **'final financial report'** containing:
 - (i) a **'final summary financial statement'** (see Annex 4), created automatically by the electronic exchange system, consolidating the individual financial statements for all reporting periods and including the **request for payment of the balance** and
 - (ii) a **'certificate on the financial statements'** (drawn up in accordance with Annex 5) *[for the beneficiary and for each linked third party]*, if it requests a total contribution of EUR 325 000 or more, as reimbursement of actual costs and unit costs calculated on the basis of its usual cost accounting practices (see Article 5.2 and Article 6, Point A).

20.5 Information on cumulative expenditure incurred

[OPTION for big grants with reporting periods beyond 18 months²⁹: In addition to the reporting requirements set out above (Article 20.1 to 20.3), the beneficiary must inform the [Commission][Agency] by [31 December][30 November] each year of the cumulative expenditure incurred by the beneficiary from the start date of the action.

This information is required for the [Commission's][Agency's] accounting purposes and will not be used to calculate the final grant amount.]

[OPTION: not applicable]

20.6 Currency for financial statements and conversion into euro

Financial statements must be drafted in euro.

If the beneficiary *[or linked third party]* has an accounting established in a currency other than the euro it must convert costs incurred in another currency into euro at the average of the daily exchange rates published in the C series of the *Official Journal of the European Union*, calculated over the corresponding reporting period.

²⁹ To be added in the case of grants of more than EUR 5 million for which a pre-financing is paid and the reporting periods for interim payments or payments of the balance exceed eighteen months.

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

If no daily euro exchange rate is published in the *Official Journal of the European Union* for the currency in question, it must be converted at the average of the monthly accounting rates published on the Commission's website, calculated over the corresponding reporting period.

If the beneficiary [or linked third party] has an accounting established in euro it must convert costs incurred in another currency into euro according to its usual accounting practices.

20.7 Language of reports

All reports (technical and financial reports, including financial statements) must be submitted in the language of the Agreement.

20.8 Consequences of non-compliance — Suspension of the payment deadline — Termination

If the reports submitted do not comply with this Article, the [Commission][Agency] may suspend the payment deadline (see Article 47) and apply any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

If the beneficiary breaches its obligation to submit the reports and if it fails to comply with this obligation within 30 days following a written reminder sent by the [Commission][Agency], the Agreement may be terminated (see Article 50).

ARTICLE 21 — PAYMENTS AND PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS

21.1 Payments to be made

The following payments will be made to the beneficiary:

- one **pre-financing payment**;
- one or more **interim payments**, on the basis of the request(s) for interim payment (see Article 20), and
- one **payment of the balance**, on the basis of the request for payment of the balance (see Article 20).

21.2 Pre-financing payment — Amount — Amount retained for the Guarantee Fund

The aim of the pre-financing is to provide the beneficiary with a float.

It remains the property of the EU until the payment of the balance.

The amount of the pre-financing payment will be EUR [insert amount (insert amount in words)].

The [Commission][Agency] will — except if Article 48 applies — make the pre-financing payment to the beneficiary within 30 days from the starting date of the action (see Article 3) or from the entry into force of the Agreement (see Article 58), whichever is the latest.

An amount of EUR [insert amount (insert amount in words)], corresponding to 5% of the maximum grant amount (see Article 5.1), is retained by the [Commission][Agency] from the pre-financing payment and transferred into the ‘**Guarantee Fund**’

[OPTION if the JRC is the beneficiary: Moreover, the part of the pre-financing payment related to the Joint Research Centre (JRC) ([insert amount (insert amount in words)]) is not paid to the beneficiary, but kept by the [Commission][Agency] for the JRC.]

21.3 Interim payments — Amount — Calculation

Interim payments reimburse the eligible costs incurred for the implementation of the action during the corresponding reporting periods.

The [Commission][Agency] will pay to the beneficiary the amount due as interim payment within 90 days from receiving the periodic report (see Article 20.3), except if Articles 47 or 48 apply.

Payment is subject to the approval of the periodic report. Its approval does not imply recognition of the compliance, authenticity, completeness or correctness of its content.

The **amount due as interim payment** is calculated by the [Commission][Agency] in the following steps:

Step 1 – Application of the reimbursement rates

Step 2 – Limit to 90% of the maximum grant amount

21.3.1 Step 1 — Application of the reimbursement rates

The reimbursement rate(s) (see Article 5.2) are applied to the eligible costs (actual costs, unit costs and flat-rate costs [and lump sum costs]; see Article 6) declared by the beneficiary [and the linked third parties] (see Article 20) and approved by the [Commission][Agency] (see above) for the concerned reporting period.

21.3.2 Step 2 — Limit to 90% of the maximum grant amount

The total amount of pre-financing and interim payments must not exceed 90% of the maximum grant amount set out in Article 5.1. The maximum amount for the interim payment will be calculated as follows:

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \{90\% \text{ of the maximum grant amount (see Article 5.1)} \\ \text{minus} \\ \{ \text{pre-financing and previous interim payments} \} \end{array} \right\}$$

21.4 Payment of the balance — Amount — Calculation — Release of the amount retained for the Guarantee Fund

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

The payment of the balance reimburses the remaining part of the eligible costs incurred by the beneficiary for the implementation of the action.

If the total amount of earlier payments is greater than the final grant amount (see Article 5.3), the payment of the balance takes the form of a recovery (see Article 44).

If the total amount of earlier payments is lower than the final grant amount, the [Commission][Agency] will pay the balance within 90 days from receiving the final report (see Article 20.4), except if Articles 47 or 48 apply.

Payment is subject to the approval of the final report. Its approval does not imply recognition of the compliance, authenticity, completeness or correctness of its content.

The **amount due as the balance** is calculated by the [Commission][Agency] by deducting the total amount of pre-financing and interim payments (if any) already made, from the final grant amount determined in accordance with Article 5.3:

$$\begin{aligned} & \{\text{final grant amount (see Article 5.3)} \\ & \text{minus} \\ & \{\text{pre-financing and interim payments (if any) made}\} \}. \end{aligned}$$

At the payment of the balance, the amount retained for the Guarantee Fund (see above) will be released and:

- if the balance is positive: the amount released will be paid in full to the beneficiary together with the amount due as the balance;
- if the balance is negative (payment of the balance taking the form of recovery): it will be deducted from the amount released (see Article 44.1.2). If the resulting amount:
 - is positive, it will be paid to the beneficiary
 - is negative, it will be recovered.

The amount to be paid may however be offset — without the beneficiary's consent — against any other amount owed to beneficiary by the Commission or an executive agency (from the EU or Euratom budget), up to the maximum EU contribution indicated, for the beneficiary, in the estimated budget (see Annex 2).

21.5 Notification of amounts due

When making payments, the [Commission][Agency] will formally notify to the beneficiary the amount due, specifying whether it concerns an interim payment or the payment of the balance.

For the payment of the balance, the notification will also specify the final grant amount.

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

In the case of reduction of the grant or recovery of undue amounts, the notification will be preceded by the contradictory procedure set out in Articles 43 and 44.

21.6 Currency for payments

The [Commission][Agency] will make all payments in euro.

21.7 Payments to the beneficiary

Payments will be made to the beneficiary.

Payments will discharge the [Commission][Agency] from its payment obligation.

21.8 Bank account for payments

[OPTION by default: All payments will be made to the following bank account:

Name of bank: [...]

Address of branch: [...]

Full name of the account holder: [...]

Full account number (including bank codes): [...]

[IBAN code: [...]]³⁰

[OPTION if the JRC is the beneficiary: All payments will be made in accordance with Annex 3b]

21.9 Costs of payment transfers

The cost of the payment transfers is borne as follows:

- the [Commission][Agency] bears the cost of transfers charged by its bank;
- the beneficiary bears the cost of transfers charged by its bank;
- the party causing a repetition of a transfer bears all costs of the repeated transfer.

21.10 Date of payment

Payments by the [Commission][Agency] are considered to have been carried out on the date when they are debited to its account.

21.11 Consequences of non-compliance

21.11.1 If the [Commission][Agency] does not pay within the payment deadlines (see above), the beneficiary is entitled to **late-payment interest** at the rate applied by the European Central Bank (ECB) for its main refinancing operations in euros ('reference rate'), plus three and a half points. The reference rate is the rate in force on the first day of the month in which

³⁰ BIC or SWIFT code applies to for countries if the IBAN code does not apply.

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

the payment deadline expires, as published in the C series of the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

If the late-payment interest is lower than or equal to EUR 200, it will be paid to the beneficiary only upon request submitted within two months of receiving the late payment.

Late-payment interest is not due if the beneficiary is an EU Member State (including regional and local government authorities or other public bodies acting on behalf of a Member State for the purpose of this Agreement).

Suspension of the payment deadline or payments (see Articles 47 and 48) will not be considered as late payment.

Late-payment interest covers the period running from the day following the due date for payment (see above), up to and including the date of payment.

Late-payment interest is not considered for the purposes of calculating the final grant amount.

21.11.2 Not applicable

ARTICLE 22 — CHECKS, REVIEWS, AUDITS AND INVESTIGATIONS — EXTENSION OF FINDINGS

22.1 Checks, reviews and audits by the Commission [*and the Agency*]

22.1.1 Right to carry out checks

The Commission [*or the Agency*] will — during the implementation of the action or afterwards — check the proper implementation of the action and compliance with the obligations under the Agreement, including assessing deliverables and reports.

For this purpose the Commission [*or the Agency*] may be assisted by external persons or bodies.

The Commission [*or the Agency*] may also request additional information in accordance with Article 17. The Commission [*or the Agency*] may request the beneficiary to provide such information to it directly.

Information provided must be accurate, precise and complete and in the format requested, including electronic format.

22.1.2 Right to carry out reviews

The Commission [*or the Agency*] may — during the implementation of the action or afterwards — carry out reviews on the proper implementation of the action (including assessment of deliverables and reports), compliance with the obligations under the Agreement and continued scientific or technological relevance of the action.

Reviews may be started **up to two years after the payment of the balance**. They will be formally notified to the beneficiary and will be considered to have started on the date of the formal notification.

If the review is carried out on a third party (see Articles 10 to 16), the beneficiary must inform the third party.

The Commission [*or the Agency*] may carry out reviews directly (using its own staff) or indirectly (using external persons or bodies appointed to do so). It will inform the beneficiary of the identity of the external persons or bodies. It has the right to object to the appointment on grounds of commercial confidentiality.

The beneficiary must provide — within the deadline requested — any information and data in addition to deliverables and reports already submitted (including information on the use of resources). The Commission [*or the Agency*] may request the beneficiary to provide such information to it directly.

The beneficiary may be requested to participate in meetings, including with external experts.

For **on-the-spot** reviews, the beneficiary must allow access to its sites and premises, including to external persons or bodies, and must ensure that information requested is readily available.

Information provided must be accurate, precise and complete and in the format requested, including electronic format.

On the basis of the review findings, a ‘**review report**’ will be drawn up.

The Commission [*or the Agency*] will formally notify the review report to the beneficiary, which has 30 days to formally notify observations (‘**contradictory review procedure**’).

Reviews (including review reports) are in the language of the Agreement.

22.1.3 Right to carry out audits

The Commission [*or the Agency*] may — during the implementation of the action or afterwards — carry out audits on the proper implementation of the action and compliance with the obligations under the Agreement.

Audits may be started **up to two years after the payment of the balance**. They will be formally notified to the beneficiary and will be considered to have started on the date of the formal notification.

If the audit is carried out on a third party (see Articles 10 to 16), the beneficiary must inform the third party.

The Commission [*or the Agency*] may carry out audits directly (using its own staff) or indirectly (using external persons or bodies appointed to do so). It will inform the beneficiary

of the identity of the external persons or bodies. It has the right to object to the appointment on grounds of commercial confidentiality.

The beneficiary must provide — within the deadline requested — any information (including complete accounts, individual salary statements or other personal data) to verify compliance with the Agreement. The Commission [*or the Agency*] may request the beneficiary to provide such information to it directly.

For **on-the-spot** audits, the beneficiary must allow access to its sites and premises, including to external persons or bodies, and must ensure that information requested is readily available.

Information provided must be accurate, precise and complete and in the format requested, including electronic format.

On the basis of the audit findings, a **‘draft audit report’** will be drawn up.

The Commission [*or the Agency*] will formally notify the draft audit report to the beneficiary, which has 30 days to formally notify observations (**‘contradictory audit procedure’**). This period may be extended by the Commission [*or the Agency*] in justified cases.

The **‘final audit report’** will take into account observations by the beneficiary. The report will be formally notified to it.

Audits (including audit reports) are in the language of the Agreement.

The Commission [*or the Agency*] may also access the beneficiary’ statutory records for the periodical assessment of unit costs or flat-rate amounts [*or lump sums*].

22.2 Investigations by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF)

Under Regulations No 883/2013³¹ and No 2185/96³² (and in accordance with their provisions and procedures), the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) may — at any moment during implementation of the action or afterwards — carry out investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, to establish whether, concerning the action funded under the Agreement, there has been fraud, corruption or any other illegal activity affecting the financial interests of the EU.

22.3 Checks and audits by the European Court of Auditors (ECA)

³¹ Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 September 2013 concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1073/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (Euratom) No 1074/1999 (OJ L 248, 18.09.2013, p. 1).

³² Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/1996 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other irregularities (OJ L 292, 15.11.1996, p. 2).

Under Article 287 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU) and Article 161 of the Financial Regulation No 966/2012³³, the European Court of Auditors (ECA) may — at any moment during implementation of the action or afterwards — carry out audits.

The ECA has the right of access for the purpose of checks and audits.

22.4 Checks, reviews, audits and investigations for international organisations

[OPTION for international organisations: In conformity with its financial regulations, the European Union, including the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and the European Court of Auditors (ECA), may undertake, including on the spot, checks, reviews audits and investigations.

This Article will be applied in accordance with any specific agreement concluded in this respect by the international organisation and the European Union.]

[OPTION: not applicable]

22.5 Consequences of findings in checks, reviews, audits and investigations — Extension of findings

22.5.1 Findings in this grant

Findings in checks, reviews, audits or investigations carried out in the context of this grant may lead to the rejection of ineligible costs (see Article 42), reduction of the grant (see Article 43), recovery of undue amounts (see Article 44) or to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

Rejection of costs or reduction of the grant after the payment of the balance will lead to a revised final grant amount (see Article 5.4).

Findings in checks, reviews, audits or investigations may lead to a request for amendment for the modification of Annex 1 (see Article 55).

Checks, reviews, audits or investigations that find systemic or recurrent errors, irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations may also lead to consequences in other EU or Euratom grants awarded under similar conditions (**‘extension of findings from this grant to other grants’**).

Moreover, findings arising from an OLAF investigation may lead to criminal prosecution under national law.

22.5.2 Findings in other grants

The Commission *[or the Agency]* may extend findings from other grants to this grant (**‘extension of findings from other grants to this grant’**), if:

³³ Regulation (EU, EURATOM) No 966/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on the financial rules applicable to the general budget of the Union and repealing Council Regulation (EC, EURATOM) No 1605/2002 (OJ L 298, 26.10.2012, p. 1).

- (a) the beneficiary is found, in other EU or Euratom grants awarded under similar conditions, to have committed systemic or recurrent errors, irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations that have a material impact on this grant and
- (b) those findings are formally notified to the beneficiary — together with the list of grants affected by the findings — no later than two years after the payment of the balance of this grant.

The extension of findings may lead to the rejection of costs (see Article 42), reduction of the grant (see Article 43), recovery of undue amounts (see Article 44), suspension of payments (see Article 48), suspension of the action implementation (see Article 49) or termination (see Article 50).

22.5.3 Procedure

The Commission [*or the Agency*] will formally notify the beneficiary the systemic or recurrent errors, together with the list of grants affected by the findings.

22.5.3.1 If the findings concern **eligibility of costs**: the formal notification will include:

- (a) an invitation to submit observations on the list of grants affected by the findings;
- (b) the request to submit **revised financial statements** for all grants affected;
- (c) the **correction rate for extrapolation** established by the Commission [*or the Agency*] on the basis of the systemic or recurrent errors, to calculate the amounts to be rejected if the beneficiary:
 - (i) considers that the submission of revised financial statements is not possible or practicable or
 - (ii) does not submit revised financial statements.

The beneficiary has 90 days from receiving notification to submit observations, revised financial statements or to propose a duly substantiated **alternative correction method**. This period may be extended by the Commission [*or the Agency*] in justified cases.

The Commission [*or the Agency*] will determine the amounts to be rejected on the basis of the revised financial statements, subject to their approval.

If the Commission [*or the Agency*] does not receive any observations or revised financial statements, does not accept the observations or the proposed alternative correction method or does not approve the revised financial statements, it will formally notify the beneficiary the application of the initially notified correction rate for extrapolation.

If the Commission [*or the Agency*] accepts the alternative correction method proposed by the beneficiary, it will formally notify the application of the accepted alternative correction method.

22.5.3.2 If the findings concern **improper implementation** or a **breach of another obligation**: the formal notification will include:

- (a) an invitation to submit observations on the list of grants affected by the findings and
- (b) the flat-rate the Commission [*or the Agency*] intends to apply according to the principle of proportionality.

The beneficiary has 90 days from receiving notification to submit observations or to propose a duly substantiated alternative flat-rate.

If the Commission [*or the Agency*] does not receive any observations or does not accept the observations or the proposed alternative flat-rate, it will formally notify the beneficiary the application of the initially notified flat-rate.

If the Commission [*or the Agency*] accepts the alternative flat-rate proposed by the beneficiary, it will formally notify the application of the accepted alternative flat-rate.

22.6 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under this Article, any insufficiently substantiated costs will be ineligible (see Article 6) and will be rejected (see Article 42).

Such breaches may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 23 — EVALUATION OF THE IMPACT OF THE ACTION

23.1 Right to evaluate the impact of the action

The Commission [*or the Agency*] may carry out interim and final evaluations of the impact of the action measured against the objective of the [EU][*Euratom*] programme.

Evaluations may be started during implementation of the action and up to [**OPTION by default: five**][**OPTION for low value grants: three**] years after the payment of the balance. The evaluation is considered to start on the date of the formal notification to the beneficiary.

The Commission [*or the Agency*] may make these evaluations directly (using its own staff) or indirectly (using external bodies or persons it has authorised to do so).

The beneficiary must provide any information relevant to evaluate the impact of the action, including information in electronic format.

23.2 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under this Article, the Commission [*or the Agency*] may apply the measures described in Chapter 6.

SECTION 3 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO BACKGROUND AND RESULTS

SUBSECTION 1 GENERAL

ARTICLE 23a — MANAGEMENT OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

23a.1 Obligation to take measures to implement the Commission Recommendation on the management of intellectual property in knowledge transfer activities

If the beneficiary is a university or other public research organisation it must take measures to implement the principles set out in Points 1 and 2 of the Code of Practice annexed to the Commission Recommendation on the management of intellectual property in knowledge transfer activities³⁴.

This does not change the obligations set out in Subsections 2 and 3 of this Section.

The beneficiary must ensure that researchers and third parties involved in the action are aware of them.

23a.2 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches its obligations under this Article, the [Commission][Agency] may apply any of the measures described in Chapter 6.

SUBSECTION 2 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO BACKGROUND

ARTICLE 24 — AGREEMENT ON BACKGROUND

[OPTION if an option under Article 25.5 applies: The beneficiary must identify (in writing) the background for the action.

‘Background’ means any data, know-how or information — whatever its form or nature (tangible or intangible), including any rights such as intellectual property rights — that:

(a) is held by the beneficiary before its accession to the Agreement, and

(b) is needed to implement the action or exploit the results.]

[OPTION: not applicable]

ARTICLE 25 — ACCESS RIGHTS TO BACKGROUND

25.1 Exercise of access rights — Waiving of access rights — No sub-licensing

To exercise access rights, this must first be requested in writing (‘**request for access**’).

³⁴ Commission Recommendation C (2008) 1329 of 10.4.2008 on the management of intellectual property in knowledge transfer activities and the Code of Practice for universities and other public research institutions attached to this recommendation.

‘**Access rights**’ means rights to use results or background under the terms and conditions laid down in this Agreement.

Waivers of access rights are not valid unless in writing.

Unless agreed otherwise, access rights do not include the right to sub-license.

25.2 Access rights for other beneficiaries, for implementing their own tasks under the action

Not applicable

25.3 Access rights for other beneficiaries, for exploiting their own results

Not applicable

25.4 Access rights for affiliated entities

Not applicable³⁵, ³⁶

25.5 Access rights for third parties

[OPTION for access to research infrastructures: The access provider must — unless it is subject to legal restrictions or limits, including those imposed by the rights of third parties (including personnel) — give access to the users to the background of the access provider needed to implement the action.

The access provider must inform the users as soon as possible of any restriction which might substantially affect the granting of access rights.]

[OPTION: not applicable]

25.6 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under this Article, the grant may be reduced (see Article 43).

Such breaches may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

SUBSECTION 3 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO RESULTS

ARTICLE 26 — OWNERSHIP OF RESULTS

26.1 Ownership by the beneficiary that generates the results

³⁵ Not applicable.

³⁶ Not applicable.

Results are owned by the beneficiary that generates them.

‘Results’ means any (tangible or intangible) output of the action such as data, knowledge or information — whatever its form or nature, whether it can be protected or not — that is generated in the action, as well as any rights attached to it, including intellectual property rights.

26.2 Joint ownership by several beneficiaries

Not applicable

26.3 Rights of third parties (including personnel)

26.3 Rights of third parties (including personnel)

If third parties (including personnel) may claim rights to the results, the beneficiary must ensure that it complies with its obligations under the Agreement.

If a third party generates results for a beneficiary, the beneficiary must obtain all necessary rights (transfer, licences or other) from the third party, in order to be able to respect its obligations as if those results were generated by the beneficiary itself and ensure its possibility to commercially exploit the results (‘freedom to operate’).

For this purpose, it must:

- in agreements with employees or third parties involved in the action (such as, for instance, subcontractors): retain the right to commercially exploit the results (at least for the forms of exploitation set out in the ‘commercialisation plan ’; see Annex 1), if necessary by agreeing to a licence and
- in all other cases: take measures to obtain, from the third parties, licences for the exploitation.

If obtaining the rights is impossible, the beneficiary must refrain from using third parties to generate the results.

26.4 [EU][Euratom][Agency] ownership, to protect results

26.4.1 [The EU][Euratom][The Agency] may — with the consent of the beneficiary — assume ownership of results to protect them, if the beneficiary intends — up to four years after the period set out in Article 3 — to disseminate its results without protecting them, except in any of the following cases:

- (a) the lack of protection is because protecting the results is not possible, reasonable or justified (given the circumstances);
- (b) the lack of protection is because there is a lack of potential for commercial or industrial exploitation, or

- (c) the beneficiary intends to transfer the results to a third party established in an EU Member State or associated country, which will protect them.

Before the results are disseminated and unless any of the cases above under Points (a), (b) or (c) applies, the beneficiary must formally notify the *[Commission]**[Agency]* and at the same time inform it of any reasons for refusing consent. The beneficiary may refuse consent only if it can show that its legitimate interests would suffer significant harm.

If the *[Commission]**[Agency]* decides to assume ownership, it will formally notify the beneficiary within 45 days of receiving notification.

No dissemination relating to these results may take place before the end of this period or, if the *[Commission]**[Agency]* takes a positive decision, until it has taken the necessary steps to protect the results.

26.4.2 *[The EU]**[Euratom]**[The Agency]* may — with the consent of the beneficiary — assume ownership of results to protect them, if the beneficiary intends — up to four years after the period set out in Article 3 — to stop protecting them or not to seek an extension of protection, except in any of the following cases:

- (a) the protection is stopped because of a lack of potential for commercial or industrial exploitation;
- (b) an extension would not be justified given the circumstances.

The beneficiary that intends to stop protecting results or not seek an extension must — unless any of the cases above under Points (a) or (b) applies — formally notify the *[Commission]**[Agency]* at least 60 days before the protection lapses or its extension is no longer possible and at the same time inform it of any reasons for refusing consent. The beneficiary may refuse consent only if it can show that its legitimate interests would suffer significant harm.

If the *[Commission]**[Agency]* decides to assume ownership, it will formally notify the beneficiary within 45 days of receiving notification.

26.5 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under this Article, the grant may be reduced (see Article 43).

Such breaches may also lead to the any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 27 — PROTECTION OF RESULTS — VISIBILITY OF EU FUNDING

27.1 General obligation to protect the results

The beneficiary must examine the possibility of protecting its results and must adequately protect them — for an appropriate period and with appropriate territorial coverage — if:

- (a) the results can reasonably be expected to be commercially or industrially exploited and
- (b) protecting them is possible, reasonable and justified (given the circumstances).

When deciding on protection, the beneficiary must consider its own legitimate interests.

27.2 [EU][Euratom][Agency] ownership, to protect the results

If the beneficiary intends not to protect its results, to stop protecting them or not seek an extension of protection, [the EU][Euratom][the Agency] may — under certain conditions (see Article 26.4) — assume ownership to ensure their (continued) protection.

27.3 Information on EU funding

Applications for protection of results (including patent applications) filed by or on behalf of the beneficiary must — unless the [Commission][Agency] requests or agrees otherwise or unless it is impossible — include the following:

“The project leading to this application has received funding from the [European Union’s Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme][Euratom research and training programme 2014-2018] under grant agreement No [number]”.

27.4 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under this Article, the grant may be reduced (see Article 43).

Such a breach may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 28 — EXPLOITATION OF RESULTS

28.1 General obligation to exploit the results

The beneficiary must — up to four years after the period set out in Article 3 — take measures aiming to ensure ‘**exploitation**’ of its results (either directly or indirectly, in particular through transfer or licensing; see Article 30) by:

- (a) using them in further research activities (outside the action);
- (b) developing, creating or marketing a product or process;
- (c) creating and providing a service, or
- (d) using them in standardisation activities.

[OPTION for additional exploitation obligations if foreseen in the work programme: In addition, the beneficiary must — up to four years after the period set out in Article 3 — comply with the additional exploitation obligations set out in Annex 1.]

This does not change the security obligations in Article 37, which still apply.

28.2 Results that could contribute to European or international standards — Information on EU funding

[OPTION for results that could contribute to standards if foreseen in the work programme: If results could reasonably be expected to contribute to European or international standards, the beneficiary must — up to four years after the period set out in Article 3 — inform the [Commission][Agency].]

If results are incorporated in a standard, the beneficiary must — unless the [Commission][Agency] requests or agrees otherwise or unless it is impossible — ask the standardisation body to include the following statement in (information related to) the standard:

“Results incorporated in this standard received funding from the [European Union’s Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme][Euratom research and training programme 2014-2018] under grant agreement No [Number]”.

28.3 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under this Article, the grant may be reduced in accordance with Article 43.

Such a breach may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 29 — DISSEMINATION OF RESULTS — OPEN ACCESS — VISIBILITY OF EU FUNDING

29.1 General obligation to disseminate results

Unless it goes against its legitimate interests, the beneficiary must — as soon as possible — ‘disseminate’ its results by disclosing them to the public by appropriate means (other than those resulting from protecting or exploiting the results), including in scientific publications (in any medium).

[OPTION for additional dissemination obligations if foreseen in the work programme: In addition, the beneficiary must comply with the additional dissemination obligations set out in Annex 1.]

[OPTION for additional dissemination obligations for interoperability if foreseen in the work programme: Moreover, the beneficiary must — up to four years after the period set out in Article 3 — disseminate any technical specifications of the results that are needed for interoperability.]

[OPTION for additional dissemination obligations for cross-border interoperability if foreseen in the work programme: Moreover, the beneficiary must — up to four years after the period set out in Article 3 — disseminate the deliverables relating to cross-border

interoperability (see Annex 1) and any results needed for cross-border interoperability (in particular common technical specifications and software components).]

This does not change the obligation to protect results in Article 27, the confidentiality obligations in Article 36, the security obligations in Article 37 or the obligations to protect personal data in Article 39, all of which still apply.

If the beneficiary intends not to protect its results, it may — under certain conditions (see Article 26.4.1) — need to formally notify the [Commission][Agency] before dissemination takes place.

29.2 Open access to scientific publications

The beneficiary must ensure open access (free of charge, online access for any user) to all peer-reviewed scientific publications relating to its results.

In particular, it must:

- (a) as soon as possible and at the latest on publication, deposit a machine-readable electronic copy of the published version or final peer-reviewed manuscript accepted for publication in a repository for scientific publications;

Moreover, the beneficiary must aim to deposit at the same time the research data needed to validate the results presented in the deposited scientific publications.

- (b) ensure open access to the deposited publication — via the repository — at the latest:
 - (i) on publication, if an electronic version is available for free via the publisher, or
 - (ii) within six months of publication (twelve months for publications in the social sciences and humanities) in any other case.
- (c) ensure open access — via the repository — to the bibliographic metadata that identify the deposited publication.

The bibliographic metadata must be in a standard format and must include all of the following:

- the terms [*"European Union (EU)" and "Horizon 2020"*][*"Euratom" and Euratom research and training programme 2014-2018"*];
- the name of the action, acronym and grant number;
- the publication date, and length of embargo period if applicable, and
- a persistent identifier.

29.3 Open access to research data

[OPTION for actions participating in the open Research Data Pilot: *Regarding the digital research data generated in the action ('data'), the beneficiary must:*

- (a) *deposit in a research data repository and take measures to make it possible for third parties to access, mine, exploit, reproduce and disseminate — free of charge for any user — the following:*
 - (i) *the data, including associated metadata, needed to validate the results presented in scientific publications as soon as possible;*
 - (ii) *other data, including associated metadata, as specified and within the deadlines laid down in the 'data management plan' (see Annex I);*
- (b) *provide information — via the repository — about tools and instruments at the disposal of the beneficiary and necessary for validating the results (and — where possible — provide the tools and instruments themselves).*

This does not change the obligation to protect results in Article 27, the confidentiality obligations in Article 36, the security obligations in Article 37 or the obligations to protect personal data in Article 39, all of which still apply.

As an exception, the beneficiary does not have to ensure open access to specific parts of its research data if the achievement of the action's main objective, as described in Annex I, would be jeopardised by making those specific parts of the research data openly accessible. In this case, the data management plan must contain the reasons for not giving access.]

[OPTION: not applicable]

29.4 Information on EU funding — Obligation and right to use the EU emblem

Unless the [Commission][Agency] requests or agrees otherwise or unless it is impossible, any dissemination of results (in any form, including electronic) must:

- (a) display the EU emblem and
- (b) include the following text:

“This project has received funding from the [European Union’s Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme][Euratom research and training programme 2014-2018] under grant agreement No [Number]”.

When displayed together with another logo, the EU emblem must have appropriate prominence.

For the purposes of its obligations under this Article, the beneficiary may use the EU emblem without first obtaining approval from the [Commission][Agency].

This does not however give it the right to exclusive use.

Moreover, the beneficiary may not appropriate the EU emblem or any similar trademark or logo, either by registration or by any other means.

29.5 Disclaimer excluding [Commission][Agency] responsibility

Any dissemination of results must indicate that it reflects only the author's view and that the [Commission][Agency] is not responsible for any use that may be made of the information it contains.

29.6 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under this Article, the grant may be reduced (see Article 43).

Such a breach may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 30 — TRANSFER AND LICENSING OF RESULTS

30.1 Transfer of ownership

The beneficiary may transfer ownership of its results.

It must however ensure that its obligations under Articles 26.2, 26.4, 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31 also apply to the new owner and that this owner has the obligation to pass them on in any subsequent transfer.

This does not change the security obligations in Article 37, which still apply.

30.2 Granting licences

The beneficiary may grant licences to its results (or otherwise give the right to exploit them), if:

- (a) this does not impede the access rights under Article 31 and
- (b) *[OPTION if additional exploitation obligations in Annex 1: the beneficiary complies with its additional exploitation obligations (see Article 28.1 and Annex 1)] [OPTION: not applicable].*

This does not change the dissemination obligations in Article 29 or security obligations in Article 37, which still apply.

30.3 [Commission][Agency] right to object to transfers or licensing

[OPTION for EU grants: The [Commission][Agency] may — up to four years after the period set out in Article 3 — object to a transfer of ownership or the exclusive licensing of results, if:

- (a) *it is to a third party established in a non-EU country not associated with Horizon 2020 and*
- (b) *the [Commission][Agency] considers that the transfer or licence is not in line with EU interests regarding competitiveness or is inconsistent with ethical principles or security considerations.*

The beneficiary that intends to transfer ownership or grant an exclusive licence must formally notify the [Commission][Agency] before the intended transfer or licensing takes place and:

- *identify the specific results concerned;*
- *describe in detail the new owner or licensee and the planned or potential exploitation of the results, and*
- *include a reasoned assessment of the likely impact of the transfer or licence on EU competitiveness and its consistency with ethical principles and security considerations.*

The [Commission][Agency] may request additional information.

If the [Commission][Agency] decides to object to a transfer or exclusive licence, it must formally notify the beneficiary within 60 days of receiving notification (or any additional information it has requested).

No transfer or licensing may take place in the following cases:

- *pending the [Commission][Agency] decision, within the period set out above;*
- *if the [Commission][Agency] objects;*
- *until the conditions are complied with, if the [Commission][Agency] objection comes with conditions.]*

[OPTION for Euratom grants: *The Commission may [OPTION:— up to four years after the period set out in Article 3 —] object to a transfer of ownership or the exclusive or non-exclusive licensing of results, if:*

- (a) *it is to a third party established in a non-EU country not associated to the Euratom research and training programme 2014-2018, and*
- (b) *the Commission considers that the transfer or licence is not in line with the EU interests regarding competitiveness or is inconsistent with ethical principles or security considerations.*

Security considerations include the defence interests of the Member States under Article 24 of the Euratom Treaty.

The beneficiary that intends to transfer ownership or grant a licence must formally notify the Commission before the intended transfer or licensing takes place and:

- *identify the specific results concerned;*
- *describe in detail the results, the new owner or licensee and the planned or potential exploitation of the results, and*
- *include a reasoned assessment of the likely impact of the transfer or licence on EU competitiveness and its consistency with ethical principles and security considerations.*

The Commission may request additional information.

If the Commission decides to object to a transfer or licence, it will formally notify the beneficiary within 60 days of receiving notification (or any additional information requested).

No transfer or licensing may take place in the following cases:

- *pending the Commission decision, within the period set out above;*
- *if the Commission objects;*
- *until the conditions are complied with, if the Commission objection comes with conditions.]*

[OPTION: not applicable]

30.4 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under this Article, the grant may be reduced (see Article 43).

Such a breach may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 31 — ACCESS RIGHTS TO RESULTS

31.1 Exercise of access rights — Waiving of access rights — No sub-licensing

The conditions set out in Article 25.1 apply.

The obligations set out in this Article do not change the security obligations in Article 37, which still apply.

31.2 Access rights for other beneficiaries, for implementing their own tasks under the action

Not applicable

31.3 Access rights for other beneficiaries, for exploiting their own results

Not applicable

31.4 Access rights of affiliated entities

Not applicable

31.5 Access rights for the EU institutions, bodies, offices or agencies and EU Member States

[OPTION by default for EU grants: *The beneficiary must give access to its results — on a royalty-free basis — to EU institutions, bodies, offices or agencies, for developing, implementing or monitoring EU policies or programmes.*

Such access rights are limited to non-commercial and non-competitive use.

This does not change the right to use any material, document or information received from the beneficiary for communication and publicising activities (see Article 38.2).]

[OPTION for calls under Specific Objective ‘Secure societies - Protecting freedom and security of Europe and its citizens’: *The beneficiary must give access to its results — on a royalty-free basis — to EU institutions, bodies, offices and agencies as well as EU Member States’ national authorities, necessary for developing, implementing or monitoring their policies or programmes in this area.*

Such access rights are limited to non-commercial and non-competitive use.

Access is conditional on an agreement to define specific conditions ensuring that:

- (a) the access will be used only for the intended purpose and*
- (b) appropriate confidentiality obligations are in place.*

The requesting EU Member State or EU institution, body, office or agency must inform all other EU Member States of such a request.

This does not change the security obligations in Article 37, which still apply.]

[OPTION for Euratom grants: *The beneficiary must give access to its results — on a royalty-free basis — to the European Atomic Energy Community (Euratom) and its joint undertakings, for developing, implementing and monitoring Euratom policies and programmes or for compliance with obligations assumed through international cooperation with third countries and international organisations.*

As an exception to Article 31.1, such access rights include the right to authorise third parties to use the results in public procurement and the right to sublicense and are limited to non-commercial and non-competitive use.]

31.6 Access rights for third parties

[OPTION for additional access rights for complementary grants if foreseen in the work programme: *The beneficiary must give — under the conditions set out below — access to its results to complementary beneficiaries³⁷, for the purposes of the complementary grant agreement(s) (see Article 2).*

The beneficiary must give complementary beneficiaries access — on a royalty-free basis — to results needed for implementing their own tasks under the complementary grant.

The beneficiary must give complementary beneficiaries — under fair and reasonable conditions — access to results needed for exploiting their own results.

'Fair and reasonable conditions' *means appropriate conditions, including possible financial terms or royalty-free conditions, taking into account the specific circumstances of the request for access, for example the actual or potential value of the results to which access is requested and/or the scope, duration or other characteristics of the exploitation envisaged.*

Requests for access for exploitation purposes may be made — unless agreed otherwise — up to one year after the period set out in Article 3.]

[OPTION for additional access rights for interoperability if foreseen in the work programme: *The beneficiary must give third parties — up to four years after the period set out in Article 3 and [OPTION: under fair and reasonable conditions][OPTION: on a royalty-free basis] — access to its results needed for interoperability.*

[OPTION if fair and reasonable conditions apply: **'Fair and reasonable conditions'** *means appropriate conditions, including possible financial terms or royalty-free conditions, taking into account the specific circumstances of the request for access, for example the actual or potential value of the results to which access is requested and/or the scope, duration or other characteristics of the exploitation envisaged.]]*

[OPTION for additional access rights for cross-border interoperability if foreseen in the work programme: *The beneficiary must give third parties — up to four years after the period set out in Article 3 and on a royalty-free basis — access to its results needed for interoperability, in particular for implementing the results in EU Member States or associated countries that are not participating in the action.*

The beneficiary must give access to software components under an EU public license (or compatible licenses) and must comply with any additional requirements set out in Annex 1.]

[OPTION for access to research infrastructures: *The access provider must give the users access to the results, if needed to implement the action.]*

[OPTION: not applicable]

³⁷ **'Complementary beneficiary'** means a beneficiary of a complementary grant agreement.

31.7 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under this Article, the grant may be reduced (see Article 43).

Such breaches may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

SECTION 4 OTHER RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

ARTICLE 32 — RECRUITMENT AND WORKING CONDITIONS FOR RESEARCHERS

32.1 Obligation to take measures to implement the European Charter for Researchers and Code of Conduct for the Recruitment of Researchers

The beneficiary must take all measures to implement the principles set out in the Commission Recommendation on the European Charter for Researchers and the Code of Conduct for the Recruitment of Researchers³⁸, in particular regarding:

- working conditions;
- transparent recruitment processes based on merit, and
- career development.

The beneficiary must ensure that researchers and third parties involved in the action are aware of them.

32.2 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches its obligations under this Article, the [Commission][Agency] may apply any of the measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 33 — GENDER EQUALITY

33.1 Obligation to aim for gender equality

The beneficiary must take all measures to promote equal opportunities between men and women in the implementation of the action. It must aim, to the extent possible, for a gender balance at all levels of personnel assigned to the action, including at supervisory and managerial level.

33.2 Consequences of non-compliance

³⁸ Commission recommendation (EC) No 251/2005 of 11 March 2005 on the European Charter for Researchers and on a Code of Conduct for the Recruitment of Researchers (OJ L 75, 22.03.2005, p. 67).

If the beneficiary breaches its obligations under this Article, the [Commission][Agency] may apply any of the measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 34 — ETHICS

34.1 General obligation to comply with ethical principles

The beneficiary must carry out the action in compliance with:

- (a) ethical principles (including the highest standards of research integrity — as set out, for instance, in the European Code of Conduct for Research Integrity³⁹ — and including, in particular, avoiding fabrication, falsification, plagiarism or other research misconduct) and
- (b) applicable international, EU and national law.

Funding will not be granted for activities carried out outside the EU if they are prohibited in all Member States.

The beneficiary must ensure that the activities under the action have an exclusive focus on civil applications.

The beneficiary must ensure that the activities under the action do not:

- (a) aim at human cloning for reproductive purposes;
- (b) intend to modify the genetic heritage of human beings which could make such changes heritable (with the exception of research relating to cancer treatment of the gonads, which may be financed), or
- (c) intend to create human embryos solely for the purpose of research or for the purpose of stem cell procurement, including by means of somatic cell nuclear transfer.

34.2 Activities raising ethical issues

Activities raising ethical issues must comply with the ‘**ethics requirements**’ set out in Annex 1.

Before the beginning of an activity raising an ethical issue, the beneficiary must submit (see Article 52) to the [Commission][Agency] copy of:

- (a) any ethics committee opinion required under national law and
- (b) any notification or authorisation for activities raising ethical issues required under national law.

³⁹ The European Code of Conduct for Research Integrity of ALLEA (All European Academies) and ESF (European Science Foundation) of March 2011.
http://www.esf.org/fileadmin/Public_documents/Publications/Code_Conduct_ResearchIntegrity.pdf

If these documents are not in English, the beneficiary must also submit an English summary of the submitted opinions, notifications and authorisations (containing, if available, the conclusions of the committee or authority concerned).

If these documents are specifically requested for the action, the request must contain an explicit reference to the action title. The beneficiary must submit a declaration that all the submitted documents cover the action tasks.

34.3 Activities involving human embryos or human embryonic stem cells

[OPTION for activities potentially involving research on human embryos or human embryonic stem cells: Activities involving research on human embryos or human embryonic stem cells may be carried out only if:

- *they are set out in Annex 1 or*
- *the beneficiary has obtained explicit approval (in writing) from the [Commission][Agency] (see Article 52).]*

[OPTION: not applicable]

34.4 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under this Article, the grant may be reduced (see Article 43) and the Agreement may be terminated (see Article 50).

Such breaches may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 35 — CONFLICT OF INTERESTS

35.1 Obligation to avoid a conflict of interests

The beneficiary must take all measures to prevent any situation where the impartial and objective implementation of the action is compromised for reasons involving economic interest, political or national affinity, family or emotional ties or any other shared interest ('**conflict of interests**').

It must formally notify to the [Commission][Agency] without delay any situation constituting or likely to lead to a conflict of interests and immediately take all the necessary steps to rectify this situation.

The [Commission][Agency] may verify that the measures taken are appropriate and may require additional measures to be taken by a specified deadline.

35.2 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under this Article, the grant may be reduced (see Article 43) and the Agreement may be terminated (see Article 50).

Such breaches may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 36 — CONFIDENTIALITY

36.1 General obligation to maintain confidentiality

During implementation of the action and for four years after the period set out in Article 3, the parties must keep confidential any data, documents or other material (in any form) that is identified as confidential at the time it is disclosed (**‘confidential information’**).

If the beneficiary requests, the *[Commission][Agency]* may agree to keep such information confidential for an additional period beyond the initial four years.

If information has been identified as confidential only orally, it will be considered to be confidential only if this is confirmed in writing within 15 days of the oral disclosure.

Unless otherwise agreed between the parties, they may use confidential information only to implement the Agreement.

The beneficiary may disclose confidential information to its personnel or third parties involved in the action only if they:

- (b) need to know to implement the Agreement and
- (c) are bound by an obligation of confidentiality.

This does not change the security obligations in Article 37, which still apply.

The *[Commission][Agency]* may disclose confidential information to its staff, other EU institutions and bodies or third parties, if:

- (a) this is necessary to implement the Agreement or safeguard the EU’s financial interests and
- (b) the recipients of the information are bound by an obligation of confidentiality.

Under the conditions set out in Article 4 of the Rules for participation Regulation No **XXX**/2013⁴⁰, the Commission must moreover make available information on the results to other EU institutions, bodies, offices or agencies as well as Member States or associated countries.

The confidentiality obligations no longer apply if:

- (a) the disclosing party agrees to release the other party;

⁴⁰ Regulation (EU) No **XX**/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of **XX** laying down the rules for the participation and dissemination in Horizon 2020 – the Framework Programme for Research and Innovation (2014–2020) (OJ L **XX**, **XX**, p. **XX**).

- (b) the information was already known by the recipient or is given to him without obligation of confidentiality by a third party that was not bound by any obligation of confidentiality;
- (c) the recipient proves that the information was developed without the use of confidential information;
- (d) the information becomes generally and publicly available, without breaching any confidentiality obligation, or
- (e) the disclosure of the information is required by EU or national law.

36.2 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under this Article, the grant may be reduced (see Article 43).

Such breaches may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 37 — SECURITY-RELATED OBLIGATIONS

37.1 Activities raising security issues

[OPTION: Before disclosing results of activities raising security issues to a third party (including affiliated entities), the beneficiary must request written approval from the [Commission][Agency].]

[OPTION: not applicable]

37.2 Classified deliverables

[OPTION: Activities related to ‘classified deliverables’ (see Annex 1) must comply with the ‘security requirements’ (Security Aspect Letter (SAL) and the Security Classification Guide (SCG)) set out in Annex 1 until they are declassified.

Action tasks related to classified deliverables may not be subcontracted without prior explicit written approval from the [Commission][Agency].

The beneficiary must inform the [Commission][Agency] of any changes in the security context and — if necessary — request for Annex 1 to be amended (see Article 55).]

[OPTION: not applicable]

37.3 Activities involving dual-use goods or dangerous materials and substances

[OPTION: Activities involving dual-use goods or dangerous materials and substances must comply with applicable EU, national and international law.

Before the beginning of the activity, the beneficiary must submit to the [Commission][Agency] (see Article 52) a copy of any export or transfer licences required under EU, national or international law.]

[OPTION: not applicable]

37.4 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under this Article, the grant may be reduced (see Article 43).

Such breaches may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.]

[OPTION: not applicable]

ARTICLE 38 — PROMOTING THE ACTION — VISIBILITY OF EU FUNDING

38.1 Communication activities by the beneficiary

38.1.1 General obligation to promote the action and its results

The beneficiary must promote the action and its results, by providing targeted information to multiple audiences (including the media and the public) in a strategic and effective manner.

This does not change the dissemination obligations in Article 29, the confidentiality obligations in Article 36 or the security obligations in Article 37, all of which still apply.

Before engaging in a communication activity expected to have a major media impact, the beneficiary must inform the [Commission][Agency] (see Article 52).

38.1.2 Information on EU funding — Obligation and right to use the EU emblem

Unless the [Commission][Agency] requests or agrees otherwise or unless it is impossible, any communication activity related to the action (including in electronic form, via social media, etc.) and any infrastructure funded by the grant must:

- (a) display the EU emblem and
- (b) include the following text:

“This project has received funding from the [European Union’s Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme][Euratom research and training programme 2014-2018] under grant agreement No [number]”.

When displayed together with another logo, the EU emblem must have appropriate prominence.

For the purposes of its obligations under this Article, the beneficiary may use the EU emblem without first obtaining approval from the [Commission][Agency].

This does not, however, give it the right to exclusive use.

Moreover, the beneficiary may not appropriate the EU emblem or any similar trademark or logo, either by registration or by any other means.

38.1.3 Disclaimer excluding [Commission][Agency] responsibility

Any communication activity related to the action must indicate that it reflects only the author's view and that the [Commission][Agency] is not responsible for any use that may be made of the information it contains.

38.2 Communication activities by the [Commission][Agency]

38.2.1 Right to use beneficiary's materials, documents or information

The [Commission][Agency] may use, for its communication and publicising activities, information relating to the action, documents notably summaries for publication and public deliverables as well as any other material, such as pictures or audio-visual material that it receives from the beneficiary (including in electronic form).

This does not change the confidentiality obligations in Article 36 and the security obligations in Article 37, all of which still apply.

However, if the [Commission's][Agency's] use of these materials, documents or information would risk compromising legitimate interests, the beneficiary may request the [Commission][Agency] not to use it (see Article 52).

The right to use the beneficiary's materials, documents and information includes:

- (a) **use for its own purposes** (in particular, making them available to persons working for the [Commission][Agency] or any other EU institution, body, office or agency or body or institutions in EU Member States; and copying or reproducing them in whole or in part, in unlimited numbers);
- (b) **distribution to the public** (in particular, publication as hard copies and in electronic or digital format, publication on the internet, as a downloadable or non-downloadable file, broadcasting by any channel, public display or presentation, communicating through press information services, or inclusion in widely accessible databases or indexes);
- (c) **editing or redrafting** for communication and publicising activities (including shortening, summarising, inserting other elements (such as meta-data, legends, other graphic, visual, audio or text elements), extracting parts (e.g. audio or video files), dividing into parts, use in a compilation);
- (d) **translation;**

- (e) giving **access in response to individual requests** under Regulation No 1049/2001⁴¹, without the right to reproduce or exploit;
- (f) **storage** in paper, electronic or other form;
- (g) **archiving**, in line with applicable document-management rules, and
- (h) the right to authorise **third parties** to act on its behalf or sub-license the modes of use set out in Points (b), (c), (d) and (f) to third parties if needed for the communication and publicising activities of the [Commission][Agency].

If the right of use is subject to rights of a third party (including personnel of the beneficiary), the beneficiary must ensure that it complies with its obligations under this Agreement (in particular, by obtaining the necessary approval from the third parties concerned).

Where applicable (and if provided by the beneficiary), the [Commission][Agency] will insert the following information:

“© – [year] – [name of the copyright owner]. All rights reserved. Licensed to the [European Union (EU)][Euratom][Agency] under conditions.”

38.3 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under this Article, the grant may be reduced (see Article 43).

Such breaches may also lead to any of the other measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 39 — PROCESSING OF PERSONAL DATA

39.1 Processing of personal data by the [Commission][Agency]

Any personal data under the Agreement will be processed by the [Commission][Agency] under Regulation No 45/2001⁴² and according to the ‘notifications of the processing operations’ to the Data Protection Officer (DPO) of the [Commission][Agency] (publicly accessible in the DPO register).

Such data will be processed by the ‘**data controller**’ of the [Commission][Agency] for the purposes of implementing, managing and monitoring the Agreement (including checks, reviews, audits and investigations; see Article 22).

The persons whose personal data are processed have the right to access and correct their own personal data. For this purpose, they must send any queries about the processing of their personal data to the data controller, via the contact point indicated in the ‘service specific privacy statement (SSPS)’ on the [Commission’s][Agency’s] websites.

⁴¹ Regulation (EC) No 1049/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 May 2001 regarding public access to European Parliament, Council and Commission documents, OJ L 145, 31.5.2001, p. 43.

⁴² Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2000 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data by the Community institutions and bodies and on the free movement of such data (OJ L 8, 12.01.2001, p. 1).

They also have the right to have recourse at any time to the European Data Protection Supervisor (EDPS).

39.2 Processing of personal data by the beneficiary

The beneficiary must process personal data under the Agreement in compliance with applicable EU and national law on data protection (including authorisations or notification requirements).

The beneficiary may grant its personnel access only to data that is strictly necessary for implementing, managing and monitoring the Agreement.

The beneficiary must inform the personnel whose personal data are collected and processed by the [Commission][Agency]. For this purpose, it must provide them with the service specific privacy statement (SSPS) (see above), before transmitting their data to the [Commission][Agency].

39.3 Consequences of non-compliance

If the beneficiary breaches any of its obligations under Article 39.2, the [Commission][Agency] may apply any of the measures described in Chapter 6.

ARTICLE 40 — ASSIGNMENTS OF CLAIMS FOR PAYMENT AGAINST THE [COMMISSION][AGENCY]

The beneficiary may not assign any of its claims for payment against the [Commission][Agency] to any third party, except if approved by the [Commission][Agency] on the basis of a reasoned, written request.

If the [Commission][Agency] has not accepted the assignment or the terms of it are not observed, the assignment will have no effect on it.

In no circumstances will an assignment release the beneficiary from its obligations towards the [Commission][Agency].

CHAPTER 5 DIVISION OF THE BENEFICIARY'S ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES [— RELATIONSHIP WITH COMPLEMENTARY BENEFICIARIES] [— RELATIONSHIP WITH PARTNERS OF A JOINT ACTION]

ARTICLE 41 — DIVISION OF THE BENEFICIARY'S ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES [— RELATIONSHIP WITH COMPLEMENTARY BENEFICIARIES] [— RELATIONSHIP WITH PARTNERS OF A JOINT ACTION]

41.1 Role and responsibility towards the [Commission][Agency]

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

The beneficiary has full responsibility for implementing the action and complying with the Agreement.

The beneficiary is itself responsible for:

- (a) monitoring that the action is implemented properly (see Article 7);
- (b) informing the [Commission][Agency] immediately of any events or circumstances likely to affect significantly or delay the implementation of the action (see Article 17);
- (c) submit the deliverables and reports to the [Commission][Agency] (see Articles 19 and 20);
- (d) submit to the [Commission][Agency] in good time any documents or information required by them

and may not subcontract these tasks to any third party.

41.2 Internal division of roles and responsibilities

Not applicable

41.3 Internal arrangements between beneficiaries — Consortium agreement

Not applicable

41.4 Relationship with complementary beneficiaries — Collaboration agreement

[OPTION for complementary grants if foreseen in the work programme: The beneficiary must conclude a written 'collaboration agreement' with the complementary beneficiaries to coordinate the work under the Agreement and the complementary grant agreement(s) (see Article 2), covering for instance:

- *efficient decision making processes and*
- *settlement of disputes.*

The coordination agreement must not contain any provision contrary to the Agreement.

The beneficiary and complementary beneficiaries must create and participate in common boards and advisory structures to decide on collaboration and synchronisation of activities, including on management of outcomes, common approaches towards standardisation, SME involvement, links with regulatory and policy activities, and commonly shared dissemination and awareness raising activities.

The beneficiary must give access to its results to the complementary beneficiaries, for the purposes of the complementary grant agreement(s) (see Article 31.6).

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

The beneficiary must share the technical reports (see Article 20.3 and 20.4). The confidentiality obligations in Article 36 apply.]

[OPTION: not applicable]

41.5 Relationship with partners of a joint action — Coordination agreement

[OPTION for joint actions (joint call with a third country or an international organisation): The beneficiary must conclude a ‘coordination agreement’ with the partners of the third country or international organisation action (see Article 2), covering for instance:

- *the internal organisation of the beneficiaries in both actions, including the decision making procedures;*
- *rules on intellectual property rights (for example regarding protection, dissemination, use and access rights);*
- *the settlement of internal disputes;*
- *liability, indemnification and confidentiality arrangements between the beneficiaries in both actions.*

The coordination agreement must not contain any provision contrary to the Agreement.]

[OPTION: not applicable]

CHAPTER 6 REJECTION OF COSTS — REDUCTION OF THE GRANT — RECOVERY — PENALTIES — DAMAGES — SUSPENSION — TERMINATION — FORCE MAJEURE

SECTION 1 REJECTION OF COSTS — REDUCTION OF THE GRANT — RECOVERY — PENALTIES

ARTICLE 42 — REJECTION OF INELIGIBLE COSTS

42.1 Conditions

42.1.1 The [Commission][Agency] will — at the time of an **interim payment, at the payment of the balance or afterwards** — reject any costs which are ineligible (see Article 6), in particular following checks, reviews, audits or investigations (see Article 22).

42.1.2 The rejection may also be based on the **extension of findings from other grants to this grant**, under the conditions set out in Article 22.5.2.

42.2 Ineligible costs to be rejected — Calculation — Procedure

Ineligible costs will be rejected in full [*OPTION if lump sum foreseen in Article 5.2: except for lump sum costs, which will be rejected proportionally to the tasks or parts of the action not implemented*].

If the [Commission][Agency] rejects costs **without reduction of the grant** (see Article 43) or **recovery of undue amounts** (see Article 44), it will formally notify the beneficiary the rejection of costs, the amounts and the reasons why (if applicable, together with the notification of amounts due; see Article 21.5). The beneficiary may — within 30 days of receiving notification — formally notify the [Commission][Agency] of its disagreement and the reasons why.

If the [Commission][Agency] rejects costs **with reduction of the grant** or **recovery of undue amounts**, it will formally notify the rejection in the ‘pre-information letter’ on reduction or recovery set out in Articles 43 and 44.

42.3 Effects

If the [Commission][Agency] rejects costs at the time of an **interim payment** or **the payment of the balance**, it will deduct them from the total eligible costs declared, for the action, in the periodic or final summary financial statement (see Articles 20.3 and 20.4). It will then calculate the interim payment or payment of the balance as set out in Articles 21.3 or 21.4.

If the [Commission][Agency] — **after an interim payment but before the payment of the balance** — rejects costs declared in a periodic summary financial statement, it will deduct them from the total eligible costs declared, for the action, in the next periodic summary financial statement or in the final summary financial statement. It will then calculate the interim payment or payment of the balance as set out in Articles 21.3 or 21.4.

If the [Commission][Agency] rejects costs **after the payment of the balance**, it will deduct the amount rejected from the total eligible costs declared, in the final summary financial statement. It will then calculate the revised final grant amount as set out in Article 5.4.

ARTICLE 43 — REDUCTION OF THE GRANT

43.1 Conditions

43.1.1 The [Commission][Agency] may — **at the payment of the balance** or **afterwards** — reduce the maximum grant amount (see Article 5.1), if the action has not been implemented properly as described in Annex 1 or another obligation under the Agreement has been breached.

43.1.2 The [Commission][Agency] may also reduce the maximum grant amount on the basis of the **extension of findings from other grants to this grant**, under the conditions set out in Article 22.5.2.

43.2 Amount to be reduced — Calculation — Procedure

The amount of the reduction will be proportionate to the improper implementation of the action or to the seriousness of the breach.

Before reduction of the grant, the *[Commission][Agency]* will formally notify a ‘**pre-information letter**’ to the beneficiary:

- informing it of its intention to reduce the grant, the amount it intends to reduce and the reasons why and
- inviting it to submit observations within 30 days of receiving notification.

If the *[Commission][Agency]* does not receive any observations or decides to pursue reduction despite the observations it has received, it will formally notify **confirmation** of the reduction (if applicable, together with the notification of amounts due; see Article 21).

43.3 Effects

If the *[Commission][Agency]* reduces the grant at the time of **the payment of the balance**, it will calculate the reduced grant amount for the action and then determine the amount due as payment of the balance (see Articles 5.3.4 and 21.4).

If the *[Commission][Agency]* reduces the grant **after the payment of the balance**, it will calculate the revised final grant amount (see Article 5.4). If the revised final grant amount is lower than the final grant amount, the *[Commission][Agency]* will recover the difference (see Article 44).

ARTICLE 44 — RECOVERY OF UNDUE AMOUNTS

44.1 Amount to be recovered — Calculation — Procedure

The *[Commission][Agency]* will — **at the payment of the balance or afterwards** — recover any amount that was paid but is not due under the Agreement.

44.1.1 Recovery after termination of a beneficiary’s participation

Not applicable

44.1.2 Recovery at payment of the balance

If the payment of the balance takes the form of a recovery (see Article 21.4), the *[Commission][Agency]* will formally notify a ‘**pre-information letter**’ to the beneficiary:

- informing it of its intention to recover, the amount due as the balance and the reasons why;
- specifying that it intends to deduct the amount to be recovered from the amount retained for the Guarantee Fund; and
- inviting it to submit observations within 30 days of receiving notification.

If no observations are submitted or the [Commission][Agency] decides to pursue recovery despite the observations it has received, it will **confirm recovery** (together with the notification of amounts due; see Article 21.5) and:

- pay the difference between the amount to be recovered and the amount retained for the Guarantee Fund, **if the difference is positive** or
- formally notify to the beneficiary a **debit note** for the difference between the amount to be recovered and the amount retained for the Guarantee Fund, **if the difference is negative**. This note will also specify the terms and the date for payment.

If payment is not made by the date specified in the debit note, the [Commission][Agency] will **recover** the amount:

- (a) by **offsetting** it — without the beneficiary’s consent — against any amounts owed to the beneficiary by the Commission or an executive agency (from the EU or Euratom budget).

In exceptional circumstances, to safeguard the EU’s financial interests, the [Commission][Agency] may offset before the payment date specified in the debit note;

- (b) by **drawing on the Guarantee Fund**. The [Commission][Agency] will formally notify the beneficiary the debit note on behalf of the Guarantee Fund and recover the amount:

- (i) *[OPTION if Article 14 applies and joint and several liability has been requested by the [Commission][Agency]: if a linked third party has accepted joint and several liability (see Article 14), by **holding the third party liable** up to the maximum EU contribution indicated, for the linked third party, in the estimated budget (see Annex 2) and/or][OPTION: not applicable]*

- (ii) by **taking legal action** or by **adopting an enforceable decision** under Article 299 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the EU (TFEU) [and Article 106a of the Euratom Treaty] (see Article 57).

If payment is not made by the date in the debit note, the amount to be recovered (see above) will be increased by **late-payment interest** at the rate set out in Article 21.11, from the day following the payment date in the debit note, up to and including the date the [Commission][Agency] receives full payment of the amount.

Partial payments will be first credited against expenses, charges and late-payment interest and then against the principal.

Bank charges incurred in the recovery process will be borne by the beneficiary, unless Directive 2007/64/EC applies.

44.1.3 Recovery of amounts after payment of the balance

If, the revised final grant amount (see Article 5.4) is lower than the final grant amount, it must repay the difference to the [Commission][Agency].

The [Commission][Agency] will formally notify a **pre-information letter** to the beneficiary:

- informing it of its intention to recover, the due amount and the reasons why and
- inviting it to submit observations within 30 days of receiving notification.

If no observations are submitted or the [Commission][Agency] decides to pursue recovery despite the observations it has received, it will **confirm** the amount to be recovered and formally notify to the beneficiary a **debit note**. This note will also specify the terms and the date for payment.

If payment is not made by the date specified in the debit note, the [Commission][Agency] will **recover** the amount:

- (a) by **offsetting** it — without the beneficiary's consent — against any amounts owed to the beneficiary by the Commission or an executive agency (from the EU or Euratom budget).

In exceptional circumstances, to safeguard the EU's financial interests, the [Commission][Agency] may offset before the payment date specified in the debit note;

- (b) by **drawing on the Guarantee Fund**. The [Commission][Agency] will formally notify the beneficiary the debit note on behalf of the Guarantee Fund and recover the amount:

- (i) *[OPTION if Article 14 applies and joint and several liability has been requested by the [Commission][Agency]: if a linked third party has accepted joint and several liability (see Article 14), by **holding the third party liable** up to the maximum EU contribution indicated, for the linked third party, in the estimated budget (see Annex 2) and/or] [OPTION: not applicable]*
- (ii) by **taking legal action** or by **adopting an enforceable decision** under Article 299 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the EU (TFEU) [and Article 106a of the Euratom Treaty] (see Article 57).

If payment is not made by the date in the debit note, the amount to be recovered (see above) will be increased by **late-payment interest** at the rate set out in Article 21.11, from the day following the date for payment in the debit note, up to and including the date the [Commission][Agency] receives full payment of the amount.

Partial payments will be first credited against expenses, charges and late-payment interest and then against the principal.

Bank charges incurred in the recovery process will be borne by the beneficiary, unless Directive 2007/64/EC applies.

ARTICLE 45 — ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL PENALTIES

45.1 Conditions

Under Articles 109 and 131(4) of the Financial Regulation No 966/2012, the *[Commission][Agency]* may impose **administrative** and **financial penalties** if the beneficiary:

- (a) has committed substantial errors, irregularities or fraud or is in serious breach of its obligations under the Agreement or
- (b) has made false declarations about information required under the Agreement or for the submission of the proposal (or has not supplied such information).

Under Article 109(3) of the Financial Regulation No 966/2012, the *[Commission][Agency]* may — under certain conditions and limits — publish decisions imposing administrative or financial penalties.

45.2 Duration — Amount of penalty — Calculation

Administrative penalties exclude the beneficiary from all contracts and grants financed from the EU or Euratom budget for a maximum of five years from the date the infringement is established by the *[Commission][Agency]*.

If the beneficiary commits another infringement within five years of the date the first infringement is established, the *[Commission][Agency]* may extend the exclusion period up to 10 years.

Financial penalties will be between 2% and 10% of the maximum EU contribution in the estimated budget (see Annex 2).

If the beneficiary commits another infringement within five years of the date the first infringement is established, the *[Commission][Agency]* may increase the rate of financial penalties to between 4% and 20%.

45.3 Procedure

Before applying a penalty, the *[Commission][Agency]* will formally notify the beneficiary:

- informing it of its intention to impose a penalty, its duration or amount and the reasons why and
- inviting it to submit observations within 30 days.

If the *[Commission][Agency]* does not receive any observations or decides to impose the penalty despite of observations it has received, it will formally notify **confirmation** of the penalty to the beneficiary and — in case of financial penalties — deduct the penalty from the

payment of the balance or formally notify a **debit note**, specifying the amount to be recovered, the terms and the date for payment.

If payment is not made by the date specified in the debit note, the *[Commission][Agency]* may **recover** the amount:

- (a) by **offsetting** it — without the beneficiary's consent — against any amounts owed to the beneficiary by the Commission or an executive agency (from the EU or Euratom budget).

In exceptional circumstances, to safeguard the EU's financial interests, the *[Commission][Agency]* may offset before the payment date in the debit note;

- (b) by **taking legal action** or by **adopting an enforceable decision** under Article 299 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the EU (TFEU) *[and Article 106a of the Euratom Treaty]* (see Article 57).

If payment is not made by the date in the debit note, the amount to be recovered (see above) will be increased by **late-payment interest** at the rate set out in Article 21.11, from the day following the payment date in the debit note, up to and including the date the *[Commission][Agency]* receives full payment of the amount.

Partial payments will be first credited against expenses, charges and late-payment interest and then against the principal.

Bank charges incurred in the recovery process will be borne by the beneficiary, unless Directive 2007/64/EC applies.

SECTION 2 LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES

ARTICLE 46 — LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES

46.1 Liability of the *[Commission][Agency]*

The *[Commission][Agency]* cannot be held liable for any damage caused to the beneficiary (or to third parties) as a consequence of implementing the Agreement, including for gross negligence.

The *[Commission][Agency]* cannot be held liable for any damage caused by the beneficiary or third parties involved in the action, as a consequence of implementing the Agreement.

46.2 Liability of the beneficiary

46.2.1 Conditions

Except in case of force majeure (see Article 51), the beneficiary must compensate the *[Commission][Agency]* for any damage it sustains as a result of the implementation of the action or because the action was not implemented in full compliance with the Agreement.

46.2.2 Amount of damages — Calculation

The amount the [Commission][Agency] can claim from the beneficiary will correspond to the damage caused by it.

46.2.3 Procedure

Before claiming damages, the [Commission][Agency] will formally notify the beneficiary:

- informing it of its intention to claim damages, the amount and the reasons why and
- inviting it to submit observations within 30 days.

If the [Commission][Agency] does not receive any observations or decides to claim damages despite the observations it has received, it will formally notify **confirmation** of the claim for damages and a **debit note**, specifying the amount to be recovered, the terms and the date for payment.

If payment is not made by the date specified in the debit note, the [Commission][Agency] may **recover** the amount:

- (a) by **offsetting** it — without the beneficiary's consent — against any amounts owed to the beneficiary by the Commission or an executive agency (from the EU or Euratom budget).

In exceptional circumstances, to safeguard the EU's financial interests, the [Commission][Agency] may offset before the payment date in the debit note;

- (b) by **taking legal action** or by **adopting an enforceable decision** under Article 299 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the EU (TFEU) [and Article 106a of the Euratom Treaty] (see Article 57).

If payment is not made by the date in the debit note, the amount to be recovered (see above) will be increased by **late-payment interest** at the rate set out in Article 21.11, from the day following the payment date in the debit note, up to and including the date the [Commission][Agency] receives full payment of the amount.

Partial payments will be first credited against expenses, charges and late-payment interest and then against the principal.

Bank charges incurred in the recovery process will be borne by the beneficiary, unless Directive 2007/64/EC applies.

SECTION 3 SUSPENSION AND TERMINATION

ARTICLE 47 — SUSPENSION OF PAYMENT DEADLINE

47.1 Conditions

The *[Commission][Agency]* may — at any moment — suspend the payment deadline (see Article 21.2 to 21.4) if a request for payment (see Article 20) cannot be approved because:

- (a) it does not comply with the provisions of the Agreement (see Article 20);
- (b) the technical reports or financial reports have not been submitted or are not complete or additional information is needed, or
- (c) there is doubt about the eligibility of the costs declared in the financial statements and additional checks, reviews, audits or investigations are necessary.

47.2 Procedure

The *[Commission][Agency]* will formally notify the beneficiary of the suspension and the reasons why.

The suspension will **take effect** the day notification is sent by the *[Commission][Agency]* (see Article 52).

If the conditions for suspending the payment deadline are no longer met, the suspension will be **lifted** — and the remaining period will resume.

If the suspension exceeds two months, the beneficiary may request the *[Commission][Agency]* if the suspension will continue.

If the payment deadline has been suspended due to the non-compliance of the technical or financial reports (see Article 20) and the revised report or statement is not submitted or was submitted but is also rejected, the *[Commission][Agency]* may also terminate the Agreement (see Article 50.3.1(I)).

ARTICLE 48 — SUSPENSION OF PAYMENTS

48.1 Conditions

The *[Commission][Agency]* may — at any moment — suspend, in whole or in part, the pre-financing payment and interim payments or the payment of the balance, if the beneficiary:

- (a) has committed or is suspected of having committed substantial errors, irregularities, fraud or serious breach of obligations in the award procedure or under this Agreement or
- (b) has committed — in other EU or Euratom grants awarded to it under similar conditions — systemic or recurrent errors, irregularities, fraud or serious breach of obligations that have a material impact on this grant (**extension of findings from other grants to this grant**; see Article 22.5.2).

48.2 Procedure

Before suspending payments, the [Commission][Agency] will formally notify the beneficiary:

- informing it of its intention to suspend payments and the reasons why and
- inviting it to submit observations within 30 days of receiving notification.

If the [Commission][Agency] does not receive observations or decides to pursue the procedure despite the observations it has received, it will formally notify **confirmation** of the suspension. Otherwise, it will formally notify that the suspension procedure is not continued.

The suspension will **take effect** the day the confirmation notification is sent by the [Commission][Agency].

If the conditions for resuming payments are met, the suspension will be **lifted**. The Commission will formally notify the beneficiary.

During the suspension, the beneficiary must not submit a periodic report(s) (see Article 20.3). When the [Commission][Agency] resumes payments, the beneficiary may include them in the next periodic report.

The beneficiary may suspend implementation of the action (see Article 49.1) or terminate the Agreement (see Article 50.1 and 50.2).

ARTICLE 49 — SUSPENSION OF THE ACTION IMPLEMENTATION

49.1 Suspension of the action implementation, by the beneficiary

49.1.1 Conditions

The beneficiary may suspend implementation of the action or any part of it, if exceptional circumstances — in particular *force majeure* (see Article 51) — make implementation impossible or excessively difficult.

49.1.2 Procedure

The beneficiary must immediately formally notify to the [Commission][Agency] the suspension (see Article 52), stating:

- the reasons why and
- the expected date of resumption.

The suspension will **take effect** the day this notification is received by the [Commission][Agency].

Once circumstances allow for implementation to resume, the beneficiary must immediately formally notify the [Commission][Agency] and request an **amendment** of the Agreement to set the date on which the action will be resumed, extend the duration of the action and make

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

other changes necessary to adapt the action to the new situation (see Article 55) — unless the Agreement has been terminated (see Article 50).

The suspension will be **lifted** with effect from the resumption date set out in the amendment. This date may be before the date on which the amendment enters into force.

Costs incurred during suspension of the action implementation are not eligible (see Article 6).

49.2 Suspension of the action implementation, by the [Commission][Agency]

49.2.1 Conditions

The [Commission][Agency] may suspend implementation of the action or any part of it:

- (a) if the beneficiary has committed or is suspected of having committed substantial errors, irregularities, fraud or serious breach of obligations in the award procedure or under this Agreement;
- (b) if the beneficiary has committed — in other EU or Euratom grants awarded to it under similar conditions — systemic or recurrent errors, irregularities, fraud or serious breach of obligations that have a material impact on this grant (**extension of findings from other grants to this grant**; see Article 22.5.2), or
- (c) if the action is suspected of having lost its scientific or technological relevance.

49.2.2 Procedure

Before suspending implementation of the action, the [Commission][Agency] will formally notify the beneficiary:

- informing it of its intention to suspend the implementation and the reasons why and
- inviting it to submit observations within 30 days of receiving notification.

If the [Commission][Agency] does not receive observations or decides to pursue the procedure despite the observations it has received, it will formally notify **confirmation** of the suspension. Otherwise, it will formally notify that the procedure is not continued.

The suspension will **take effect** five days after confirmation notification is received by the beneficiary (or on a later date specified in the notification).

It will be **lifted** if the conditions for resuming implementation of the action are met.

The beneficiary will be formally notified of the lifting and the Agreement will be **amended** to set the date on which the action will be resumed, extend the duration of the action and make other changes necessary to adapt the action to the new situation (see Article 55) — unless the Agreement has already been terminated (see Article 50).

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

The suspension will be lifted with effect from the resumption date set out in the amendment. This date may be before the date on which the amendment enters into force.

Costs incurred during suspension are not eligible (see Article 6).

The beneficiary may not claim damages due to suspension by the *[Commission][Agency]* (see Article 46).

Suspension of the action implementation does not affect the *[Commission's][Agency's]* right to terminate the Agreement (see Article 50), reduce the grant or recover amounts unduly paid (see Articles 43 and 44).

ARTICLE 50 — TERMINATION OF THE AGREEMENT

50.1 Termination of the Agreement, by the beneficiary

50.1.1 Conditions and procedure

The beneficiary may terminate the Agreement.

The beneficiary must formally notify termination to the *[Commission][Agency]* (see Article 52), stating:

- the reasons why and
- the date the termination will take effect. This date must be after the notification.

If no reasons are given or if the *[Commission][Agency]* considers the reasons do not justify termination, the Agreement will be considered to have been '**terminated improperly**'.

The termination will **take effect** on the day specified in the notification.

50.1.2 Effects

The beneficiary must — within 60 days from when termination takes effect — submit:

- (i) a periodic report (for the open reporting period until termination; see Article 20.3) and
- (ii) the final report (see Article 20.4).

If the *[Commission][Agency]* does not receive the reports within the deadline (see above), only costs which are included in an approved periodic report will be taken into account.

The *[Commission][Agency]* will **calculate** the final grant amount (see Article 5.3) and the balance (see Article 21.4) on the basis of the reports submitted. Only costs incurred until termination are eligible (see Article 6). Costs relating to contracts due for execution only after termination are not eligible.

Improper termination may lead to a reduction of the grant (see Article 43).

After termination, the beneficiary's obligations (in particular Articles 20, 22, 23, Section 3 of Chapter 4, 36, 37, 38 and 40) continue to apply.

50.2 Termination of participation for one or more beneficiaries, by the beneficiaries

Not applicable

50.3 Termination of the Agreement, by the [Commission][Agency]

50.3.1 Conditions

The [Commission][Agency] may terminate the Agreement if:

- (a) not applicable;
- (b) a change to the beneficiary's legal, financial, technical, organisational or ownership situation [(or those of its linked third parties)] is likely to substantially affect or delay the implementation of the action or calls into question the decision to award the grant;
- (c) not applicable;
- (d) implementation of the action is prevented by force majeure (see Article 51) or suspended by the beneficiary (see Article 49.1) and either:
 - (i) resumption is impossible, or
 - (ii) the necessary changes to the Agreement would call into question the decision awarding the grant or breach the principle of equal treatment of applicants;
- (e) the beneficiary is declared bankrupt, being wound up, having its affairs administered by the courts, has entered into an arrangement with creditors, has suspended business activities, or is subject to any other similar proceedings or procedures under national law;
- (f) the beneficiary (or a natural person who has the power to represent or take decisions on its behalf) has been found guilty of professional misconduct, proven by any means;
- (g) the beneficiary does not comply with the applicable national law on taxes and social security;
- (h) the action has lost scientific or technological relevance;
- (i) **[OPTION for joint actions (joint call with a third country or an international organisation): the third country or international organisation action (see Article 2) has not started by the date specified in Annex 1.]**[OPTION: not applicable];

- (j) **[OPTION for joint actions (joint call with a third country or an international organisation): the third country or international organisation action (see Article 2) is terminated or can no longer contribute to the action][OPTION: not applicable];**
- (k) the beneficiary (or a natural person who has the power to represent or take decisions on its behalf) has committed fraud, corruption, or is involved in a criminal organisation, money laundering or any other illegal activity affecting the EU's financial interests;
- (l) the beneficiary (or a natural person who has the power to represent or take decisions on its behalf) has — in the award procedure or under the Agreement — committed:
- (i) substantial errors, irregularities, fraud or
 - (ii) serious breach of obligations, including improper implementation of the action, submission of false information, failure to provide required information, breach of ethical principles;
- (m) the beneficiary has committed — in other EU or Euratom grants awarded to it under similar conditions — systemic or recurrent errors, irregularities, fraud or serious breach of obligations that have a material impact on this grant (**'extension of findings from other grants to this grant'**).

50.3.2 Procedure

Before terminating the Agreement, the [Commission][Agency] will formally notify the beneficiary:

- informing it of its intention to terminate and the reasons why and
- inviting it, within 30 days of receiving notification, to submit observations and — in case of Point (l.ii) above — to inform the [Commission][Agency] of the measures to ensure compliance with the obligations under the Agreement.

If the [Commission][Agency] does not receive observations or decides to pursue the procedure despite the observations it has received, it will formally notify to the beneficiary **confirmation** of the termination and the date it will take effect. Otherwise, it will formally notify that the procedure is not continued.

The termination will **take effect**:

- for terminations under Points (b), (e), (g), (h), (j), and (l.ii) above: on the day specified in the notification (see above);
- for terminations under Points (d), (f), (i), (k), (l.i) and (m) above: on the day after notification is received by the beneficiary.

50.3.3 Effects

The beneficiary must — within 60 days from when termination takes effect — submit:

- (i) a periodic report (for the last open reporting period until termination; see Article 20.3) and
- (ii) a final report (see Article 20.4).

If the Agreement is terminated for breach of the obligation to submit the reports (see Articles 20.8 and 50.3.1(1)), the beneficiary may not submit any reports after termination.

If the *[Commission]**[Agency]* does not receive the reports within the deadline (see above), only costs which are included in an approved periodic report will be taken into account.

The *[Commission]**[Agency]* will **calculate** the final grant amount (see Article 5.3) and the balance (see Article 21.4) on the basis of the reports submitted. Only costs incurred until termination takes effect are eligible (see Article 6). Costs relating to contracts due for execution only after termination are not eligible.

This does not affect the *[Commission's]**[Agency's]* right to reduce the grant (see Article 43) or to impose administrative and financial penalties (Article 45).

The beneficiary may not claim damages due to termination by the *[Commission]**[Agency]* (see Article 46).

After termination, the beneficiary's obligations (in particular Articles 20, 22, 23, Section 3 of Chapter 4, 36, 37, 38 and 40) continue to apply.

SECTION 4 FORCE MAJEURE

ARTICLE 51 — FORCE MAJEURE

51.1 Force majeure

'Force majeure' means any situation or event that:

- prevents either party from fulfilling their obligations under the Agreement,
- was unforeseeable, exceptional situation and beyond the parties' control,
- was not due to error or negligence on their part (or on the part of third parties involved in the action), and
- proves to be inevitable in spite of exercising all due diligence.

The following cannot be invoked as force majeure:

- any default of a service, defect in equipment or material or delays in making them available, unless they stem directly from a relevant case of force majeure,
- labour disputes or strikes, or
- financial difficulties.

Any situation constituting force majeure must be formally notified to the other party without delay, stating the nature, likely duration and foreseeable effects.

The parties must immediately take all the necessary steps to limit any damage due to force majeure and do their best to resume implementation of the action as soon as possible.

The party prevented by force majeure from fulfilling its obligations under the Agreement cannot be considered in breach of them.

CHAPTER 7 FINAL PROVISIONS

ARTICLE 52 — COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE PARTIES

52.1 Form and means of communication

Communication under the Agreement (information, requests, submissions, ‘formal notifications’, etc.) must:

- be made in writing and
- bear the number of the Agreement.

Until the payment of the balance: all communication must be made through the electronic exchange system and using the forms and templates provided there.

After the payment of the balance: formal notifications must be made by registered post with proof of delivery (‘formal notification on paper’).

Communications in the electronic exchange system must be made by persons authorised according to the ‘Terms and Conditions of Use of the electronic exchange system’. For naming the authorised persons, the beneficiary must have designated to the *[Commission][Agency]* — before the signature of this Agreement — a ‘Legal Entity Appointed Representative (LEAR)’. The role and tasks of the LEAR are stipulated in his/her appointment letter (see Terms and Conditions of Use of the electronic exchange system).

If the electronic exchange system is temporarily unavailable, instructions will be given on the *[Commission’s][Agency’s]* websites.

52.2 Date of communication

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

Communications are considered to have been made when they are sent by the sending party (i.e. on the date and time they are sent through the electronic exchange system).

Formal notifications through the **electronic** exchange system are considered to have been made when they are received by the receiving party (i.e. on the date and time of acceptance by the receiving party, as indicated by the time stamp). A formal notification that has not been accepted within 10 days after sending is considered to have been accepted.

Formal notifications **on paper** sent by **registered post** with proof of delivery (only after the payment of the balance) are considered to have been made on either:

- the delivery date registered by the postal service or
- the deadline for collection at the post office.

If the electronic exchange system is temporarily unavailable, the sending party cannot be considered in breach of its obligation to send a communication within a specified deadline.

52.3 Addresses for communication

The **electronic** exchange system must be accessed via the following URL:

[insert URL]

The *[Commission][Agency]* will formally notify the beneficiary in advance any changes to this URL.

Formal notifications on paper (only after the payment of the balance) addressed **to the [Commission][Agency]** must be sent to the following address:

[European Commission][name of the Agency]
[Directorate-General][Department] [complete]
[Directorate [complete]]
Unit [complete]
[Post code, town and country]

Formal notifications on paper (only after the payment of the balance) addressed **to the beneficiary** must be sent to its legal address as specified in the Beneficiary Register (in the electronic exchange system).

ARTICLE 53 — INTERPRETATION OF THE AGREEMENT

53.1 Precedence of the Terms and Conditions over the Annexes

The provisions in the Terms and Conditions of the Agreement take precedence over its Annexes.

The provisions in Annex 2 take precedence over Annex 1.

53.2 Privileges and immunities

[OPTION for all international organisations: Nothing in the Agreement may be interpreted as a waiver of any privileges or immunities accorded to the [insert name of international organisation(s)] by its constituent documents or international law.]

[OPTION: not applicable]

ARTICLE 54 — CALCULATION OF PERIODS, DATES AND DEADLINES

In accordance with Regulation No 1182/71⁴³, periods expressed in days, months or years are calculated from the moment the triggering event occurs.

The day during which that event occurs is not considered as falling within the period.

ARTICLE 55 — AMENDMENTS TO THE AGREEMENT

55.1 Conditions

The Agreement may be amended, unless the amendment entails changes to the Agreement which would call into question the decision awarding the grant or breach the principle of equal treatment of applicants.

Amendments may be requested by any of the parties.

55.2 Procedure

The party requesting an amendment must submit a request for amendment signed in the electronic exchange system (see Article 52).

The request for amendment must include:

- the reasons why;
- the appropriate supporting documents, and

The [Commission][Agency] may request additional information.

If the party receiving the request agrees, it must sign the amendment in the electronic exchange system within 45 days of receiving notification (or any additional information the [Commission][Agency] has requested). If it does not agree, it must formally notify its disagreement within the same deadline. The deadline may be extended, if necessary for the assessment of the request. If no notification is received within the deadline, the request is considered to have been rejected.

An amendment **enters into force** on the day of the signature of the receiving party.

⁴³ Regulation (EEC, Euratom) No 1182/71 of the Council of 3 June 1971 determining the rules applicable to periods, dates and time-limits (OJ L 124, 8.6.1971, p. 1).

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

An amendment **takes effect** on the date agreed by the parties or, in the absence of such an agreement, on the date on which the amendment enters into force.

ARTICLE 56 — ACCESSION TO THE AGREEMENT

Not applicable

ARTICLE 57 — APPLICABLE LAW AND SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES

57.1 Applicable law

The Agreement is governed by the applicable EU law, supplemented, if necessary by the law of Belgium. *[OPTION for international organisations that do not accept application of Union law: except for [insert name(s) of the international organisations concerned].]*

[OPTION for international organisations that accept application of Union law but not Belgium law: For [insert name(s) of the international organisation concerned], the Agreement is governed by the applicable EU law supplemented if necessary by the law of [insert name of a Member State of an EFTA country] [and, where appropriate, by the rules of the general principles governing the law of international organisations and the rules of general international law].]

57.2 Dispute settlement

If a dispute concerning the interpretation, application or validity of the Agreement cannot be settled amicably, the General Court — or, on appeal, the Court of Justice of the European Union — has sole jurisdiction. Such actions must be brought under Article 272 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the EU (TFEU).

[OPTION for non-EU beneficiaries (except if the beneficiary is established in an associated country with an association agreement to Horizon 2020 that stipulates sole jurisdiction of the European Court of Justice): As an exception, if such a dispute is between the [Commission][Agency] and the beneficiary, the competent Belgian courts have sole jurisdiction.]

If a dispute concerns offsetting or an enforceable decision under Article 299 TFEU (see Articles 44, 45 and 46), the beneficiary must bring action before the General Court — or, on appeal, the Court of Justice of the European Union — under Article 263 TFEU.

[OPTION if the beneficiary is an international organisation:

Disputes between the beneficiary and the [Commission][Agency] relating to the Agreement must — if they cannot be settled amicably — will be referred to arbitration.

Each party must formally notify to the other party its intention of resorting to arbitration and the identity of the arbitrator.

The Permanent Court of Arbitration Optional Rules for Arbitration Involving International Organisations and States in force at the date of entry into force of the Agreement will apply.

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

The appointing authority will be the Secretary-General of the Permanent Court of Arbitration following a written request submitted by either party.

The arbitration proceedings must take place in Brussels and the language used in the arbitral proceedings will be English.

The arbitral award will be binding on all parties and will not be subject to appeal.]

ARTICLE 58 — ENTRY INTO FORCE OF THE AGREEMENT

The Agreement will enter into force on the day of signature by the [Commission][Agency] or the beneficiary, depending on which is later.

SIGNATURES

For the beneficiary

[function/forename/surname]
[electronic signature]

Done in [English] on [electronic time stamp]

For the [Commission][Agency]

[forename/surname]
[electronic signature]

Done in [English] on [electronic time stamp]

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

[H2020 Model Grant Agreements: Annex 6: December 2013](#)

ANNEX 1
DESCRIPTION OF WORK

print format A4

MODEL ANNEX 2 FOR SME INSTRUMENT PHASE 2

ESTIMATED BUDGET FOR THE ACTION

ANNEX 2

| Estimated eligible* costs (per budget category) | | | | | | | | | | | EU contribution | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------|-------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------|------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------|
| A. Direct personnel costs | | | | B. Direct costs of subcontracting | [C. Direct costs of fin. support] | D. Other direct costs | E. Indirect costs | [F. Costs of ...] | | | Total costs | Reimbursement rate % | Maximum EU contribution *** | Maximum grant amount | | |
| Form of costs**** | Actual | Unit ① | Unit ② | | Actual | Actual | Actual | Flat-rate ③ | | Unit ④ | Unit ⑤ | | | | | |
| | | | XX EUR/hour | | | | | 25% | | | | | | | XX EUR/hour | |
| | | | No hours | Total (c) | | | | No units | Total (h1) | | | | | | Total (h2) | (i) = (a)+(b)+(c)+(d)+(e)+(f)+(g)+(h1)+(h2) |
| (a) | Total (b) | No hours | Total (c) | (d) | (e) | (f) | (g)=0,25x((a)+(b)+(c)+(d)+(e)+[(h1)] ^⑥ +(h2)] ^⑥ -(m)) | No units | Total (h1) | Total (h2) | (i) = (a)+(b)+(c)+(d)+(e)+(f)+(g)+(h1)+(h2) | (j) | (k) | (l) | | |
| Beneficiary 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Linked third party 1a | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Linked third party 1b | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ... | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Beneficiary 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Beneficiary 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Linked third party 2a | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Linked third party 2b | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ... | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Beneficiary 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ... | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Consortium | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Additional information | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Information for indirect costs : | Information for auditors: |
| Costs of in-kind contributions not used on premises | Declaration of costs under Point D.4 |
| (m) | Yes/No |
| Beneficiary 1 | |
| Linked third party 1a | |
| Linked third party 1b | |
| ... | |
| Total Beneficiary 1 | |
| Beneficiary 2 | |
| Linked third party 2a | |
| Linked third party 2b | |
| ... | |
| Total Beneficiary 2 | |
| ... | |
| Total Consortium | |

* See Article 6 for conditions for costs to be eligible
 ** Depending on its type, this cost will or will not include indirect costs.
 Costs that include indirect costs are: costs of energy efficiency measures in buildings, costs of providing trans-national access to research infrastructure and costs of clinical studies.
 *** This is the theoretical amount of EU contribution if the reimbursement rate is applied to all the budgeted costs. The theoretical amount of EU contribution for the action is capped by the maximum grant amount.
 **** See Article 5 for forms of costs
 ① unit : hours worked on the action; costs per unit (hourly rate) : calculated according to beneficiary's usual accounting practice
 ② unit : hours worked on the action; cost per unit : XX EUR
 ③ flat rate : 25% of eligible direct costs, from which are excluded: direct costs of subcontracting, costs of in-kind contributions not used on premises, direct costs of financial support, and unit costs declared under Point F if they include indirect costs
 ④ unit : ... ; costs per unit : XX EUR
 ⑤ unit : costs per unit (the units, the costs per unit and the estimated number of units will be agreed with the beneficiaries in a separate document that becomes part of Annex 2 of their grant agreement)
 ⑥ only unit costs **not including indirect costs** to be added

MONO-BENEFICIARY GRANT AGREEMENT

DECLARATION ON JOINT AND SEVERAL LIABILITY OF LINKED THIRD PARTIES

(to be filled by the linked third party and submitted by the beneficiary if Article 14 applies and linked third party liability has been requested by the [Commission][Agency])

[full official name of the entity affiliated or linked to the beneficiary], [short name of the entity], [legal form], [official registration No], established in [official address in full], [VAT number] ('the linked third party'), represented for the purpose of signing this Declaration on joint and several liability by its legal representative(s) [forename and surname, function of the legal representative(s) of the linked third party],

linked to the beneficiary [insert number] [full official name of the beneficiary], [short name], [legal form], [official registration No], established in [official address in full], [VAT number] ('the beneficiary'),

hereby accepts joint and several liability with the beneficiary

for any amount owed to the [Commission][Agency] by the beneficiary under grant agreement No [insert agreement number] [(insert acronym)], up to the maximum EU contribution indicated, for the linked third party, in the estimated budget (see Annex II).

The linked third party irrevocably and unconditionally agrees to pay amounts requested under this Declaration to the [Commission][Agency], immediately and at first demand.

For the linked third party
[forename/surname/function]

signature

Done in English at [place], on [date]

print format A4

MODEL ANNEX 4 FOR SME INSTRUMENT PHASE 2

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR [BENEFICIARY [name]/ LINKED THIRD PARTY [name]]

| Eligible* costs (per budget category) | | | | | | | | | | | | Receipts | EU contribution | | | Additional information | | | |
|-------------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-----|
| A. Direct personnel costs | | | | B. Direct costs of subcontracting | [C. Direct costs of fin. support] | D. Other direct costs | | E. Indirect costs | [F. Costs of ...] | | | Total costs | Receipts | Reimbursement rate % | Maximum EU contribution *** | | Requested EU contribution | Information for indirect costs : | |
| A.1 Personnel | | A.4 SME owners without salary | | | | D.1 Travel | D.4 Costs of large research infrastructure | | [F.1 Costs of ...] ** | | [F.2 Costs of ...] ** | | | Receipts of the action, to be reported in the last reporting period, according to Article 5.3.3 | | | | Costs of in-kind contributions not used on premises | |
| A.2 Natural persons under direct contract | | A.5 Beneficiaries that are natural persons without salary | | | | D.2 Equipment | | | D.3 Other goods and services | | | | | | | | | | |
| A.3 Seconded persons | | [A.6 Personnel for providing access to research infrastructure] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Form of costs**** | | Actual | Unit ① | Unit ② | Actual | Actual | Actual | Actual | Flat-rate ③ | Unit ④ | Unit ⑤ | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | XX EUR/hour | | | | | 25% | XX EUR/unit | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (a) | Total (b) | No hours | Total (c) | (d) | (e) | (f) | (g) | (h)=0,25x((a)+(b)+(c)+(f)+(g)+[(i1)] ^⑤ +[(i2)] ^⑥ -(o)) | No units | Total (i1) | Total (i2) | (j) = (a)+(b)+(c)+(d)+(e)+(f)+(g)+(h)+(i1)+(i2) | (k) | (l) | (m) | (n) | (o) |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

The beneficiary/linked third party hereby confirms that:
 The information provided is complete, reliable and true.
 The costs declared are eligible (see Article 6).
 The costs can be substantiated by adequate records and supporting documentation that will be produced upon request or in the context of checks, reviews, audits and investigations (see Articles 17, 18 and 22).
 For the last reporting period: that all the receipts have been declared (see Article 5.3.3).

① The beneficiary/linked party must declare all eligible costs, even if - for actual costs, unit costs and flat-rate costs - they exceed the amounts indicated in the estimated budget (see Annex 2). Amounts not declared in the individual financial statement will not be taken into account by the [Commission][Agency]

* See Article 6 for conditions for costs to be eligible

** Depending on its type, this cost will or will not include indirect costs.

Costs that include indirect costs are: costs of energy efficiency measures in buildings, costs of providing trans-national access to research infrastructure and costs of clinical studies.

*** This is the theoretical amount of EU contribution if the reimbursement rate is applied to all the reported costs. At the payment of the balance, the theoretical amount of EU contribution for the action is capped by the maximum grant amount.

**** See Article 5 for forms of costs

① unit : hours worked on the action; costs per unit (hourly rate) : calculated according to beneficiary's usual accounting practice

② unit : hours worked on the action; cost per unit : XX EUR

③ flat rate : 25% of eligible direct costs, from which are excluded: direct costs of subcontracting, costs of in-kind contributions not used on premises, direct costs of financial support, and unit costs declared under Point F if they include indirect costs

④ unit : ... ; costs per unit : XX EUR

⑤ unit : costs per unit (the units and the costs per unit are set out in Annex 2 of the grant agreement)

⑥ only unit costs **not including indirect costs** to be added

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 Model Grant Agreements: Annex 6: December 2013

ANNEX 5

MODEL FOR THE certificate ON THE financial statements

- For options [*in italics in square brackets*]: choose the applicable option. Options not chosen should be deleted.
- For fields in [grey in square brackets]: enter the appropriate data

TABLE OF CONTENT

| | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|
| Terms of Reference for an Independent Report of Factual Findings on costs DECLARED under a Grant Agreement financed under the Horizon 2020 Research Framework Programme | 2 |
| Independent Report of Factual Findings on costs DECLARED under a Grant Agreement financed under the Horizon 2020 Research Framework Programme | 6 |

Terms of Reference for an Independent Report of Factual Findings on costs declared under a Grant Agreement financed under the Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation Framework Programme

This document sets out the ‘**Terms of Reference (ToR)**’ under which

[*OPTION 1: [insert name of the beneficiary] (‘the Beneficiary’)*] [*OPTION 2: [insert name of the linked third party] (‘the Linked Third Party’), third party linked to the Beneficiary [insert name of the beneficiary] (‘the Beneficiary’)*]

agrees to engage

[insert legal name of the auditor] (‘the Auditor’)

to produce an independent report of factual findings (‘the Report’) concerning the Financial Statement(s)⁴⁴ drawn up by the [*Beneficiary*] [*Linked Third Party*] for the Horizon 2020 grant agreement [insert number of the grant agreement, title of the action, acronym and duration from/to] (‘the Agreement’), and

to issue a Certificate on the Financial Statements’ (‘CFS’) referred to in Article 20.4 of the Agreement based on the compulsory reporting template stipulated by the Commission.

The Agreement has been concluded under the Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation Framework Programme (H2020) between the Beneficiary and [*OPTION 1: the European Union, represented by the European Commission (‘the Commission’)*][*OPTION 2: the European Atomic Energy Community (Euratom,) represented by the European Commission (‘the Commission’)*][*OPTION 3: the [Research Executive Agency (REA)] [European Research Council Executive Agency (ERCEA)] [Innovation and Networks Executive Agency (INEA)] [Executive Agency for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises (EASME)] (‘the Agency’), under the powers delegated by the European Commission (‘the Commission’).*]

The [*Commission*] [*Agency*] is mentioned as a signatory of the Agreement with the Beneficiary only. The [*European Union*][*Euratom*][*Agency*] is not a party to this engagement.

1.1 Subject of the engagement

The coordinator must submit to the [*Commission*][*Agency*] the final report within 60 days following the end of the last reporting period which should include, amongst other documents, a CFS for each beneficiary and for each linked third party that requests a total contribution of EUR 325 000 or more, as reimbursement of actual costs and unit costs calculated on the basis of its usual cost accounting practices (see Article 20.4 of the Agreement). The CFS must cover all reporting periods of the beneficiary or linked third party indicated above.

The Beneficiary must submit to the coordinator the CFS for itself and for its linked third party(ies), if the CFS must be included in the final report according to Article 20.4 of the Agreement..

⁴⁴ By which costs under the Agreement are declared (see template ‘Model Financial Statements’ in Annex 4 to the Grant Agreement).

The CFS is composed of two separate documents:

- The Terms of Reference ('the ToR') to be signed by the *[Beneficiary]* *[Linked Third Party]* and the Auditor;
- The Auditor's Independent Report of Factual Findings ('the Report') to be issued on the Auditor's letterhead, dated, stamped and signed by the Auditor (or the competent public officer) which includes the agreed-upon procedures ('the Procedures') to be performed by the Auditor, and the standard factual findings ('the Findings') to be confirmed by the Auditor.

If the CFS must be included in the final report according to Article 20.4 of the Agreement, the request for payment of the balance relating to the Agreement cannot be made without the CFS. However, the payment for reimbursement of costs covered by the CFS does not preclude the *[Commission,]* *[Agency,]* the European Anti-Fraud Office and the European Court of Auditors from carrying out checks, reviews, audits and investigations in accordance with Article 22 of the Agreement.

1.2 Responsibilities

The *[Beneficiary]* *[Linked Third Party]*:

- must draw up the Financial Statement(s) for the action financed by the Agreement in compliance with the obligations under the Agreement. The Financial Statement(s) must be drawn up according to the *[Beneficiary's]* *[Linked Third Party's]* accounting and book-keeping system and the underlying accounts and records;
- must send the Financial Statement(s) to the Auditor;
- is responsible and liable for the accuracy of the Financial Statement(s);
- is responsible for the completeness and accuracy of the information provided to enable the Auditor to carry out the Procedures. It must provide the Auditor with a written representation letter supporting these statements. The written representation letter must state the period covered by the statements and must be dated;
- accepts that the Auditor cannot carry out the Procedures unless it is given full access to the *[Beneficiary's]* *[Linked Third Party's]* staff and accounting as well as any other relevant records and documentation.

The Auditor:

- *[Option 1 by default: is qualified to carry out statutory audits of accounting documents in accordance with Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2006 on statutory audits of annual accounts and consolidated accounts, amending Council Directives 78/660/EEC and 83/349/EEC and repealing Council Directive 84/253/EEC or similar national regulations].*
- *[Option 2 if the Beneficiary or Linked Third Party has an independent Public Officer: is a competent and independent Public Officer for which the relevant national authorities have established the legal capacity to audit the Beneficiary].*
- *[Option 3 if the Beneficiary or Linked Third Party is an international organisation: is an [internal] [external] auditor in accordance with the internal financial regulations and procedures of the international organisation].*

The Auditor:

- must be independent from the Beneficiary [*and the Linked Third Party*], in particular, it must not have been involved in preparing the [*Beneficiary's*] [*Linked Third Party's*] Financial Statement(s);
- must plan work so that the Procedures may be carried out and the Findings may be assessed;
- must adhere to the Procedures laid down and the compulsory report format;
- must carry out the engagement in accordance with this ToR;
- must document matters which are important to support the Report;
- must base its Report on the evidence gathered;
- must submit the Report to the [*Beneficiary*] [*Linked Third Party*].

The Commission sets out the Procedures to be carried out by the Auditor. The Auditor is not responsible for their suitability or pertinence. As this engagement is not an assurance engagement, the Auditor does not provide an audit opinion or a statement of assurance.

1.3 Applicable Standards

The Auditor must comply with these Terms of Reference and with⁴⁵:

- the International Standard on Related Services ('ISRS') 4400 *Engagements to perform Agreed-upon Procedures regarding Financial Information* as issued by the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC);
- the *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* issued by the IFAC. Although ISRS 4400 states that independence is not a requirement for engagements to carry out agreed-upon procedures, the [*Commission*] [*Agency*] requires that the Auditor also complies with the Code's independence requirements.

The Auditor's Report must state that there is no conflict of interests in establishing this Report between the Auditor and the Beneficiary [*and the Linked Third Party*], and must specify - if the service is invoiced - the total fee paid to the Auditor for providing the Report.

1.4 Reporting

The Report must be written in the language of the Agreement (see Article 20.7).

Under Article 22 of the Agreement, the [*Commission*] [*Agency*], the European Anti-Fraud Office and the Court of Auditors have the right to audit any work that is carried out under the action and for which costs are declared from [*the European Union*] [*Euratom*]. This includes work related to this engagement. The Auditor must provide access to all working papers (e.g. recalculation of hourly rates, verification of the time declared for the action) related to this assignment if the [*Commission*] [*Agency*], the European Anti-Fraud Office or the European Court of Auditors requests them.

1.5 Timing

The Report must be provided by [dd Month yyyy].

⁴⁵ Supreme Audit Institutions applying INTOSAI-standards may carry out the Procedures according to the corresponding International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions and code of ethics issued by INTOSAI instead of the International Standard on Related Services ('ISRS') 4400 and the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the IFAC.

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

1.6 Other terms

[The [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party] and the Auditor can use this section to agree other specific terms, such as the Auditor’s fees, liability, applicable law, etc. Those specific terms must not contradict the terms specified above.]

[legal name of the Auditor]

[legal name of the [Beneficiary]][Linked Third Party]

[name & function of authorised representative]

[name & function of authorised representative]

[dd Month yyyy]

[dd Month yyyy]

Signature of the Auditor

Signature of the [Beneficiary][Linked Third Party]

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

Independent Report of Factual Findings on costs declared under Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation Framework Programme

(To be printed on the Auditor's letterhead)

To

[name of contact person(s)], [Position]
[*Beneficiary's* *Linked Third Party's* name]
[Address]
[dd Month yyyy]

Dear [Name of contact person(s)],

As agreed under the terms of reference dated [dd Month yyyy]

with [OPTION 1: *insert name of the beneficiary*] ('the Beneficiary') [OPTION 2: *insert name of the linked third party*] ('the Linked Third Party'), third party linked to the Beneficiary [*insert name of the beneficiary*] ('the Beneficiary'),

we

[name of the auditor] ('the Auditor'),
established at [full address/city/state/province/country],
represented by [name and function of an authorised representative],

have carried out the procedures agreed with you regarding the costs declared in the Financial Statement(s)⁴⁶ of the *Beneficiary* *Linked Third Party* concerning the grant agreement [*insert grant agreement reference: number, title of the action and acronym*] ('the Agreement'),

with a total cost declared of [total amount] EUR,

and a total of actual costs and 'direct personnel costs declared as unit costs calculated in accordance with the *Beneficiary's* *Linked Third Party's* usual cost accounting practices' declared of

[sum of total actual costs and total direct personnel costs declared as unit costs calculated in accordance with the *Beneficiary's* *Linked Third Party's* usual cost accounting practices]
EUR

and **hereby provide our Independent Report of Factual Findings ('the Report')** using the compulsory report format agreed with you.

The Report

⁴⁶ By which the Beneficiary declares costs under the Agreement (see template 'Model Financial Statement' in Annex 4 to the Agreement).

Our engagement was carried out in accordance with the terms of reference ('the ToR') appended to this Report. The Report includes the agreed-upon procedures ('the Procedures') carried out and the standard factual findings ('the Findings') examined.

The Procedures were carried out solely to assist the [Commission] [Agency] in evaluating whether the [Beneficiary's] [Linked Third Party's] costs in the accompanying Financial Statement(s) were declared in accordance with the Agreement. The [Commission] [Agency] draws its own conclusions from the Report and any additional information it may require.

The scope of the Procedures was defined by the Commission. Therefore, the Auditor is not responsible for their suitability or pertinence. Since the Procedures carried out constitute neither an audit nor a review made in accordance with International Standards on Auditing or International Standards on Review Engagements, the Auditor does not give a statement of assurance on the Financial Statements.

Had the Auditor carried out additional procedures or an audit of the [Beneficiary's] [Linked Third Party's] Financial Statements in accordance with International Standards on Auditing or International Standards on Review Engagements, other matters might have come to its attention and would have been included in the Report.

Not applicable Findings

We examined the Financial Statement(s) stated above and considered the following Findings not applicable:

Explanation (to be removed from the Report):

If a Finding was not applicable, it must be marked as 'N.A.' ('Not applicable') in the corresponding row on the right-hand column of the table and means that the Finding did not have to be corroborated by the Auditor and the related Procedure(s) did not have to be carried out.

The reasons of the non-application of a certain Finding must be obvious i.e.

- i) if no cost was declared under a certain category then the related Finding(s) and Procedure(s) are not applicable;*
- ii) if the condition set to apply certain Procedure(s) are not met the related Finding(s) and those Procedure(s) are not applicable. For instance, for 'beneficiaries with accounts established in a currency other than euro' the Procedure and Finding related to 'beneficiaries with accounts established in euro' are not applicable. Similarly, if no additional remuneration is paid, the related Finding(s) and Procedure(s) for additional remuneration are not applicable.*

List here all Findings considered not applicable for the present engagement and explain the reasons of the non-applicability.

....

Exceptions

Apart from the exceptions listed below, the [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party] provided the Auditor all the documentation and accounting information needed by the Auditor to carry out the requested Procedures and evaluate the Findings.

Explanation (to be removed from the Report):

- If the Auditor was not able to successfully complete a procedure requested, it must be marked as 'E' ('Exception') in the corresponding row on the right-hand column of the table. The reason such as the inability to reconcile key information or the unavailability of data that prevents the Auditor from carrying out the Procedure must be indicated below.*
- If the Auditor cannot corroborate a standard finding after having carried out the corresponding*

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

procedure, it must also be marked as 'E' ('Exception') and, where possible, the reasons why the Finding was not fulfilled and its possible impact must be explained here below.

List here any exceptions and add any information on the cause and possible consequences of each exception, if known. If the exception is quantifiable, include the corresponding amount.

....

Example (to be removed from the Report):

- 1. The Beneficiary was unable to substantiate the Finding number 1 on ... because ...*
- 2. Finding number 30 was not fulfilled because the methodology used by the Beneficiary to calculate unit costs was different from the one approved by the Commission. The differences were as follows: ...*
- 3. After carrying out the agreed procedures to confirm the Finding number 31, the Auditor found a difference of _____ EUR. The difference can be explained by ...*

Further Remarks

In addition to reporting on the results of the specific procedures carried out, the Auditor would like to make the following general remarks:

Example (to be removed from the Report):

- 1. Regarding Finding number 8 the conditions for additional remuneration were considered as fulfilled because ...*
- 2. In order to be able to confirm the Finding number 15 we carried out the following additional procedures:*

Use of this Report

This Report may be used only for the purpose described in the above objective. It was prepared solely for the confidential use of the [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party] and the [Commission] [Agency], and only to be submitted to the [Commission] [Agency] in connection with the requirements set out in Article 20.4 of the Agreement. The Report may not be used by the [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party] or by the [Commission] [Agency] for any other purpose, nor may it be distributed to any other parties. The [Commission] [Agency] may only disclose the Report to authorised parties, in particular to the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and the European Court of Auditors.

This Report relates only to the Financial Statement(s) submitted to the [Commission] [Agency] by the [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party] for the Agreement. Therefore, it does not extend to any other of the [Beneficiary's] [Linked Third Party's] Financial Statement(s).

There was no conflict of interest⁴⁷ between the Auditor and the Beneficiary [and Linked Third Party] in establishing this Report. The total fee paid to the Auditor for providing the Report was EUR [] (including EUR [] of deductible VAT).

⁴⁷ A conflict of interest arises when the Auditor's objectivity to establish the certificate is compromised in fact or in appearance when the Auditor for instance:

- was involved in the preparation of the Financial Statements;
- stands to benefit directly should the certificate be accepted;
- has a close relationship with any person representing the beneficiary;
- is a director, trustee or partner of the beneficiary; or
- is in any other situation that compromises his or her independence or ability to establish the certificate impartially.

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

[H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement \(Mono-beneficiary\): December 2013](#)

We look forward to discussing our Report with you and would be pleased to provide any further information or assistance.

[legal name of the Auditor]

[name and function of an authorised representative]

[dd Month yyyy]

Signature of the Auditor

Agreed-upon procedures to be performed and standard factual findings to be confirmed by the Auditor

The European Commission reserves the right to i) provide the auditor with additional guidance regarding the procedures to be followed or the facts to be ascertained and the way in which to present them (this may include sample coverage and findings) or to ii) change the procedures, by notifying the Beneficiary in writing. The procedures carried out by the auditor to confirm the standard factual finding are listed in the table below.

If this certificate relates to a Linked Third Party, any reference here below to ‘the Beneficiary’ is to be considered as a reference to ‘the Linked Third Party’.

The ‘result’ column has three different options: ‘C’, ‘E’ and ‘N.A.’:

- ‘C’ stands for ‘confirmed’ and means that the auditor can confirm the ‘standard factual finding’ and, therefore, there is no exception to be reported.
- ‘E’ stands for ‘exception’ and means that the Auditor carried out the procedures but cannot confirm the ‘standard factual finding’, or that the Auditor was not able to carry out a specific procedure (e.g. because it was impossible to reconcile key information or data were unavailable),
- ‘N.A.’ stands for ‘not applicable’ and means that the Finding did not have to be examined by the Auditor and the related Procedure(s) did not have to be carried out. The reasons of the non-application of a certain Finding must be obvious i.e. i) if no cost was declared under a certain category then the related Finding(s) and Procedure(s) are not applicable; ii) if the condition set to apply certain Procedure(s) are not met then the related Finding(s) and Procedure(s) are not applicable. For instance, for ‘beneficiaries with accounts established in a currency other than the euro’ the Procedure related to ‘beneficiaries with accounts established in euro’ is not applicable. Similarly, if no additional remuneration is paid, the related Finding(s) and Procedure(s) for additional remuneration are not applicable.

| Ref | Procedures | Standard factual finding | Result (C / E / N.A.) |
|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| A | ACTUAL PERSONNEL COSTS AND UNIT COSTS CALCULATED BY THE BENEFICIARY IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITS USUAL COST ACCOUNTING PRACTICE | | |
| | <p>The Auditor draws a sample of persons whose costs were declared in the Financial Statement(s) to carry out the procedures indicated in the consecutive points of this section A.</p> <p><i>(The sample should be selected randomly so that it is representative. Full coverage is required if there are fewer than 10 people (including employees, natural persons working under a direct contract and personnel seconded by a third party), otherwise the sample should have a minimum of 10 people, or 10% of the total, whichever number is the highest)</i></p> | | |

| Ref | Procedures | Standard factual finding | Result (C / E / N.A.) |
|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | The Auditor sampled [] people out of the total of [] people. | | |
| A.1 | <p>PERSONNEL COSTS</p> <p><u>For the persons included in the sample and working under an employment contract or equivalent act (general procedures for individual actual personnel costs and personnel costs declared as unit costs)</u></p> <p>To confirm standard factual findings 1-5 listed in the next column, the Auditor reviewed following information/documents provided by the Beneficiary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o a list of the persons included in the sample indicating the period(s) during which they worked for the action, their position (classification or category) and type of contract; o the payslips of the employees included in the sample; o reconciliation of the personnel costs declared in the Financial Statement(s) with the accounting system (project accounting and general ledger) and payroll system; o information concerning the employment status and employment conditions of personnel included in the sample, in particular their employment contracts or equivalent; o the Beneficiary's usual policy regarding payroll matters (e.g. salary policy, overtime policy, variable pay); o applicable national law on taxes, labour and social security and o any other document that supports the personnel costs declared. <p>The Auditor also verified the eligibility of all components of the retribution (see Article 6 GA)</p> | <p>1) The employees were i) directly hired by the Beneficiary in accordance with its national legislation, ii) under the Beneficiary's sole technical supervision and responsibility and iii) remunerated in accordance with the Beneficiary's usual practices.</p> <p>2) Personnel costs were recorded in the Beneficiary's accounts/payroll system.</p> <p>3) Costs were adequately supported and reconciled with the accounts and payroll records.</p> <p>4) Personnel costs did not contain any ineligible elements.</p> | |

| Ref | Procedures | Standard factual finding | Result (C / E / N.A.) |
|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | and recalculated the personnel costs for employees included in the sample. | 5) There were no discrepancies between the personnel costs charged to the action and the costs recalculated by the Auditor. | |
| | <p><i>Further procedures if 'additional remuneration' is paid</i></p> <p>To confirm standard factual findings 6-9 listed in the next column, the Auditor:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ reviewed relevant documents provided by the Beneficiary (legal form, legal/statutory obligations, the Beneficiary's usual policy on additional remuneration, criteria used for its calculation...); ○ recalculated the amount of additional remuneration eligible for the action based on the supporting documents received (full-time or part-time work, exclusive or non-exclusive dedication to the action, etc.) to arrive at the applicable FTE/year and pro-rata rate (see data collected in the course of carrying out the procedures under A.2 'Productive hours' and A.4 'Time recording system'). <p><i>IF ANY PART OF THE REMUNERATION PAID TO THE EMPLOYEE IS NOT MANDATORY ACCORDING TO THE NATIONAL LAW OR THE EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT ("ADDITIONAL REMUNERATION") AND IS ELIGIBLE UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE 6.2.A.1, THIS CAN BE CHARGED AS ELIGIBLE COST TO THE ACTION UP TO THE FOLLOWING AMOUNT:</i></p> <p>(A) <i>IF THE PERSON WORKS FULL TIME AND EXCLUSIVELY ON THE ACTION DURING THE FULL YEAR: UP TO EUR 8 000/YEAR;</i></p> <p>(B) <i>IF THE PERSON WORKS EXCLUSIVELY ON THE ACTION BUT NOT FULL-TIME OR NOT FOR THE</i></p> | 6) The Beneficiary paying "additional remuneration" was a non-profit legal entity. | |
| | | 7) The amount of additional remuneration paid corresponded to the Beneficiary's usual remuneration practices and was consistently paid whenever the same kind of work or expertise was required. | |
| | | 8) The criteria used to calculate the additional remuneration were objective and generally applied by the Beneficiary regardless of the source of funding used. | |
| | | 9) The amount of additional remuneration included in the personnel costs charged to the action was capped at EUR 8,000 per FTE/year (up to the | |

| Ref | Procedures | Standard factual finding | Result (C / E / N.A.) |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | <p><i>FULL YEAR: UP TO THE CORRESPONDING PRO-RATA AMOUNT OF EUR 8 000, OR</i></p> <p><i>(C) IF THE PERSON DOES NOT WORK EXCLUSIVELY ON THE ACTION: UP TO A PRO-RATA AMOUNT CALCULATED IN ACCORDANCE TO ARTICLE 6.2.A.1.</i></p> | equivalent pro-rata amount if the person did not work on the action full-time during the year or did not work exclusively on the action). | |
| | <p><i>Additional procedures in case “unit costs calculated by the Beneficiary in accordance with its usual cost accounting practices” is applied:</i></p> <p>Apart from carrying out the procedures indicated above to confirm standard factual findings 1-5 and, if applicable, also 6-9, the Auditor carried out following procedures to confirm standard factual findings 10-13 listed in the next column:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ obtained a description of the Beneficiary's usual cost accounting practice to calculate unit costs; ○ reviewed whether the Beneficiary's usual cost accounting practice was applied for the Financial Statements subject of the present CFS; ○ verified the employees included in the sample were charged under the correct category (in accordance with the criteria used by the Beneficiary to establish personnel categories) by reviewing the contract/HR-record or analytical accounting records; ○ verified that there is no difference between the total amount of personnel costs used in calculating the cost per unit and the total amount of personnel costs recorded in the statutory accounts; ○ verified whether actual personnel costs were adjusted on the basis of budgeted or estimated elements and, if so, verified whether those elements used are actually relevant for the calculation, objective and supported by documents. | 10) The personnel costs included in the Financial Statement were calculated in accordance with the Beneficiary's usual cost accounting practice. This methodology was consistently used in all H2020 actions. | |
| | | 11) The employees were charged under the correct category. | |
| | | 12) Total personnel costs used in calculating the unit costs were consistent with the expenses recorded in the statutory accounts. | |
| | | 13) Any estimated or budgeted element used by the Beneficiary in its unit-cost calculation were relevant for calculating personnel costs and corresponded to objective and verifiable information. | |
| | For natural persons included in the sample and working with the Beneficiary under a direct | 14) The natural persons reported to | |

| Ref | Procedures | Standard factual finding | Result (C / E / N.A.) |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | <p><u>contract other than an employment contract, such as consultants (no subcontractors).</u></p> <p>To confirm standard factual findings 14-18 listed in the next column the Auditor reviewed following information/documents provided by the Beneficiary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ the contracts, especially the cost, contract duration, work description, place of work, ownership of the results and reporting obligations to the Beneficiary; ○ the employment conditions of staff in the same category to compare costs and; ○ any other document that supports the costs declared and its registration (e.g. invoices, accounting records, etc.). | the Beneficiary (worked under the Beneficiary’s instructions). | |
| | | 15) They worked on the Beneficiary’s premises (unless otherwise agreed with the Beneficiary). | |
| | | 16) The results of work carried out belong to the Beneficiary. | |
| | | 17) Their costs were not significantly different from those for staff who performed similar tasks under an employment contract with the Beneficiary. | |
| | | 18) The costs were supported by audit evidence and registered in the accounts. | |
| | <p><u>For personnel seconded by a third party and included in the sample (not subcontractors)</u></p> <p>To confirm standard factual findings 19-22 listed in the next column, the Auditor reviewed following information/documents provided by the Beneficiary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ their secondment contract(s) notably regarding costs, duration, work description, place of work and ownership of the results; ○ if there is reimbursement by the Beneficiary to the third party for the resource made | 19) Seconded personnel reported to the Beneficiary and worked on the Beneficiary’s premises (unless otherwise agreed with the Beneficiary). | |
| | | 20) The results of work carried out belong to the Beneficiary. | |

| Ref | Procedures | Standard factual finding | Result (C / E / N.A.) |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | <p>available_(in-kind contribution against payment): any documentation that supports the costs declared (e.g. contract, invoice, bank payment, and proof of registration in its accounting/payroll, etc.) and reconciliation of the Financial Statement(s) with the accounting system (project accounting and general ledger) as well as any proof that the amount invoiced by the third party did not include any profit;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ if there is no reimbursement by the Beneficiary to the third party for the resource made available (in-kind contribution free of charge): a proof of the actual cost borne by the Third Party for the resource made available free of charge to the Beneficiary such as a statement of costs incurred by the Third Party and proof of the registration in the Third Party's accounting/payroll; ○ any other document that supports the costs declared (e.g. invoices, etc.). | <p><i>If personnel is seconded against payment:</i></p> <p>21) The costs declared were supported with documentation and recorded in the Beneficiary's accounts. The third party did not include any profit.</p> | |
| | | <p><i>If personnel is seconded free of charge:</i></p> <p>22) The costs declared did not exceed the third party's cost as recorded in the accounts of the third party and were supported with documentation.</p> | |
| A.2 | <p>PRODUCTIVE HOURS</p> <p>To confirm standard factual findings 23-28 listed in the next column, the Auditor reviewed relevant documents, especially national legislation, labour agreements and contracts and time records of the persons included in the sample, to verify that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ the annual productive hours applied were calculated in accordance with one of the methods described below, ○ the full-time equivalent (FTEs) ratios for employees not working full-time were correctly calculated. <p>If the Beneficiary applied method B, the auditor verified that the correctness in which the total number of hours worked was calculated and that the contracts specified the annual workable</p> | <p>23) The Beneficiary applied method [<i>choose one option and delete the others</i>]</p> <p>[A: 1720 hours]</p> <p>[B: the 'total number of hours worked']</p> <p>[C: 'annual productive hours' used correspond to usual accounting practices]</p> | |
| | | <p>24) Productive hours were calculated annually.</p> | |

| Ref | Procedures | Standard factual finding | Result (C / E / N.A.) |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | <p>hours.</p> <p>If the Beneficiary applied method C, the auditor verified that the ‘annual productive hours’ applied when calculating the hourly rate were equivalent to at least 90 % of the ‘standard annual workable hours’. The Auditor can only do this if the calculation of the standard annual workable hours can be supported by records, such as national legislation, labour agreements, and contracts.</p> <p><i>BENEFICIARY'S PRODUCTIVE HOURS' FOR PERSONS WORKING FULL TIME SHALL BE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING METHODS:</i></p> <p><i>A. 1720 ANNUAL PRODUCTIVE HOURS (PRO-RATA FOR PERSONS NOT WORKING FULL-TIME)</i></p> <p><i>B. THE TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS WORKED BY THE PERSON FOR THE BENEFICIARY IN THE YEAR (THIS METHOD IS ALSO REFERRED TO AS ‘TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS WORKED’ IN THE NEXT COLUMN). THE CALCULATION OF THE TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS WORKED WAS DONE AS FOLLOWS: ANNUAL WORKABLE HOURS OF THE PERSON ACCORDING TO THE EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT, APPLICABLE LABOUR AGREEMENT OR NATIONAL LAW PLUS OVERTIME WORKED MINUS ABSENCES (SUCH AS SICK LEAVE OR SPECIAL LEAVE).</i></p> <p><i>C. THE STANDARD NUMBER OF ANNUAL HOURS GENERALLY APPLIED BY THE BENEFICIARY FOR ITS PERSONNEL IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITS USUAL COST ACCOUNTING PRACTICES (THIS METHOD IS ALSO REFERRED TO AS ‘TOTAL ANNUAL PRODUCTIVE HOURS’ IN THE NEXT COLUMN). THIS NUMBER MUST BE AT LEAST 90% OF THE STANDARD ANNUAL WORKABLE HOURS.</i></p> <p><i>‘ANNUAL WORKABLE HOURS’ MEANS THE PERIOD DURING WHICH THE PERSONNEL MUST BE WORKING, AT THE EMPLOYER’S DISPOSAL AND CARRYING OUT HIS/HER ACTIVITY OR DUTIES UNDER THE EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT, APPLICABLE COLLECTIVE LABOUR AGREEMENT OR NATIONAL WORKING TIME LEGISLATION.</i></p> | <p>25) For employees not working full-time the full-time equivalent (FTE) ratio was correctly applied.</p> <p><i>If the Beneficiary applied method B.</i></p> <p>26) The calculation of the number of ‘annual workable hours’, overtime and absences was verifiable based on the documents provided by the Beneficiary.</p> <p><i>If the Beneficiary applied method C.</i></p> <p>27) The calculation of the number of ‘standard annual workable hours’ was verifiable based on the documents provided by the Beneficiary.</p> <p>28) The ‘annual productive hours’ used for calculating the hourly rate were consistent with the usual cost accounting practices of the Beneficiary and were equivalent to at least 90 % of the ‘annual workable hours’.</p> | |

| Ref | Procedures | Standard factual finding | Result (C / E / N.A.) |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| <p>A.3</p> | <p>HOURLY PERSONNEL RATES</p> <p><u>I) For unit costs calculated in accordance to the Beneficiary's usual cost accounting practice (unit costs):</u></p> <p>If the Beneficiary has a "Certificate on Methodology to calculate unit costs " (CoMUC) approved by the Commission, the Beneficiary provides the Auditor with a description of the approved methodology and the Commission's letter of acceptance. The Auditor verified that the Beneficiary has indeed used the methodology approved. If so, no further verification is necessary.</p> <p>If the Beneficiary does not have a "Certificate on Methodology" (CoMUC) approved by the Commission, or if the methodology approved was not applied, then the Auditor:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ reviewed the documentation provided by the Beneficiary, including manuals and internal guidelines that explain how to calculate hourly rates; ○ recalculated the unit costs (hourly rates) of staff included in the sample following the results of the procedures carried out in A.1 and A.2. <p><u>II) For individual hourly rates:</u></p> <p>The Auditor:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ reviewed the documentation provided by the Beneficiary, including manuals and internal guidelines that explain how to calculate hourly rates; ○ recalculated the hourly rates of staff included in the sample following the results of the procedures carried out in A.1 and A.2. <p><u>“UNIT COSTS CALCULATED BY THE BENEFICIARY IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITS USUAL COST ACCOUNTING PRACTICES”:</u></p> <p><i>IT IS CALCULATED BY DIVIDING THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF PERSONNEL COSTS OF THE CATEGORY TO WHICH THE EMPLOYEE BELONGS VERIFIED IN LINE WITH PROCEDURE A.1 BY THE NUMBER OF FTE AND THE ANNUAL TOTAL PRODUCTIVE HOURS OF THE SAME CATEGORY CALCULATED BY THE</i></p> | <p>29) The Beneficiary applied [choose one option and delete the other]:</p> <p>[Option I: “Unit costs (hourly rates) were calculated in accordance with the Beneficiary’s usual cost accounting practices”]</p> <p>[Option II: Individual hourly rates were applied]</p> | |
| | | <p><i>For option I concerning unit costs and if the Beneficiary applies the methodology approved by the Commission (CoMUC):</i></p> <p>30) The Beneficiary used the Commission-approved methodology to calculate hourly rates. It corresponded to the organisation's usual cost accounting practices and was applied consistently for all activities irrespective of the source of funding.</p> | |
| | | <p><i>For option I concerning unit costs and if the Beneficiary applies a methodology not approved by the Commission:</i></p> | |

| Ref | Procedures | Standard factual finding | Result (C / E / N.A.) |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | <p><i>BENEFICIARY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PROCEDURE A.2.</i></p> <p><u><i>HOURLY RATE FOR INDIVIDUAL ACTUAL PERSONAL COSTS:</i></u> <i>IT IS CALCULATED BY DIVIDING THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF PERSONNEL COSTS OF AN EMPLOYEE VERIFIED IN LINE WITH PROCEDURE A.1 BY THE NUMBER OF ANNUAL PRODUCTIVE HOURS VERIFIED IN LINE WITH PROCEDURE A.2.</i></p> | 31) The unit costs re-calculated by the Auditor were the same as the rates applied by the Beneficiary. | |
| | | <p><i>For option II concerning individual hourly rates:</i></p> <p>32) The individual rates re-calculated by the Auditor were the same as the rates applied by the Beneficiary.</p> | |
| A.4 | <p>TIME RECORDING SYSTEM</p> <p>To verify that the time recording system ensures the fulfilment of all minimum requirements and that the hours declared for the action were correct, accurate and properly authorised and supported by documentation, the Auditor made the following checks for the persons included in the sample that declare time as worked for the action on the basis of time records:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ description of the time recording system provided by the Beneficiary (registration, authorisation, processing in the HR-system); ○ its actual implementation; ○ time records were signed at least monthly by the employees (on paper or electronically) and authorised by the project manager or another manager; ○ the hours declared were worked within the project period; ○ there were no hours declared as worked for the action if HR-records showed absence due to holidays or sickness (further cross-checks with travels are carried out in B.1 below) ; | 33) All persons recorded their time dedicated to the action on a daily/ weekly/ monthly basis using a paper/computer-based system. <i>(delete the answers that are not applicable)</i> | |
| | | 34) Their time-records were authorised at least monthly by the project manager or other superior. | |
| | | 35) Hours declared were worked within the project period and were consistent with the | |

| Ref | Procedures | Standard factual finding | Result (C / E / N.A.) |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ the hours charged to the action matched those in the time recording system. <p><i>ONLY THE HOURS WORKED ON THE ACTION CAN BE CHARGED. ALL WORKING TIME TO BE CHARGED SHOULD BE RECORDED THROUGHOUT THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT, ADEQUATELY SUPPORTED BY EVIDENCE OF THEIR REALITY AND RELIABILITY (SEE SPECIFIC PROVISIONS BELOW FOR PERSONS WORKING EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE ACTION WITHOUT TIME RECORDS).</i></p> <p><u>If the persons are working exclusively for the action and without time records</u></p> <p>For the persons selected that worked exclusively for the action without time records, the Auditor verified evidence available demonstrating that they were in reality exclusively dedicated to the action and that the Beneficiary signed a declaration confirming that they have worked exclusively for the action.</p> | <p>presences/absences recorded in HR-records.</p> <p>36) There were no discrepancies between the number of hours charged to the action and the number of hours recorded.</p> <p>37) The exclusive dedication is supported by a declaration signed by the Beneficiary's and by any other evidence gathered.</p> | |
| B | COSTS OF SUBCONTRACTING | | |
| B.1 | <p>The Auditor obtained the detail/breakdown of subcontracting costs and sampled [redacted] cost items selected randomly (<i>full coverage is required if there are fewer than 10 items, otherwise the sample should have a minimum of 10 item, or 10% of the total, whichever number is highest</i>).</p> <p>To confirm standard factual findings 38-42 listed in the next column, the Auditor reviewed the following for the items included in the sample:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ the use of subcontractors was foreseen in Annex I; ○ subcontracting costs were declared in the subcontracting category of the Financial Statement; ○ supporting documents on the selection and award procedure were followed; | <p>38) The use of claimed subcontracting costs was foreseen in Annex I and costs were declared in the Financial Statements under the subcontracting category.</p> <p>39) There were documents of requests to different providers, different offers and assessment</p> | |

of the offers before selection of the provider in line with internal procedures and

| Ref | Procedures | Standard factual finding | Result (C / E / N.A.) |
|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | <p>○ the Beneficiary ensured best value for money (key elements to appreciate the respect of this principle are the award of the subcontract to the bid offering best price-quality ratio, under conditions of transparency and equal treatment. In case an existing framework contract was used the Beneficiary ensured it was established on the basis of the principle of best value for money under conditions of transparency and equal treatment).</p> <p>In particular,</p> <p>i. if the Beneficiary acted as a contracting authority within the meaning of Directive 2004/18/EC or of Directive 2004/17/EC, the Auditor verified that the applicable national law on public procurement was followed and that the subcontracting complied with the Terms and Conditions of the Agreement.</p> <p>ii. if the Beneficiary did not fall under the above-mentioned category the Auditor verified that the Beneficiary followed their usual procurement rules and respected the Terms and Conditions of the Agreement..</p> <p>For the items included in the sample the Auditor also verified that:</p> <p>○ the subcontracts were not awarded to other Beneficiaries in the consortium;</p> <p>○ there were signed agreements between the Beneficiary and the subcontractor;</p> <p>○ there was evidence that the services were provided by subcontractor;</p> | <p>procurement rules. Subcontracts were awarded in accordance with the principle of best value for money.</p> <p><i>(When different offers were not collected the Auditor explains the reasons provided by the Beneficiary under the caption “Exceptions” of the Report. The Commission will analyse this information to evaluate whether these costs might be accepted as eligible)</i></p> | |
| | | 40) The subcontracts were not awarded to other Beneficiaries of the consortium. | |
| | | 41) All subcontracts were supported by signed agreements between the Beneficiary and the subcontractor. | |
| | | 42) There was evidence that the services were provided by the subcontractors. | |
| C | COSTS OF PROVIDING FINANCIAL SUPPORT TO THIRD PARTIES | | |

| Ref | Procedures | Standard factual finding | Result (C / E / N.A.) |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| C.1 | <p>The Auditor obtained the detail/breakdown of the costs of providing financial support to third parties and sampled [redacted] cost items selected randomly <i>(full coverage is required if there are fewer than 10 items, otherwise the sample should have a minimum of 10 item, or 10% of the total, whichever number is highest).</i></p> <p>The Auditor verified that the following minimum conditions were met:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) the maximum amount of financial support for each third party did not exceed EUR 60 000, unless explicitly mentioned in Annex I; b) the financial support to third parties was agreed in Annex I of the Agreement and the other provisions on financial support to third parties included in Annex I were respected. | 43) All minimum conditions were met | |
| D | OTHER ACTUAL DIRECT COSTS | | |
| D.1 | <p>COSTS OF TRAVEL AND RELATED SUBSISTENCE ALLOWANCES</p> <p>The Auditor sampled [redacted] cost items selected randomly <i>(full coverage is required if there are fewer than 10 items, otherwise the sample should have a minimum of 10 item, or 10% of the total, whichever number is the highest).</i></p> <p>The Auditor inspected the sample and verified that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o travel and subsistence costs were consistent with the Beneficiary's usual policy for travel. In this context, the Beneficiary provided evidence of its normal policy for travel costs (e.g. use of first class tickets, reimbursement by the Beneficiary on the basis of actual costs, a lump sum or per diem) to enable the Auditor to compare the travel costs charged with this policy; o travel costs are correctly identified and allocated to the action (e.g. trips are directly linked to the action) by reviewing relevant supporting documents such as minutes of meetings, workshops or conferences, their registration in the correct project account, their | 44) Costs were incurred, approved and reimbursed in line with the Beneficiary's usual policy for travels. | |
| | | 45) There was a link between the trip and the action. | |
| | | 46) The supporting documents were consistent with each other regarding subject of the trip, dates, duration and reconciled with time records and accounting. | |

| Ref | Procedures | Standard factual finding | Result (C / E / N.A.) |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | <p>consistency with time records or with the dates/duration of the workshop/conference;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ no ineligible costs or excessive or reckless expenditure was declared. | 47) No ineligible costs or excessive or reckless expenditure was declared. | |
| D.2 | <p>DEPRECIATION COSTS FOR EQUIPMENT, INFRASTRUCTURE OR OTHER ASSETS</p> <p>The Auditor sampled [redacted] cost items selected randomly (<i>full coverage is required if there are fewer than 10 items, otherwise the sample should have a minimum of 10 item, or 10% of the total, whichever number is the highest</i>).</p> <p>For “equipment, infrastructure or other assets” [from now on called “asset(s)”] selected in the sample the Auditor verified that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ the assets were acquired in conformity with the Beneficiary's internal guidelines and procedures; ○ they were correctly allocated to the action (with supporting documents such as delivery note invoice or any other proof demonstrating the link to the action) ○ they were entered in the accounting system; ○ the extent to which the assets were used for the action (as a percentage) was supported by reliable documentation (e.g. usage overview table); <p>The Auditor recalculated the depreciation costs and verified that they were in line with the applicable rules in the Beneficiary’s country and with the Beneficiary’s usual accounting policy (e.g. depreciation calculated on the acquisition value).</p> <p>The Auditor verified that no ineligible costs such as deductible VAT, exchange rate losses, excessive or reckless expenditure were declared (see Article 6.5 GA).</p> | <p>48) Procurement rules, principles and guides were followed.</p> <p>49) There was a link between the grant agreement and the asset charged to the action.</p> <p>50) The asset charged to the action was traceable to the accounting records and the underlying documents.</p> <p>51) The depreciation method used to charge the asset to the action was in line with the applicable rules of the Beneficiary's country and the Beneficiary's usual accounting policy.</p> <p>52) The amount charged corresponded to the actual usage for the action.</p> <p>53) No ineligible costs or excessive or reckless expenditure were declared.</p> | |

| Ref | Procedures | Standard factual finding | Result (C / E / N.A.) |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| D.3 | <p>COSTS OF OTHER GOODS AND SERVICES</p> <p>The Auditor sampled [redacted] cost items selected randomly (<i>full coverage is required if there are fewer than 10 items, otherwise the sample should have a minimum of 10 item, or 10% of the total, whichever number is highest</i>).</p> <p>For the purchase of goods, works or services included in the sample the Auditor verified that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ the contracts did not cover tasks described in Annex 1; ○ they were correctly identified, allocated to the proper action, entered in the accounting system (traceable to underlying documents such as purchase orders, invoices and accounting); ○ the goods were not placed in the inventory of durable equipment; ○ the costs charged to the action were accounted in line with the Beneficiary's usual accounting practices; ○ no ineligible costs or excessive or reckless expenditure were declared (see Article 6 GA). <p>In addition, the Auditor verified that these goods and services were acquired in conformity with the Beneficiary's internal guidelines and procedures, in particular:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ if Beneficiary acted as a contracting authority within the meaning of Directive 2004/18/EC or of Directive 2004/17/EC, the Auditor verified that the applicable national law on public procurement was followed and that the procurement contract complied with the Terms and Conditions of the Agreement. ○ if the Beneficiary did not fall into the category above, the Auditor verified that the Beneficiary followed their usual procurement rules and respected the Terms and Conditions of the Agreement. <p>For the items included in the sample the Auditor also verified that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ the Beneficiary ensured best value for money (key elements to appreciate the respect of | <p>54) Contracts for works or services did not cover tasks described in Annex 1.</p> <p>55) Costs were allocated to the correct action and the goods were not placed in the inventory of durable equipment.</p> <p>56) The costs were charged in line with the Beneficiary's accounting policy and were adequately supported.</p> <p>57) No ineligible costs or excessive or reckless expenditure were declared. For internal invoices/charges only the cost element was charged, without any mark-ups.</p> <p>58) Procurement rules, principles and guides were followed. There were documents of requests to different providers, different offers and assessment of the offers before selection of the provider in line with internal procedures and procurement rules. The purchases were made in</p> | |

| Ref | Procedures | Standard factual finding | Result (C / E / N.A.) |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | <p>this principle are the award of the contract to the bid offering best price-quality ratio, under conditions of transparency and equal treatment. In case an existing framework contract was used the Auditor also verified that the Beneficiary ensured it was established on the basis of the principle of best value for money under conditions of transparency and equal treatment);</p> <p><i>SUCH GOODS AND SERVICES INCLUDE, FOR INSTANCE, CONSUMABLES AND SUPPLIES, DISSEMINATION (INCLUDING OPEN ACCESS), PROTECTION OF RESULTS, SPECIFIC EVALUATION OF THE ACTION IF IT IS REQUIRED BY THE AGREEMENT, CERTIFICATES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS IF THEY ARE REQUIRED BY THE AGREEMENT AND CERTIFICATES ON THE METHODOLOGY, TRANSLATIONS, REPRODUCTION.</i></p> | <p>accordance with the principle of best value for money.</p> <p><i>(When different offers were not collected the Auditor explains the reasons provided by the Beneficiary under the caption “Exceptions” of the Report. The Commission will analyse this information to evaluate whether these costs might be accepted as eligible)</i></p> | |
| D.4 | <p>AGGREGATED CAPITALISED AND OPERATING COSTS OF RESEARCH INFRASTRUCTURE</p> <p>The Auditor ensured the existence of a positive ex-ante assessment (issued by the EC Services) of the cost accounting methodology of the Beneficiary allowing it to apply the guidelines on direct costing for large research infrastructures in Horizon 2020.</p> <p><i>In the cases that a positive ex-ante assessment has been issued (see the standard factual findings 59-60 on the next column),</i> The Auditor ensured that the beneficiary has applied consistently the methodology that is explained and approved in the positive ex ante assessment;</p> <p><i>In the cases that a positive ex-ante assessment has NOT been issued (see the standard factual findings 61 on the next column),</i></p> | <p>59) The costs declared as direct costs for Large Research Infrastructures (in the appropriate line of the Financial Statement) comply with the methodology described in the positive ex-ante assessment report.</p> <p>60) Any difference between the methodology applied and the one positively assessed was extensively described and adjusted accordingly.</p> | |

| Ref | Procedures | Standard factual finding | Result (C / E / N.A.) |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | <p>The Auditor verified that no costs of Large Research Infrastructure have been charged as direct costs in any costs category;</p> <p><i>In the cases that a draft ex-ante assessment report has been issued with recommendation for further changes (see the standard factual findings 61 on the next column),</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Auditor followed the same procedure as above (when a positive ex-ante assessment has NOT yet been issued) and paid particular attention (testing reinforced) to the cost items for which the draft ex-ante assessment either rejected the inclusion as direct costs for Large Research Infrastructures or issued recommendations. | 61) The direct costs declared were free from any indirect costs items related to the Large Research Infrastructure. | |
| E | USE OF EXCHANGE RATES | | |
| E.1 | <p>a) <u>For Beneficiaries with accounts established in a currency other than euros</u></p> <p>The Auditor sampled [redacted] cost items selected randomly and verified that the exchange rates used for converting other currencies into euros were in accordance with the following rules established in the Agreement (full coverage is required if there are fewer than 10 items, otherwise the sample should have a minimum of 10 item, or 10% of the total, whichever number is highest):</p> <p><i>COSTS INCURRED IN ANOTHER CURRENCY SHALL BE CONVERTED INTO EURO AT THE AVERAGE OF THE DAILY EXCHANGE RATES PUBLISHED IN THE C SERIES OF OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION (https://www.ecb.int/stats/exchange/eurofxref/html/index.en.html), DETERMINED OVER THE CORRESPONDING REPORTING PERIOD.</i></p> <p><i>IF NO DAILY EURO EXCHANGE RATE IS PUBLISHED IN THE OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION FOR THE CURRENCY IN QUESTION, CONVERSION SHALL BE MADE AT THE AVERAGE OF THE MONTHLY ACCOUNTING RATES ESTABLISHED BY THE COMMISSION AND PUBLISHED ON ITS WEBSITE (http://ec.europa.eu/budget/contracts_grants/info_contracts/inforeuro/inforeuro_en.cfm), DETERMINED OVER THE CORRESPONDING REPORTING PERIOD.</i></p> | 62) The exchange rates used to convert other currencies into Euros were in accordance with the rules established of the Grant Agreement and there was no difference in the final figures. | |

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

| Ref | Procedures | Standard factual finding | Result (C / E / N.A.) |
|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | <p>b) For Beneficiaries with accounts established in euros</p> <p>The Auditor sampled [redacted] cost items selected randomly and verified that the exchange rates used for converting other currencies into euros were in accordance with the following rules established in the Agreement (full coverage is required if there are fewer than 10 items, otherwise the sample should have a minimum of 10 item, or 10% of the total, whichever number is highest):</p> <p><i>COSTS INCURRED IN ANOTHER CURRENCY SHALL BE CONVERTED INTO EURO BY APPLYING THE BENEFICIARY'S USUAL ACCOUNTING PRACTICES.</i></p> | 63) The Beneficiary applied its usual accounting practices. | |

[legal name of the audit firm]

[name and function of an authorised representative]

[dd Month yyyy]

<Signature of the Auditor>

ANNEX 6

MODEL FOR THE CERTIFICATE ON THE METHODOLOGY

- For options [*in italics in square brackets*]: choose the applicable option. Options not chosen should be deleted.
- For fields in [grey in square brackets]: enter the appropriate data.

Terms of reference for an audit engagement for a methodology certificate in connection with one or more grant agreements financed under the Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation Framework Programme

This document sets out the ‘Terms of Reference (ToR)’ under which

[OPTION 1: [insert name of the beneficiary] (*‘the Beneficiary’*)] [OPTION 2: [insert name of the linked third party] (*‘the Linked Third Party’*), third party linked to the Beneficiary [insert name of the beneficiary] (*‘the Beneficiary’*)]

agrees to engage

[insert legal name of the auditor] (*‘the Auditor’*)

to produce an independent report of factual findings (*‘the Report’*) concerning the [Beneficiary’s] [Linked Third Party’s] usual accounting practices for calculating and claiming direct personnel costs declared as unit costs (*‘the Methodology’*) in connection with grant agreements financed under the Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation Framework Programme.

The procedures to be carried out for the assessment of the methodology will be based on the grant agreement(s) detailed below:

[title and number of the grant agreement(s)] (*‘the Agreement(s)’*)

The Agreement(s) has(have) been concluded between the Beneficiary and [OPTION 1: *the European Union, represented by the European Commission (‘the Commission’)*][OPTION 2: *the European Atomic Energy Community (Euratom,) represented by the European Commission (‘the Commission’)*][OPTION 3: *the [Research Executive Agency (REA)] [European Research Council Executive Agency (ERCEA)] [Innovation and Networks Executive Agency (INEA)] [Executive Agency for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises (EASME)] (‘the Agency’), under the powers delegated by the European Commission (‘the Commission’).*].

The [Commission] [Agency] is mentioned as a signatory of the Agreement with the Beneficiary only. The [European Union] [Euratom] [Agency] is not a party to this engagement.

1.1 Subject of the engagement

According to Article 18.1.2 of the Agreement, beneficiaries *[and linked third parties]* that declare direct personnel costs as unit costs calculated in accordance with their usual cost accounting practices may submit to the *[Commission] [Agency]*, for approval, a certificate on the methodology ('CoMUC') stating that there are adequate records and documentation to prove that their cost accounting practices used comply with the conditions set out in Point A of Article 6.2.

The subject of this engagement is the CoMUC which is composed of two separate documents:

- the Terms of Reference ('the ToR') to be signed by the *[Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party]* and the Auditor;
- the Auditor's Independent Report of Factual Findings ('the Report') issued on the Auditor's letterhead, dated, stamped and signed by the Auditor which includes; the standard statements ('the Statements') evaluated and signed by the *[Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party]*, the agreed-upon procedures ('the Procedures') performed by the Auditor and the standard factual findings ('the Findings') assessed by the Auditor. The Statements, Procedures and Findings are summarised in the table that forms part of the Report.

The information provided through the Statements, the Procedures and the Findings will enable the Commission to draw conclusions regarding the existence of the *[Beneficiary's] [Linked Third Party's]* usual cost accounting practice and its suitability to ensure that direct personnel costs claimed on that basis comply with the provisions of the Agreement. The Commission draws its own conclusions from the Report and any additional information it may require.

1.2 Responsibilities

The parties to this agreement are the *[Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party]* and the Auditor.

The *[Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party]*:

- is responsible for preparing financial statements for the Agreement(s) ('the Financial Statements') in compliance with those Agreements;
- is responsible for providing the Financial Statement(s) to the Auditor and enabling the Auditor to reconcile them with the *[Beneficiary's] [Linked Third Party's]* accounting and bookkeeping system and the underlying accounts and records. The Financial Statement(s) will be used as a basis for the procedures which the Auditor will carry out under this ToR;
- is responsible for its Methodology and liable for the accuracy of the Financial Statement(s);
- is responsible for endorsing or refuting the Statements indicated under the heading 'Statements to be made by the Beneficiary/ Linked Third Party' in the first column of the table that forms part of the Report;
- must provide the Auditor with a signed and dated representation letter;
- accepts that the ability of the Auditor to carry out the Procedures effectively depends upon the *[Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party]* providing full and free access to the *[Beneficiary's] [Linked Third Party's]* staff and to its accounting and other relevant records.

The Auditor:

- *[Option 1 by default: is qualified to carry out statutory audits of accounting documents in accordance with Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2006 on statutory audits of annual accounts and consolidated accounts, amending Council Directives 78/660/EEC and 83/349/EEC and repealing Council Directive 84/253/EEC or similar national regulations].*

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

- *[Option 2 if the Beneficiary or Linked Third Party has an independent Public Officer: is a competent and independent Public Officer for which the relevant national authorities have established the legal capacity to audit the Beneficiary].*
- *[Option 3 if the Beneficiary or Linked Third Party is an international organisation: is an [internal] [external] auditor in accordance with the internal financial regulations and procedures of the international organisation].*

The Auditor:

- must be independent from the Beneficiary *[and the Linked Third Party]*, in particular, it must not have been involved in preparing the Beneficiary's *[and Linked Third Party's]* Financial Statement(s);
- must plan work so that the Procedures may be carried out and the Findings may be assessed;
- must adhere to the Procedures laid down and the compulsory report format;
- must carry out the engagement in accordance with these ToR;
- must document matters which are important to support the Report;
- must base its Report on the evidence gathered;
- must submit the Report to the *[Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party]*.

The Commission sets out the Procedures to be carried out and the Findings to be endorsed by the Auditor. The Auditor is not responsible for their suitability or pertinence. As this engagement is not an assurance engagement the Auditor does not provide an audit opinion or a statement of assurance.

1.3 Applicable Standards

The Auditor must comply with these Terms of Reference and with⁴⁸:

- the International Standard on Related Services ('ISRS') 4400 *Engagements to perform Agreed-upon Procedures regarding Financial Information* as issued by the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC);
- the *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* issued by the IFAC. Although ISRS 4400 states that independence is not a requirement for engagements to carry out agreed-upon procedures, the Commission requires that the Auditor also complies with the Code's independence requirements.

The Auditor's Report must state that there was no conflict of interests in establishing this Report between the Auditor and the Beneficiary *[and the Linked Third Party]* that could have a bearing on the Report, and must specify – if the service is invoiced - the total fee paid to the Auditor for providing the Report.

1.4 Reporting

The Report must be written in the language of the Agreement (see Article 20.7 of the Agreement).

Under Article 22 of the Agreement, the Commission, *[the Agency]*, the European Anti-Fraud Office and the Court of Auditors have the right to audit any work that is carried out under the action and for which costs are claimed from *[the European Union] [Euratom]*. This includes work related to this engagement. The Auditor must provide access to all working papers related to this assignment if the Commission, *[the Agency]*, the European Anti-Fraud Office or the European Court of Auditors requests them.

⁴⁸ Supreme Audit Institutions applying INTOSAI-standards may carry out the Procedures according to the corresponding International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions and code of ethics issued by INTOSAI instead of the International Standard on Related Services ('ISRS') 4400 and the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the IFAC.

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

1.5 Timing

The Report must be provided by [dd Month yyyy].

1.6 Other Terms

[The [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party] and the Auditor can use this section to agree other specific terms, such as the Auditor’s fees, liability, applicable law, etc. Those specific terms must not contradict the terms specified above.]

[legal name of the Auditor]
[name & title of authorised representative]
[dd Month yyyy]
Signature of the Auditor

[legal name of the [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party]]
[name & title of authorised representative]
[dd Month yyyy]
Signature of the [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party]

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

Independent report of factual findings on the methodology concerning grant agreements financed under the Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation Framework Programme

(To be printed on letterhead paper of the auditor)

To
[name of contact person(s)], [Position]
[[Beneficiary's] [Linked Third Party's] name]
[Address]
[dd Month yyyy]

Dear [Name of contact person(s)],

As agreed under the terms of reference dated [dd Month yyyy]

with [OPTION 1: [insert name of the beneficiary] ('the Beneficiary')] [OPTION 2: [insert name of the linked third party] ('the Linked Third Party'), third party linked to the Beneficiary [insert name of the beneficiary] ('the Beneficiary')],

we

[name of the auditor] ('the Auditor'),
established at
[full address/city/state/province/country],
represented by
[name and function of an authorised representative],

have carried out the agreed-upon procedures ('the Procedures') and provide hereby our Independent Report of Factual Findings ('the Report'), concerning the [Beneficiary's] [Linked Third Party's] usual accounting practices for calculating and declaring direct personnel costs declared as unit costs ('the Methodology').

You requested certain procedures to be carried out in connection with the grant(s)

[title and number of the grant agreement(s)] ('the Agreement(s)').

The Report

Our engagement was carried out in accordance with the terms of reference ('the ToR') appended to this Report. The Report includes: the standard statements ('the Statements') made by the [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party], the agreed-upon procedures ('the Procedures') carried out and the standard factual findings ('the Findings') confirmed by us.

The engagement involved carrying out the Procedures and assessing the Findings and the documentation requested appended to this Report, the results of which the Commission uses to draw conclusions regarding the acceptability of the Methodology applied by the [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party].

The Report covers the methodology used from [dd Month yyyy]. In the event that the [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party] changes this methodology, the Report will not be applicable to any Financial Statement⁴⁹ submitted thereafter.

⁴⁹ Financial Statement in this context refers solely to Annex 4 of the Agreement by which the Beneficiary declares costs under the Agreement.

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

The scope of the Procedures and the definition of the standard statements and findings were determined solely by the Commission. Therefore, the Auditor is not responsible for their suitability or pertinence.

Since the Procedures carried out constitute neither an audit nor a review made in accordance with International Standards on Auditing or International Standards on Review Engagements, we do not give a statement of assurance on the costs declared on the basis of the [Beneficiary's] [Linked Third Party's] Methodology. Had we carried out additional procedures or had we performed an audit or review in accordance with these standards, other matters might have come to its attention and would have been included in the Report.

Exceptions

Apart from the exceptions listed below, the [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party] agreed with the standard Statements and provided the Auditor all the documentation and accounting information needed by the Auditor to carry out the requested Procedures and corroborate the standard Findings.

List here any exception and add any information on the cause and possible consequences of each exception, if known. If the exception is quantifiable, also indicate the corresponding amount.

.....

Explanation of possible exceptions in the form of examples (to be removed from the Report):

- i. the [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party] did not agree with the standard Statement number ... because...;*
- ii. the Auditor could not carry out the procedure ... established because (e.g. due to the inability to reconcile key information or the unavailability or inconsistency of data);*
- iii. the Auditor could not confirm or corroborate the standard Finding number ... because*

Remarks

We would like to add the following remarks relevant for the proper understanding of the Methodology applied by the [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party] or the results reported:

Example (to be removed from the Report):

Regarding the methodology applied to calculate hourly rates ...
Regarding standard Finding 15 it has to be noted that ...

The [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party] explained the deviation from the benchmark statement XXIV concerning time recording for personnel with no exclusive dedication to the action in the following manner:

Annexes

Please provide the following documents to the auditor and annex them to the report when submitting this CoMUC to the Commission:

1. Brief description of the methodology for calculating personnel costs, productive hours and hourly rates;
2. Brief description of the time recording system in place;
3. An example of the time records used by the [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party];
4. Description of any budgeted or estimated elements applied together with an explanation as to why they are relevant for calculating the personnel costs, why they are reasonable and how they are based on objective and verifiable information;

Grant Agreement number(s): [insert numbers and acronyms]

H2020 SME Instrument Phase 2 Grant Agreement (Mono-beneficiary): December 2013

5. A summary sheet with the hourly rate for direct personnel declared by the [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party] and recalculated by the Auditor for each staff member included in the sample (the names do not need to be reported);
6. A comparative table summarising for each person selected in the sample a) the time claimed by the [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party] in the Financial Statement(s) and b) the time according to the time record verified by the Auditor;
7. A copy of the letter of representation provided to the Auditor.

Use of this Report

This Report has been drawn up solely for the purpose given under Point 1.1 Reasons for the engagement.

The Report:

- is confidential and is intended to be submitted to the Commission by the [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party] in connection with Article 18.1.2 of the Agreement;
- may not be used by the [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party] or by the Commission for any other purpose, nor distributed to any other parties;
- may be disclosed by the Commission only to authorised parties, in particular the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and the European Court of Auditors.
- relates only to the usual cost accounting practices specified above and does not constitute a report on the Financial Statements of the [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party].

No conflict of interest⁵⁰ exists between the Auditor and the Beneficiary [and the Linked Third Party] that could have a bearing on the Report. The total fee paid to the Auditor for producing the Report was EUR [] (including EUR [] of deductible VAT).

We look forward to discussing our Report with you and would be pleased to provide any further information or assistance which may be required.

Yours sincerely

[legal name of the Auditor]
[name and title of the authorised representative]
[dd Month yyyy]
Signature of the Auditor

⁵⁰ A conflict of interest arises when the Auditor's objectivity to establish the certificate is compromised in fact or in appearance when the Auditor for instance:

- was involved in the preparation of the Financial Statements;
- stands to benefit directly should the certificate be accepted;
- has a close relationship with any person representing the beneficiary;
- is a director, trustee or partner of the beneficiary; or
- is in any other situation that compromises his or her independence or ability to establish the certificate impartially.

Statements to be made by the Beneficiary/Linked Third Party ('the Statements') and Procedures to be carried out by the Auditor ('the Procedures') and standard factual findings ('the Findings') to be confirmed by the Auditor

The Commission reserves the right to provide the auditor with guidance regarding the Statements to be made, the Procedures to be carried out or the Findings to be ascertained and the way in which to present them. The Commission reserves the right to vary the Statements, Procedures or Findings by written notification to the Beneficiary/Linked Third Party to adapt the procedures to changes in the grant agreement(s) or to any other circumstances.

If this methodology certificate relates to the Linked Third Party's usual accounting practices for calculating and claiming direct personnel costs declared as unit costs any reference here below to 'the Beneficiary' is to be considered as a reference to 'the Linked Third Party'.

| <i>Please explain any discrepancies in the body of the Report.</i> | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Statements to be made by Beneficiary | Procedures to be carried out and Findings to be confirmed by the Auditor |
| <p>A. Use of the Methodology</p> <p>I. The cost accounting practice described below has been in use since [dd Month yyyy].</p> <p>II. The next planned alteration to the methodology used by the Beneficiary will be from [dd Month yyyy].</p> | <p>Procedure:</p> <p>✓ The Auditor checked these dates against the documentation the Beneficiary has provided.</p> <p>Factual finding:</p> <p>1. The dates provided by the Beneficiary were consistent with the documentation.</p> |
| <p>B. Description of the Methodology</p> <p>III. The methodology to calculate unit costs is being used in a consistent manner and is reflected in the relevant procedures.</p> <p><i>[Please describe the methodology your entity uses to calculate <u>personnel</u> costs, productive hours and hourly rates, present your description to the Auditor and annex it to this certificate]</i></p> <p><i>[If the statement of section "B. Description of the methodology" cannot be endorsed by the Beneficiary or there is no written methodology to calculate unit costs it should be listed here below and reported as exception by the Auditor in the main Report of Factual Findings:</i></p> <p>- ...]</p> | <p>Procedure:</p> <p>✓ The Auditor reviewed the description, the relevant manuals and/or internal guidance documents describing the methodology.</p> <p>Factual finding:</p> <p>2. The brief description was consistent with the relevant manuals, internal guidance and/or other documentary evidence the Auditor has reviewed.</p> <p>3. The methodology was generally applied by the Beneficiary as part of its usual costs accounting practices.</p> |
| <p>C. Personnel costs</p> <p><u>General</u></p> <p>IV. The unit costs (hourly rates) are limited to salaries including during parental leave, social security contributions, taxes and other costs included in the remuneration required under national law and the employment contract or equivalent appointing act;</p> <p>V. Employees are hired directly by the Beneficiary in accordance with national law, and work under its sole supervision and responsibility;</p> <p>VI. The Beneficiary remunerates its employees in</p> | <p>Procedure:</p> <p><i>The Auditor draws a sample of employees to carry out the procedures indicated in this section C and the following sections D to F.</i></p> <p><i>[The Auditor has drawn a random sample of 10 full-time equivalents made up of employees assigned to the action(s). If fewer than 10 full-time equivalents are assigned to the action(s), the Auditor has selected a sample of 10 full-time equivalents consisting of all employees assigned to the action(s), complemented by other employees irrespective of their assignments.]. For this sample:</i></p> |

| Please explain any discrepancies in the body of the Report. | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Statements to be made by Beneficiary | Procedures to be carried out and Findings to be confirmed by the Auditor |
| <p>accordance with its usual practices. This means that personnel costs are charged in line with the Beneficiary's usual payroll policy (e.g. salary policy, overtime policy, variable pay) and no special conditions exist for employees assigned to tasks relating to the European Union or Euratom, unless explicitly provided for in the grant agreement(s);</p> <p>VII. The Beneficiary allocates its employees to the relevant group/category/cost centre for the purpose of the unit cost calculation in line with the usual cost accounting practice;</p> <p>VIII. Personnel costs are based on the payroll system and accounting system.</p> <p>IX. Any exceptional adjustments of actual personnel costs resulted from relevant budgeted or estimated elements, were reasonable and were based on objective and verifiable information. <i>[Please describe the 'budgeted or estimated elements' and their relevance to personnel costs, and explain how they were reasonable and based on objective and verifiable information, present your explanation to the Auditor and annex it to this certificate].</i></p> <p>X. Personnel costs claimed do not contain any of the following ineligible costs: costs related to return on capital; debt and debt service charges; provisions for future losses or debts; interest owed; doubtful debts; currency exchange losses; bank costs charged by the Beneficiary's bank for transfers from the Commission/Agency; excessive or reckless expenditure; deductible VAT or costs incurred during suspension of the implementation of the action.</p> <p>XI. Personnel costs were not declared under another EU or Euratom grant (including grants awarded by a Member State and financed by the EU budget and grants awarded by bodies other than the Commission/Agency for the purpose of implementing the EU budget).</p> <p><u>If additional remuneration as referred to in the grant agreement(s) is paid</u></p> <p>XII. The Beneficiary is a non-profit legal entity;</p> <p>XIII. The additional remuneration is part of the beneficiary's usual remuneration practices and paid consistently whenever the relevant work or expertise is required;</p> <p>XIV. The criteria used to calculate the additional remuneration are objective and generally applied regardless of the source of funding;</p> | <p>✓ the Auditor reviewed all documents relating to personnel costs such as employment contracts, payslips, payroll policy (e.g. salary policy, overtime policy, variable pay policy), accounting and payroll records, applicable national tax, labour and social security law and any other documents corroborating the personnel costs claimed;</p> <p>✓ in particular, the Auditor reviewed the employment contracts of the employees in the sample to verify that:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. they were employed directly by the Beneficiary in accordance with applicable national legislation; ii. they were working under the sole technical supervision and responsibility of the latter; iii. they were remunerated in accordance with the Beneficiary's usual practices; iv. they were allocated to the correct group/category/cost centre for the purposes of calculating the unit cost in line with the Beneficiary's usual cost accounting practices; <p>✓ the Auditor verified that any ineligible items or any costs claimed under other costs categories or costs covered by other types of grant or by other grants financed from the European Union budget have not been taken into account when calculating the personnel costs;</p> <p>✓ the Auditor numerically reconciled the total amount of personnel costs used to calculate the unit cost with the total amount of personnel costs recorded in the statutory accounts and the payroll system.</p> <p>✓ to the extent that actual personnel costs were adjusted on the basis of budgeted or estimated elements, the Auditor carefully examined those elements and checked the information source to confirm that they correspond to objective and verifiable information;</p> <p>✓ if additional remuneration has been claimed, the Auditor verified that the Beneficiary was a non-profit legal entity, that the amount was capped at EUR 8000 per full-time equivalent and that it was reduced proportionately for employees not assigned exclusively to the action(s).</p> <p>✓ the Auditor recalculated the personnel costs for the employees in the sample.</p> |

| <i>Please explain any discrepancies in the body of the Report.</i> | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Statements to be made by Beneficiary | Procedures to be carried out and Findings to be confirmed by the Auditor |
| <p>XV. The additional remuneration included in the personnel costs used to calculate the hourly rates for the grant agreement(s) is capped at EUR 8 000 per full-time equivalent (reduced proportionately if the employee is not assigned exclusively to the action).</p> <p><i>[If certain statement(s) of section “C. Personnel costs” cannot be endorsed by the Beneficiary they should be listed here below and reported as exception by the Auditor in the main Report of Factual Findings: - ...]</i></p> | <p>Factual finding:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. All the components of the remuneration that have been claimed as personnel costs are supported by underlying documentation. 5. The employees in the sample were employed directly by the Beneficiary in accordance with applicable national law and were working under its sole supervision and responsibility. 6. Their employment contracts were in line with the Beneficiary’s usual policy; 7. Personnel costs were duly documented and consisted solely of salaries, social security contributions (pension contributions, health insurance, unemployment fund contributions, etc.), taxes and other statutory costs included in the remuneration (holiday pay, thirteenth month’s pay, etc.); 8. The totals used to calculate the personnel unit costs are consistent with those registered in the payroll and accounting records; 9. To the extent that actual personnel costs were adjusted on the basis of budgeted or estimated elements, those elements were relevant for calculating the personnel costs, reasonable and correspond to objective and verifiable information. The budgeted or estimated elements used are: — (indicate the elements and their values). 10. Personnel costs contained no ineligible elements; 11. Specific conditions for eligibility were fulfilled when additional remuneration was paid: a) the Beneficiary is registered in the grant agreements as a non-profit legal entity; b) it was paid according to objective criteria generally applied regardless of the source of funding used and c) remuneration was capped at EUR 8000 per full-time equivalent (or up to up to the equivalent pro-rata amount if the person did not work on the action full-time during the year or did not work exclusively on the action). |
| <p>D. Productive hours</p> <p>XVI. The number of productive hours per full-time employee applied is <i>[delete as appropriate]</i>:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. 1720 productive hours per year for a person working full-time (corresponding pro-rata for persons not working full time). | <p>Procedure (same sample basis as for Section C: Personnel costs):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ The Auditor verified that the number of productive hours applied is in accordance with method A, B or C. ✓ The Auditor checked that the number of productive hours per full-time employee is |

| <i>Please explain any discrepancies in the body of the Report.</i> | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Statements to be made by Beneficiary | Procedures to be carried out and Findings to be confirmed by the Auditor |
| <p>B. the total number of hours worked in the year by a person for the Beneficiary</p> <p>C. the standard number of annual hours generally applied by the beneficiary for its personnel in accordance with its usual cost accounting practices. This number must be at least 90% of the standard annual workable hours.</p> <p><u>If method B is applied</u></p> <p>XVII. The calculation of the total number of hours worked was done as follows: annual workable hours of the person according to the employment contract, applicable labour agreement or national law plus overtime worked minus absences (such as sick leave and special leave).</p> <p>XVIII. ‘Annual workable hours’ are hours during which the personnel must be working, at the employer’s disposal and carrying out his/her activity or duties under the employment contract, applicable collective labour agreement or national working time legislation.</p> <p>XIX. The contract (applicable collective labour agreement or national working time legislation) do specify the working time enabling to calculate the annual workable hours.</p> <p><u>If method C is applied</u></p> <p>XX. The standard number of productive hours per year is that of a full-time equivalent; for employees not assigned exclusively to the action(s) this number is reduced proportionately.</p> <p>XXI. The number of productive hours per year on which the hourly rate is based i) corresponds to the Beneficiary’s usual accounting practices; ii) is at least 90% of the standard number of workable (working) hours per year.</p> <p>XXII. Standard workable (working) hours are hours during which personnel are at the Beneficiary’s disposal performing the duties described in the relevant employment contract, collective labour agreement or national labour legislation. The number of standard annual workable (working) hours that the Beneficiary claims is supported by labour contracts, national legislation and other documentary evidence.</p> <p><i>[If certain statement(s) of section “D. Productive hours” cannot be endorsed by the Beneficiary they should be listed here below and reported as exception</i></p> | <p>correct and that it is reduced proportionately for employees not exclusively assigned to the action(s).</p> <p>✓ If method B is applied the Auditor verified i) the manner in which the total number of hours worked was done and ii) that the contract specified the annual workable hours by inspecting all the relevant documents, national legislation, labour agreements and contracts.</p> <p>✓ If method C is applied the Auditor reviewed the manner in which the standard number of working hours per year has been calculated by inspecting all the relevant documents, national legislation, labour agreements and contracts and verified that the number of productive hours per year used for these calculations was at least 90% of the standard number of working hours per year.</p> <p>Factual finding:</p> <p><u>General</u></p> <p>12. The Beneficiary applied a number of productive hours consistent with method A or B detailed in the left-hand column.</p> <p>13. The number of productive hours per year per full-time employee was accurate and was proportionately reduced for employees not working full-time or exclusively for the action.</p> <p><u>If method B is applied</u></p> <p>14. The number of ‘annual workable hours’, overtime and absences was verifiable based on the documents provided by the Beneficiary and the calculation of the total number of hours worked was accurate.</p> <p>15. The contract specified the working time enabling to calculate the annual workable hours.</p> <p><u>If method C is applied</u></p> <p>16. The calculation of the number of productive hours per year corresponded to the usual costs accounting practice of the Beneficiary.</p> <p>17. The calculation of the standard number of workable (working) hours per year was corroborated by the documents presented by the Beneficiary.</p> <p>18. The number of productive hours per year used for the calculation of the hourly rate was at least 90% of the number of workable</p> |

| <i>Please explain any discrepancies in the body of the Report.</i> | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Statements to be made by Beneficiary | Procedures to be carried out and Findings to be confirmed by the Auditor |
| <p><i>by the Auditor:</i> - ...]</p> | (working) hours per year. |
| <p>E. Hourly rates</p> <p>The hourly rates are correct because:</p> <p>XXIII. Hourly rates are correctly calculated since they result from dividing annual personnel costs by the productive hours of a given year and group (e.g. staff category or department or cost centre depending on the methodology applied) and they are in line with the statements made in section C. and D. above.</p> <p><i>[If the statement of section 'E. Hourly rates' cannot be endorsed by the Beneficiary they should be listed here below and reported as exception by the Auditor:</i> - ...]</p> | <p>Procedure</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ The Auditor has obtained a list of all personnel rates calculated by the Beneficiary in accordance with the methodology used. ✓ The Auditor has obtained a list of all the relevant employees, based on which the personnel rate(s) are calculated. <p>For 10 full-time equivalent employees selected at random (same sample basis as Section C: Personnel costs):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ The Auditor recalculated the hourly rates. ✓ The Auditor verified that the methodology applied corresponds to the usual accounting practices of the organisation and is applied consistently for all activities of the organisation on the basis of objective criteria irrespective of the source of funding. <p>Factual finding:</p> <p>19. No differences arose from the recalculation of the hourly rate for the employees included in the sample.</p> |
| <p>F. Time recording</p> <p>XXIV. Time recording is in place for all persons with no exclusive dedication to one Horizon 2020 action. At least all hours worked in connection with the grant agreement(s) are registered on a daily/weekly/monthly basis <i>[delete as appropriate]</i> using a paper/computer-based system <i>[delete as appropriate]</i>;</p> <p>XXV. For persons exclusively assigned to one Horizon 2020 activity the Beneficiary has either signed a declaration to that effect or has put arrangements in place to record their working time;</p> <p>XXVI. Records of time worked have been signed by the person concerned (on paper or electronically) and approved by the action</p> | <p>Procedure</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ The Auditor reviewed the brief description, all relevant manuals and/or internal guidance describing the methodology used to record time. <p>The Auditor reviewed the time records of the random sample of 10 full-time equivalents referred to under Section C: Personnel costs, and verified in particular:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ that time records were available for all persons with not exclusive assignment to the action; ✓ that time records were available for persons working exclusively for a Horizon 2020 |

⁵¹ The description of the time recording system must state among others information on the content of the time records, its coverage (full or action time-recording, for all personnel or only for personnel involved in H2020 actions), its degree of detail (whether there is a reference to the particular tasks accomplished), its form, periodicity of the time registration and authorisation (paper or a computer-based system; on a daily, weekly or monthly basis; signed and countersigned by whom), controls applied to prevent double-charging of time or ensure consistency with HR-records such as absences and travels as well as its information flow up to its use for the preparation of the Financial Statements.

| <i>Please explain any discrepancies in the body of the Report.</i> | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Statements to be made by Beneficiary | Procedures to be carried out and Findings to be confirmed by the Auditor |
| <p>manager or line manager at least monthly;</p> <p>XXVII. Measures are in place to prevent staff from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. recording the same hours twice, ii. recording working hours during absence periods (e.g. holidays, sick leave), iii. recording more than the number of productive hours per year used to calculate the hourly rates, and iv. recording hours worked outside the action period. <p>XXVIII. No working time was recorded outside the action period;</p> <p>XXIX. No more hours were claimed than the productive hours used to calculate the hourly personnel rates.</p> <p><i>[Please provide a brief description of the <u>time recording system</u> in place together with the measures applied to ensure its reliability to the Auditor and annex it to the present certificate⁵¹].</i></p> <p><i>[If certain statement(s) of section “F. Time recording” cannot be endorsed by the Beneficiary they should be listed here below and reported as exception by the Auditor: ...]</i></p> | <p>action, or, alternatively, that a declaration signed by the Beneficiary was available for them certifying that they were working exclusively for a Horizon 2020 action;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ that time records were signed and approved in due time and that all minimum requirements were fulfilled; ✓ that the persons worked for the action in the periods claimed; ✓ that no more hours were claimed than the productive hours used to calculate the hourly personnel rates; ✓ that internal controls were in place to prevent that time is recorded twice, during absences for holidays or sick leave; that more hours are claimed per person per year for Horizon 2020 actions than the number of productive hours per year used to calculate the hourly rates; that working time is recorded outside the action period; ✓ the Auditor cross-checked the information with human-resources records to verify consistency and to ensure that the internal controls have been effective. In addition, the Auditor has verified that no more hours were charged to Horizon 2020 actions per person per year than the number of productive hours per year used to calculate the hourly rates, and verified that no time worked outside the action period was charged to the action. <p>Factual finding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 20. The brief description, manuals and/or internal guidance on time recording provided by the Beneficiary were consistent with management reports/records and other documents reviewed and were generally applied by the Beneficiary to produce the financial statements. 21. For the random sample time was recorded or, in the case of employees working exclusively for the action, either a signed declaration or time records were available; 22. For the random sample the time records were signed by the employee and the action manager/line manager in reasonable time. 23. Working time claimed for the action occurred in the periods claimed; 24. No more hours were claimed than the number productive hours used to calculate |

| <i>Please explain any discrepancies in the body of the Report.</i> | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Statements to be made by Beneficiary | Procedures to be carried out and Findings to be confirmed by the Auditor |
| | <p>the hourly personnel rates;</p> <p>25. There is proof that the Beneficiary has checked that working time has not been claimed twice, that it is consistent with absence records and the number of productive hours per year, and that no working time has been claimed outside the action period.</p> <p>26. Working time claimed is consistent with that on record at the human-resources department.</p> |

[official name of the [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party]] *[official name of the Auditor]*

[name and title of authorised representative] *[name and title of authorised representative]*
[dd Month yyyy] *[dd Month yyyy]*

<Signature of the [Beneficiary] [Linked Third Party]> *<Signature of the Auditor>*